ZEF004780908

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**Toshiba Corporation** 

**Unified Controller** 

**nv** Series

ABSOCODER CONVERTER for TC-net I/O

# AB934N Specifications and Instruction Manual

Applicable sensor

CYLNUC cylinder VLS-12.8PRA28 VLS-12.8MHP28 IRS-51.2P

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## INTRODUCTION

Thank you very much for purchasing our product.

Before operating this product, be sure to carefully read this manual so that you may fully understand the product, safety instructions and precautions.

- Please submit this manual to the operators actually involved in operation.
- Please keep this manual in a handy place.

## **RELATED MANUALS**

AB934N is a module intended to be used with TC-net I/O.

You should read the following manuals related to the Toshiba Corporation Unified Controller nv Series together with this manual.

- Controller Unit Instruction Manual (6F8C1220)
- Functional Manual (6F8C1221)
- High-speed Serial I/O System TC-net I/O Instruction Manual (6F8C1240)

## COPYRIGHT

The Unified Controller nv Series is a registered trademark of Toshiba Corporation. Other companies' and products' names are the trademark or registered trademark of each company.

## **GENERAL SAFETY RULES**

#### Application Limitation

This product is not designed to be used under any situation affecting human life. When you are considering using this product for special purposes such as medical equipment, aerospace equipment, nuclear power control systems, traffic systems, and etc., please consult with NSD.

This product is designed to be used under the industrial environments categorized in Class A device. The supplier and user may be required to take appropriate measures.

### Signal Words

Safety precautions in this guide are classified into DANGER and CAUTION.

	Symbol	Meaning
$\mathbf{N}$	DANGER	Incorrect handling may cause a hazardous situation that will result in death or serious injury.
$\bigwedge$	CAUTION	Incorrect handling may cause a hazardous situation that will result in moderate injury or physical damage.

Instructions accompanied by a symbol CAUTION follow the all instructions accompanied by the symbol.

may also result in serious damage or injury. Be sure to

#### • Graphic Symbols

Symbol	Meaning
$\bigcirc$	Indicates prohibited items.
<b>0</b>	Indicates items that must be performed to.

### 1. Handling Precautions

$\bigcirc$	<ul> <li>Do not touch components inside of the module; otherwise, it will cause electric shock.</li> <li>Do not damage the cable by applying excessive load, placing heavy objects on it, or clamping; otherwise, it will cause electric shock or fire.</li> </ul>
0	<ul> <li>Turn the power supply OFF before wiring, transporting, and inspecting the modules; otherwise, it may cause electric shock.</li> <li>Provide an external safety circuit so that the entire system functions safely even when the module is faulty.</li> <li>Connect the grounding terminal of the module; otherwise, it may cause electric shock or malfunction.</li> </ul>

$\bigcirc$	<ul> <li>Do not use the module in the following places; water splashes, the atmosphere of the corrosion, the atmosphere of the flammable vapor, and the side of the combustibility.</li> <li>Doing so may result in fire or the module may become faulty.</li> </ul>
0	<ul> <li>Be sure to use the module and the ABSOCODER sensor in the environment designated by the general specifications in the manual. Failure to do so may result in electric shock, fire, malfunction or unit failure.</li> <li>Be sure to use the specified combination of the ABSOCODER sensor, module and sensor cable; otherwise, it may cause fire or module malfunction.</li> </ul>

### 2. Storage

$\bigcirc$	- Do not store the module in a place exposed to water, or toxic gas and liquid.
0	<ul> <li>Be sure to store the module in designed temperature and humidity range, and do not exposed to direct sunlight.</li> <li>Be sure to consult with NSD when any module is stored for long periods.</li> </ul>

### 3. Transport



#### 4. Installation

	<b>CAUTION</b>	
(	- Do not step on the ABSOCODER sensor or place heavy objects on the module; otherwise, it will cause injury	
$\bigcirc$	or mailuncion. - Do not block the exhaust port or allow any foreign matter to enter the module : otherwise, it will cause fire or	
	module failure.	
	- Be sure to secure the module and the ABSOCODER sensor with the provided brackets; otherwise, it may	
	cause malfunction, injury, or drop.	
	- Be sure to secure the specified distance between the module and the control cabinet or other equipments;	
	otherwise, it may cause malfunction.	

### 5. Wiring

	<u>Z!</u> DANGER
- Be	e sure to secure the terminal block firmly; otherwise, it will cause fire.
- Be	The sure to mount the terminal cover provided with the module, before supplying the power, starting
op	operation after the installation, and wiring; otherwise, it may cause electric shock.

CAUTION
<ul> <li>Be sure to keep the sensor cable, control cable, and communication cable at least 300 mm away from the main circuit and power line; otherwise it may cause injury or malfunction.</li> <li>Be sure to connect all cables correctly; otherwise, it may cause injury or malfunction.</li> <li>Be sure to firmly connect the external I/O connectors and sensor connectors; otherwise, it may cause incorrect inputs and outputs or injury.</li> </ul>

### 6. Operation

$\bigcirc$	<ul> <li>Do not change the module's function switch settings during the operation; otherwise, it will cause injury.</li> <li>Do not approach the machine after instantaneous power failure has been recovered.</li> <li>Doing so may result in injury if the machine starts abruptly</li> </ul>
0	<ul> <li>Be sure to check that the power supply specifications are correct; otherwise, it may cause module failure.</li> <li>Be sure to provide an external emergency stop circuit so that operation can be stopped with power supply terminated immediately.</li> <li>Be sure to conduct independent trial runs for the module before mounting an ABSOCODER sensor to the machine; otherwise, it may cause injury.</li> <li>When an error occurs, be sure to eliminate the cause, ensure safety, and reset the error before restarting operation; otherwise, it may cause injury.</li> </ul>

### 7. Maintenance and Inspection

$\bigcirc$	- Do not disassemble, remodel, or repair the unit; otherwise, it will cause electric shock, fire, and unit malfunction.
9	- The capacitor of the power line deteriorates through prolonged use. We recommended that the capacitor be replaced every five years to prevent secondary damage.

### 8. Disposal





- Be sure to handle the module or the ABSOCODER sensor as industrial waste while disposing of it.

## **REVISION HISTORY**

The Document No. appears at the upper right of this manual's cover page.

Document No.	Date	Revision Description
ZEF004780900	3, Nov., 2009	1st Edition
		Japanese document: ZEF004780500
ZEF004780901	8, Jan., 2010	2nd Edition
		Japanese document: ZEF004780501
ZEF004780902	29, Jan., 2010	3rd Edition
		Japanese document: ZEF004780501
ZEF004780903	27, Jul., 2010	4th Edition
		Japanese document: ZEF004780502
ZEF004780904	12, May., 2011	5th Edition
		Japanese document: ZEF004780503
ZEF004780905	5, Oct., 2011	6th Edition
		Japanese document: ZEF004780504
ZEF004780906	5, Jun., 2013	7th Edition
		Japanese document: ZEF004780505
ZEF004780907	2, Feb., 2015	8th Edition
		Japanese document: ZEF004780506
ZEF004780908	16, Feb., 2016	9th Edition
		Japanese document: ZEF004780507

### 1. OVERVIEW

### 1-1. Overview

The AB934N module is an ABSOCODER converter for the TC-net I/O System of the Toshiba Corporation Unified Controller nv Series. Combine the module with a linear type ABSOCODER sensor (CYLNUC cylinder, VLS-12.8, IRS-51.2P) to have the detected position data converted into binary codes.

### 1-2. Features

The AB934N module has the following features:

#### (1) ABSOCODER sensors can be connected to two axes

One module can perform position detection for two axes. This contributes to space saving inside the control cabinet.

#### (2) 200 $\mu$ s high-speed response

Position detection will be run every 200 µ s regardless of the PLC scan time and the TC-net I/O updating timing.

#### (3) Origin setting function

Any required machine position can be registered as the origin, by using the "Origin setting" switch on the panel or with an external-input origin setting signal.

#### (4) Error detection function

When an error occurs, the monitor LED on the module panel will indicate error information. In addition, status data input is provided so that error information can be retrieved into the host controller.

#### (5) Applicable with JKPEV-S cable

A commercially available cable (JKPEV-S 1.25mm<sup>2</sup> x 5P) can be used between the module and ABSOCODER sensor.

#### (6) Compliance with CE standards

The AB934N module complies with CE (EMC Directive) standards.

#### (7) Compliance with KC mark (Korea Certification Mark)

The AB934N module complies with KC mark. (It is only certified under the Radio Waves Act of South Korea.) KC mark is the same directives as CE marking. For more details, refer to "APPENDIX 1. CE MARKING".

### 1-3. Terminology

#### (1) ABSOCODER

"ABSOCODER" is a generic name referring to the type of sensing device that detects rotational and linear displacement as well as speed and acceleration in an absolute format and outputs them digitally (or analogously). "ABSOCODER" comprises a detection unit that converts displacement into a variation in magnetic resistance and a conversion unit that inputs an alternating-current energization signal into the detection unit and then issues an absolute-format data according to the output signal returned from the detection unit. ABSOCODER sensors can be divided into two types, the rotary type that detects rotational position and the linear type that detects linear position. The module has a built-in conversion unit so as to be able to use an ABSOCODER sensor.

#### (2) Position Data "Increase Direction

The position data increases or decreases according to the ABSOCODER sensor's rod travel direction. Use the "Position Data Increase Direction" parameter switch on the back of the module to change the direction in which the position data value increases.

- CW: The position data value will increase when a rod (or a scale in the case of IRS-51.2P) travels in the CW direction.
- CCW: The position data value will increase when a rod (or a scale in the case of IRS-51.2P) travels in the CCW direction.



#### (3) Semi-absolute format

The AB934N module detects the machine position in a semi-absolute format.

In the semi-absolute format, "standard pitch" of the sensor rod is detected in absolute value.

(Absolute detection range)

Furthermore, the pitch is counted by the software.



The absolute detection range of each sensor is following:

- CYLNUC Cylinder, rod sensor (VLS-12.8) Standard pitch: 12.8mm
- CYLNUC Mark II Cylinder, in-rod sensor (IRS-51.2P) Standard pitch: 51.2mm

#### (4) Position data

**"Position data"** refers to a value which indicates where within the detection range the machine is currently located. The position data is expressed as a 24-bit binary code.



## 2. SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

### 2-1. System Configuration

The following chart shows the system configuration of the Toshiba Corporation Unified Controller nv Series with a AB934N module installed.

To use any other type of system configuration, contact NSD Corporation.

For details about TC-net I/O, refer to the High-speed Serial I/O System TC-net I/O Instruction Manual (Toshiba Corporation).





\*1: SA911 can be replaced with SA912. For more details, contact your NSD representative.

### 

Use the general I/O base unit BU902 for the AB934N module. Do not use any other types of base units.

### 2-2. Connection Configuration

The following figure indicates connecttion configuration of the AB934N module.

#### Connection configuration



\*1: The 24VDC power supply on the input terminal block is intended for both extremal inputs and sensors. Be sure to provide 24VDC even if no external input is used.

## 2. SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

#### Model List

No.	Items	Models	Descriptions
			Position data 24bit binary code output
Ū	ABSOCODER Converter		A Toshiba base unit BU902 is required.
			It should be separately provided by the user.
		SCM	
		SCJ	
	ABSOCODER sensor	SCMJ	
	(CYLNUC Cylinder)	SCJJ	Resolution: 1.5625 $\mu$ m
		SCHH	
		SCAH	
2		CSAH	
Ŀ		MIM	
	ABSOCODER sensor	MIJ	Built-in in-rad sensor Resolution: 6.25 um
	(CYLNUC Mark II Cylinder)	MIMJ	Building the four sensor, the solution. 0.25 $\mu$ m
		MIJJ	
		VLS-12.8PRA28	Pod sensor, resolution: 1 5625 um
	(Linear type)	VLS-12.8MHP28	$1.003 \text{ sensor, resolution. } 1.0023 \mu\text{m}$
		IRS-51.2P	In-rod sensor, resolution: $6.25 \mu$ m
		4P-S-9044-[L]	Standard cable, standard connector
		4P-RBT-9044-[L]	Robotic cable, standard connector
		4P-URT-9044-[L]	Semi-heat-resistant robotic cable, standard connector
		4P-S-4344-[L]	Standard cable, standard connector
		4P-RBT-4344-[L]	Robotic cable, standard connector
		4P-URT-4344-[L]	Semi-heat-resistant robotic cable, standard connector
		4P-HRT-4344-[L]	Heat-resistant robotic cable, standard connector
		4P-S-9040-[L]	Standard cable, standard connector
		4P-RBT-9040-[L]	Robotic cable, standard connector
		4P-URT-9040-[L]	Semi-heat-resistant robotic cable, standard connector
		4P-S-4340-[L]	Standard cable, standard connector
		4P-RBT-4340-[L]	Robotic cable, standard connector
		4P-URT-4340-[L]	Semi-heat-resistant robotic cable, standard connector
3	Extension sensor cable	4P-HRT-4340-[L]	Heat-resistant robotic cable, standard connector
9			For JKPEV-S cable
		4P-S-9055-[L]	Standard cable, large connector
			For JKPEV-S cable
		4P-RB1-9000-[L]	Robotic cable, large connector
			For JKPEV-S cable
		4F-UR1-9000-[L]	Semi-heat-resistant robotic cable, large connector
			For JKPEV-S cable
		4F-3-9090-[L]	Standard cable, crimping terminal
			For JKPEV-S cable
		4P-1\D1-9090-[L]	Robotic cable, crimping terminal
			For JKPEV-S cable
			Semi-heat-resistant robotic cable, crimping terminal
		JKPEV-S	Commercially available cable
		(1.25mm <sup>2</sup> ×5P)	

### 2-3. Internal Block Diagram

Shown below is the internal block diagram of an AB934N module.



Figure 2.2 Internal block diagram

## - MEMO -

## **3. INSTALLATION CONDITIONS and PRECAUTIONS**

Installation procedures and precautions for AB934N modules and ABSOCODER sensors are described.

For details about base unit installation, TC-net I/O bus cable connection and the startup and shutdown procedures, refer to the High-speed Serial I/O System TC-net I/O Instruction Manual (Toshiba Corporation).

### 3-1. AB934N Module Installation Conditions and Precautions

When installing AB934N modules, the following conditions and precautions should be observed.

#### Installation site

- (1) Avoid sites where the unit is exposed to direct sunlight.
- (2) The ambient temperature should never exceed a 0 to 55°C range.
- (3) The ambient humidity should never exceed a 10 to 95% RH range.
- (4) Do not install the unit in areas where condensation is likely to occur (high humidity with extreme temperature changes).
- (5) Avoid sites where dust is excessive.
- (6) Do not install in areas with an excessive amount of salt and/or metal chips.
- (7) Do not install in areas where flammable and/or corrosive gases are present.
- (8) Avoid areas where splashing water, oil or chemicals are likely to occur.
- (9) Avoid areas where vibration and shocks are excessive.

#### Installation cautions

- (1) Avoid dropping or making a major impact on the AB934N module.
- (2) Do not remove the AB934N module's printed circuit board from the case.
- (3) During cable connection, be careful not to allow cable debris or any other foreign objects to get inside the AB934N module.
- (4) Install inside the control cabinet.
- (5) In order to improve noise resistance, install as far away as possible from high-voltage and power cables.

### 3-2. Installing the AB934N Module

This section explains about the installation of an AB934N module to the base unit (BU902).

#### Installation

- (1) Hook the module to the slot on the bottom of the AB934N module in the lower part of the base unit, and rotate it to fit the connector.
- (2) Secure it to the base unit with the fixing screw on the top of the AB934N module.



### **3. INSTALLATION CONDITIONS and PRECAUTIONS**

### 3-3. ABSOCODER Sensor Installation Conditions and Precautions

The installation conditions and precautions for ABSOCODER sensor are described in this section.

- (1) Do not apply excessive forces to the cable terminal area, and avoid damaging the cable.
- (2) The part of a machine mounted the sensor rod must travel in the same direction as the sensor rod extends and contracts.

(3) When the cable port is exposed, a shielding plate should be

installed as shown in the right figure.

Image: Second secon



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Contact your NSD representative for details of the installation conditions and precautions for ABSOCODER sensor.

### 3-4. Replacing the AB934N Module

This section provides precautions when replacing an AB934N module.

(1) AB934N modules can be replaced while the system is energized or not energized.

When replacing them while the system is energized, set the maintenance switch to the up (MAINT) position for the AB934N module.

When the maintenance switch is set to MAINT, the AB934N module stops communication. It is just like removing the AB934N module in terms of the signal. Therefore, major failure occurs in the AB934N module.

- (2) If the module parameter is set for "I/O node fallback is not operated", the controller will shut down as soon as the AB934N module's maintenance switch is set to the upper position ("MAINT"). To avoid this, set the parameter for "I/O node fallback is operated".
- (3) Loosen the fixing screw on the top of the AB934N module, and rotate the module downward to pull it off.
- (4) Upon replacement, note the following.
  - Make sure that the replaced AB934N module is the same model.
  - Make sure to use the same setting for the hexadecimal rotary switch (SLT ADR) and parameter switches on the back of the module as before replacement.
  - After installing the AB934N module, set the maintenance switch to the down (RUN) position.
- (5) Make sure to carry out origin setting after replacing the AB934N module. Refer to 5-5 about the origin setting.

### 

Do not install a non-AB934N module to a base unit set up for AB934N. Do not install an AB934N module to a base unit set up for a non-AB934N module. The module and/or the sensors may become damaged or fail.

### 

Before touching the AB934N module or inserting or removing the transmission cable, wear a wrist strap and white cotton gloves. Ground the wrist strap to remove static electricity. Otherwise, it may cause damage or failure of the module.

### 

When placing the AB934N module during replacement, use a conductive mat.

Ground the conductive mat.

Otherwise, it may cause damage or failure of the AB934N module.

### 

When setting the maintenance switch to MAINT, specify "Fallback is operated" to prevent the controller from going down.

When the maintenance switch is set to MAINT, the AB934N module communication stops and major failure occurs.

The controller goes down if no fallback is specified.

## **4. EXTERNAL WIRING**

The power supply, ABSOCODER sensors and the external input signals should be connected to the base unit (BU902). Shown below is the BU902 terminal block configuration.

Terminal No.	Signal Names	Wire Color *1		Descriptions							
1	SIN+	Brown									
2	SIN-	Red									
3	-COS+	Orange									
4	-COS-	Yellow									
5	OUT1+	Green	AXIS 1	Connect the Axis 1 ABSOCODER sensor.							
6	OUT1-	Blue	sensorsignal								
7	—	Violet									
8	_	Gray									
9	Shield	Shield									
10											
11											
12											
13											
14	N	С		Do not connect anything.							
15											
16											
17											
18	<u></u>										
19	SIN+	Brown									
20	SIN-	Red									
21	-cos+	Orange									
22		rellow	Axis 2	Connect the Avia 2 ADSOCODED concer							
23		Blue	sensor signal	CONNECTINE AXIS 2 ABSOCODER SENSOL							
24	0011-	Violet									
25		Grav									
20	Shield	Shield									
28	Onicid	Onicid									
29											
30	N	С		Do not connect anything.							
31											
00	E			This signal is used for error cancelling.							
32	Error	cancel		Error status will be cancelled when the signal input comes on.							
22		nin ootting	Innut signal	This signal is used for origin setting.							
	AXIS I OII	Jinseuing	input signal	Axis 1 position data value will be set to "0" when the signal input comes on.							
34	Axis 2 ori	gin setting		This signal is used for origin setting. Axis 2 position data value will be set to "0" when the signal input comes on							
35	P	24	Power								
36	Z	24	supply	Connect the power for external inputs and the sensors.							

\*1: A wire color indicates the color of the NSD extension sensor cable.

### ▲ NOTES

The power supply (P24, Z24) is intended for both external inputs and the sensors. Be sure to provide 24VDC even if no input signal is used.

**NOTES** Observe the tightening torque.

If it is too loose, it may come off. If the tightening torque is out of specified range, it may be broken off. M3.5 screw : 0.8 to 1.2 N·m

### 4. EXTERNAL WIRING

### 4-1. ABSOCODER Sensor Connection

This section explains about ABSOCODER sensor connection.

### 4-1-1. Sensor Cable Wiring Precautions

#### Sensor cable length

The length of the extendable cable has a limitation depending on the models of ABSOCODER sensor and sensor cable. For more details, refer to "8-2. ABSOCODER Sensor Specifications ".

#### •Wiring precautions

(1) The sensor cable should be clamped as shown in the right figure to prevent excessive tension from being applied to the cable connectors.



(2) The sensor cable should be located at least 300mm away from power lines and other lines which generate a high level of electrical noise.



 If the cable is moved under the state of bending like a horseshoe, a robotic cable should be used.
 The bend radius should never be less than 75 mm.



### 4-1-2. Connection Configure Example of the Sensor Cable

Indicates the connection configure example when using the NSD special cable and commercially available cable.





### 4. EXTERNAL WIRING

In the case of using the commercially available cable (JKPEV-S 1.25mm<sup>2</sup> × 5P) and connecting with crimping terminals



Shown in [] are Axis 2 terminal numbers.

#### Cautions for the connection by the crimping terminal

- 1: The wire No. of JKPEV-S cable is printed on the surface of the white wire.
- 2: Unused wires of JKPEV-S cable should be severed at both ends.
- 3: Twist the signal wire for preventing noises.
  - Combinations of the twist is following:

SIN+ and SIN-, -COS+ and -COS-, OUT1+ and OUT1-

4: The shield wire shouldn't be grounded.

\*Note 1: It is also possible to connect a JKPEV-S cable directly to the base unit BU902 in place of this cable.

In the case of using the commercially available cable (JKPEV-S 1.25mm<sup>2</sup> × 5P) and connecting with a connector



Shown in [] are Axis 2 terminal numbers.

#### Cautions for the connection by the connector

- 1: The wire No. of JKPEV-S cable is printed on the surface of the white wire.
- 2: Unused wires of JKPEV-S cable should be severed at both ends.
- 3: The shield wire shouldn't be grounded.

### 4-2. Input Signal Wiring

For input signal wiring, make sure to use a cable sized in the range of 0.75 to 2 mm<sup>2</sup>.

### 4-3. Power Supply Connection

Describes about the power supply connection.

- (1) The power supply should be isolated from the commercial power supply.
- (2) Choose the power supply capacity which is more than twice the power consumption.
- (3) Avoid sharing the power supply with a magnet, solenoid or any other type of device that can potentially cause electrical noise.
- (4) Twist the power cable for preventing noises.
- (5) The power cable should be as thick as possible to minimize voltage drops.

## **5. FUNCTION**

### 5-1. Function List

As shown in table 5.1, the AB934N module functions.

Items	Descriptions
Position data detection function	The machine position will be detected using the ABSOCODER sensor.
Origin setting function	The position data value will be corrected to "0" upon any of the following actions: - Turning the external-input "origin setting" signal ON. - Pressing the "Origin setting" switch on the panel. - Operating the control program to set the "origin setting command" output bit (OS) to "1".

Table 5.1 Function List

### 5-2. Operation Sequence



### 5-3. NOMENCLATURE

This section explains about the AB934N module component names and functions.

### 5-3-1. Component Names



### 5-3-2. Module State Display LED

Shown below is the list of LEDs provided on the AB934N module panel and the description of what each LED indicates. Refer to 7-1 for the details of the errors indicated.

	LED name		Description
	Normal	ON	: Module is normal or in maintenance (maintenance switch in the upper position)
RUN	noimai	Blinking	: Waiting for setting
ALM	Alarm	ON	:Transmission error or in maintenance (maintenance switch in the upper position)
		ON	: Axis 1 sensor disiconnected error
	Avia 1 arror	Slow blinking	: Sensor power supply error
ERI	AXIS T EITOI	Fast blinking	: Axis 1 position data error or origin unset
		OFF	: Axis 1 normal
		ON	: Axis 2 sensor disiconnected error
ED2	Axis 2 error	Slow blinking	: Sensor power supply error
ERZ		Fast blinking	:Axis 2 position data error or origin unset
		OFF	: Axis 2 normal
	Avia 1 origin potting		: During Axis 1 origin setting
OSA1	Axis Tongin Setting	ON	(The LED will remain on while the external input signal, the switch on the panel or
	answendack		the output bit is ON.)
	Avia 2 origin potting		: During Axis 2 origin setting
OSA2	Axis 2 Origin Setting	ON	(The LED will remain on while the external input signal, the switch on the panel or
	answerback		the output bit is ON.)

#### REMARKS

If ER1, ER2, OSA1 and OSA2 come ON all at the same time, it indicates that a CPU watch dog timer error has occurred.

### 5-3-3. Function Switch

This section explains about the function switches on the AB934N module panel.

:	Switch Name	Description
CLR	Error cancel	Pressing this switch will cancel the current AB934N module error.
OS1	Axis 1 origin setting	Pressing this switch will set the Axis 1 position data value to "0".
OS2	Axis 2 origin setting	Pressing this switch will set the Axis 2 position data value to "0".

Refer to 5-5 for origin setting timing.

### 5-3-4. Maintenance Switch (MAINT)

This switch is used only when the module is inserted or removed online.

Insertion or removal is performed when the switch is set to the up (MAINT) position to separate the module from the system.

When insertion is complete, the switch is returned to the down (RUN) position for normal operation.

Attempting to insert or remove the module in the online status with the maintenance switch in the RUN position may result in erroneous data detection.

To avoid wrong operation, use a precision screwdriver to operate the maintenance switch that is behind the front panel.

### 5-3-5. Slot Address Setting Switch (SLT ADR)

A slot address for each I/O module is set to a different value. Up to 16 units of I/O module can be connected to the same TC-net I/O bus using setting values from 0 to F.

The values of the slot address setting switches of the I/O module connected to the same TC-net I/O bus must be set to different values. If the same setting value is used, it will not function normally.

### 5-3-6. Parameter Switch (back of the panel)

This section explains about AB934N module parameter switches

SW No.	Parameter Name	Switch setting	Description							
1	Axis 1 disabled	ON : Disabled OFF : Enabled	When this switch is set to the ON position, error will not occur even i Axis 1 sensor is not connected. *1							
2	Axis 1 position data increase direction	ON : CCW direction OFF : CW direction	Specify the direction in which the Axis 1 position data should increase.							
3	Reserved	Fixed at OFF	Keep this switch in the OFF position. Correct operation cannot be quaranteed if this switch is set to the ON position.							
4	Reserved	Fixed at OFF	Keep this switch in the OFF position. Correct operation cannot be guaranteed if this switch is set to the ON position.							
5	Axis 2 disabled	ON : Disabled OFF : Enabled	When this switch is set to the ON position, error will not occur even if Axis 2 sensor is not connected. *1							
6	Axis 2 position data increase direction	ON : CCW direction OFF : CW direction	Specify the direction in which the Axis 2 position data should increase.							
7	Reserved	Fixed at OFF	Keep this switch in the OFF position. Correct operation cannot be guaranteed if this switch is set to the ON position.							
8	Reserved	Fixed at OFF	Keep this switch in the OFF position. Correct operation cannot be guaranteed if this switch is set to the ON position.							

\*1: When "Axis Disabled" (SW1, 5) is "ON: Disabled", both the position and the status inputs of the correspondent axis will be "0".

#### Factory setting

In the factory setting, all the switches are prepared in the OFF position.

#### Position data increase direction setting (Switches No. 2 and No. 6)

The position data increases or decreases according to the ABSOCODER sensor's rod travel direction.



### 5-4. Input and Output Data

### 5-4-1. I/O Word List

Each of the input data and output data into the AB934N module are separately assigned to one of the I/O word numbers listed below.

I/O word No.	Input data (AB934N to PLC)	I/O word No.	Output data (PLC to AB934N)
0	Axis 1 position data lower	0	Reserved
1	Axis 1 position data higher, status	1	Axis 1 command
2	Axis 2 position data lower	2	Reserved
3	Axis 2 position data higher, status	3	Axis 2 command

#### REMARKS

When "Axis Disabled" (SW1, 5) of the parameter switch is "ON: Disabled", both the position and the status inputs of the correspondent axis will be "0".

### 5-4-2. Input Data

The absolute position data (0 to 8191: 8192 divisions) and the number of pitches detected by the ABSOCODER sensor will be stored in the 24-bit binary code format. Error data will be stored in "Status".

#### Axis 1 data

I/O word No.	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
	( No	No. of pitches // Absolute detection pitch													J	
								Positic	n data							

I/O word No.	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	/ER	PF	SE	DE	RDY	OSR	0	BOS	D23	D22	D21	D20	D19	D18	D17	D16
				Sta	atus		No. of pitches								J	
												Positio	on data			

Axis 2 data

I/O word No.	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
2	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
	( No	No. of pitches Absolute detection pitch													J	
	Position data															

I/O word No.	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
3	/ER	PF	SE	DE	RDY	OSR	0	BOS	D23	D22	D21	D20	D19	D18	D17	D16
	ر			Sta	atus			J				No. of	pitches			J
												Positic	on data			

### 

When an error is present, the position data will become unstable. Before retrieving a position data, check that the RDY signal input is "1: Normal".

#### Status

The "Status" bits store error information, Refer to 7-1 for the details of the errors indicated.

Bit	Signal Name (Status Name)	Indication	Description			
0	BOS	1: Unset	The origin is unset.			
0	Origin unset	0: Set	*1			
9	Reserved	0: Fixed				
10	OSR	1: Origin setting possible	Origin potting can be performed			
10	Origin setting possible	0: Origin setting impossible	Origin setting can be penormed.			
11	RDY	1: Normal	The position data is normal.			
11	Position data normal	0: Error	*2			
12	DE	1: Error	Position data error has been caused by noise,			
12	Position data error	0: Normal	impact etc.			
12	SE	1: Error	Sensor cable is not connected			
15	Sensor disconnected error	0: Normal	Serisor cable is not connected.			
14	PF	1 : Error	Sonsor power has orrer			
14	Sensor power supply error	0 : Normal	Sensor power nas error.			
15	/ER	1: Normal	Error "DE" "SE" or "DE" has appured			
10	Error	0: Error				

\*1: The origin will be unset in any of the following situations:

- Immediately after power-on
- When the maintenance switch has been switched from "MAINT" to "RUN"
- When an error is present
- \*2: When the origin is unset, the RDY bit will store "0" (Error).

Errors other than "Origin Unset" can be cancelled by one of the following actions:

- Pressing the function switch "CLR" on the module panel.
- Turning the external-input error cancelling signal ON.
- Setting the RES command output to "1".

To resolve an "Origin Unset" error, move the machine to the desired origin position (0 position) and set the origin by one of the following methods.

- Pressing the function switch "OS1" or "OS2" on the module panel.
- Turning the external-input origin setting signal ON.
- Setting the OS command output to "1".

### 5-4-3. Output Data

#### Axis 1 data

I/O word No.	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

I/O word No.	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	OS1	RES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Axis 1 command															

#### Axis 2 data

I/O word No.	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

I/O word No.	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
3	OS2	RES	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
			Axis2α	omman	b		J									

#### Command

Commands can be used for origin setting or error cancelling.

Bit	Signal Name (Command Name)	Indication	Description
8 to 13	Reserved	0: Fixed	
			Resolve the error cause and set this bit to "1" to change the "Status"
1/	RES	1: Enabled	error indicator (DE, SE or PF) to "Normal" (level detection).
14	Error cancel	0: Disabled	The error for both axes will be cancelled when Bit 14 (RES
			command) of either a Axis 1 or Axis 2 is set to "1:Enabled".
	OS (OS1, OS2)	1. Enabled	The position data value will change to "0" when this bit is set to "1"
15	Origin setting		(level detection).
	command	U. DISADIEU	The position data value will not change from "0" while this bit is "1".

#### 

- Origin setting attempts will not be accepted when error remains unresolved (/ER=0).

- To have RDY return to Normal, origin setting needs to be performed after resolving the error cause.

### 5-5. Origin Setting Operation

Completing the origin setting operation will change the position data value to "0".

In the following situations, the origin will be unset and therefore origin setting needs to be performed.

- Immediately after power-on
- When the maintenance switch has been switched from "MAINT" to "RUN"
- When an error is present

The Origin Unset (BOS) bit will change to "0" upon origin setting completion.

To set the origin, move the machine to the desired origin position ("0" position) and perform any of the following:

- Press the function switch "OS1" or "OS2" on the module panel.
- Turn the external-input origin setting signal ON.
- Set the OS command output to "1".

Turning the origin setting signal ON (or setting the OS command to "1") will cause the position data to change to "0". The position data will not change from "0" while the signal is ON.

Refer to the following steps when generating a control program:

- (1) Move the machine to the desired origin position.
- (2) Check that the OSR input is "1" and then set the OS command output to "1".
- (3) Check that the position data value is "0" and then set the OS command back to "0".

### 

Origin setting can also be carried out by performing any of the following actions with the origin setting signal ON.

- Turning the power-on.

- Switching the maintenance switch from "MAINT" to "RUN".

However, origin setting attempts will not be accepted when error remains unresolved (/ER=0).

#### Timing chart

The chart below indicates the origin setting timing:



### 5-6. Error Cancelling Operation

Errors other than "Origin Unset" can be cancelled by performing one of the following actions after resolving the error cause:

- Pressing the function switch "CLR" on the module panel.
- Turning the external-input error cancelling signal ON.
- Setting the RES command output to "1".

The response time is approximately 1ms when cancelling the error.

To cancel an "Origin Unset" error, refer to 5-5.

## **6. INSPECTIONS**

The inspection should be conducted once every 6 months to a year. Any inspected items which do not satisfy the criteria shown below should be repaired.

Inspection item	Inspection description	Criteria	Remark
Power supply	Measure the voltage fluctuation of the power supply to determine if it is within the prescribed range.	Within 20.4 to 26.4VDC	Tester
Ambient Conditions	Check the ambient temperature.	ABSOCODER sensor Refer to "ABSOCODER specification". Converter: 0 to +55°C	Thermometer
	There should be no accumulation of dust.	None	
	Verify that the sensor is securely mounted.	There should be no looseness.	
	Verify that the sensor rod is securely coupled to the machine shaft.	There should be no looseness.	
	Check for severed cables.	Cable should appear normal.	
Mount	Is sensor cable connector securely connected?	There should be no looseness.	Visual Inspection
Conduidons	Are sensor cable connection terminal screws tightly fastened?	There should be no looseness.	
	Are BU902 terminal screws tightly fastened?	There should be no looseness. Tightening torque M3.5 screw : 0.8 to 1.2 N·m	

## 7. TROUBLESHOOTING

Error causes and countermeasures are described below.

### 7-1. Error List

When an error has occurred related to the AB934N module or the ABSOCODER sensor, the module state display LED "ER1" or "ER2" will come on (or blink) and the input data states will change. Refer to the following list to resolve the error.

	Status (input c	lata)	Module state		Detection	
Bit	Signal Name	Indication	display LED	Probable cause	timing	Error cancel procedure
8	BOS Origin unset	1: Unset 0: Set	Fast blinking	The Origin Unset error occurs every time after power is turned on. Maintenance switch has been switched from "MAINT" to "RUN"	After power-on Upon error occurrence	Complete origin setting
9	Reserved	0: Fixed				
12	DE Position data error	1: Error 0: Normal	Fast blinking	Sensor connector is loose. Sensor cable crimp terminal is loose. ABSOCODER sensor was shocked excessively. Wiring has a noise source Sensor cable is severed.	Any time	Perform error canceling after resolving the error cause.
13	SE Sensor disconnected error	1: Error 0: Normal	ON	Sensor connector is loose. Sensor cable crimp terminal is loose. ABSOCODER sensor failure AB934N module failure	Any time	Perform error canceling after resolving the error cause. Replace the sensor. Replace AB934N.
14	PF Sensor power supply error	1: Error 0: Normal	Slow blinking	Sensor power is not on. Sensor power supply has been delayed. Sensor power has been instantaneously off. Sensor power has failed AB934N module failure	Any time	Perform error canceling after resolving the error cause. Replace the power supply. Replace AB934N.
15	/ER Error	1:Normal 0: Error	_	Error "DE", "SE" or "PF" has occurred.	Any time	Perform error canceling after resolving the error cause.
_	Watchdog timer error	_	ER1, ER2, OSA1 and OSA2 on	AB934N module failure	Any time	Replace AB934N.

### 7. TROUBLESHOOTING

### 

The origin will become unset after an error is cancelled (BOS = 1). Be sure to perform origin setting after cancelling an error.

About error cancelling and origin setting methods, refer to 5-6, "Error Cancelling Operation", and 5-5, "Origin Setting Operation".

### 

- 1. The error status will be automatically cancelled as soon as the error cause is resolved with the error cancel signal ON.
- 2. If "DE" is detected with the error cancel signal ON, the DE status will not change but "BOS" will change to "1: Unset".
- 3. When error "SE" or "PF" is present, the SE or PF status will be "1: Error" even if the error cancel signal is ON.

### 7-2. ABSOCODER Sensor Check List

### 7-2-1. VLS-12.8

#### Applicable ABSOCODER sensor models

VLS-12.8MHP28

VLS-12.8PRA28 (Consult our sales representative.)



#### Connector pin position and standard coil resistance ranges (at 25°C)

		Check	position				Standard coil resistance [ $\Omega$ ]
A1, A2	, A3, B1	В	2	В	3	Signal	
Pin No.	Wiring color	Terminal No. *1	Wiring color	Wire No. (pair)	Wiring color	names	VLS-12.8MHP28
1	Brown	1 [19]	Brown	1	White	SIN+	22 to 60
2	Red	2 [20]	Red	I	Black	SIN-	2310109
3	Orange	3 [21]	Orange	2	White	-COS+	22 to 60
4	Yellow	4 [22]	Yellow	2	Black	-COS-	2310109
5	Green	5 [23]	Green	2	White	OUT1+	61 to 97
6	Blue	6 [24]	Blue	3	Black	OUT1-	011087
7	-	7 [25]	Violet	4	White	-	
8	_	8 [26]	Gray	4	Black	-	
9	—	—	_	F	White	_	
10	—	—	_	э	Black	_	
11	Shield	9 [27]	Shield	_	Shield	Shield	
12	—	_	_	_	_	_	

\*1: These are BU902 terminal numbers. Shown in [] are Axis 2 terminal numbers.

The above standard coil resistance ranges are referential data to assist wiring disconnection diagnosis and are not product specification values. There may be no wiring disconnection even when the resistance measurement is out of the standard resistance range.

#### Continuity check

#### [Measurement method]

Measure resistance at Point A or B using a circuit tester or other appropriate device.

Have Point A connected to measure Point B.

If the connector is off, identify the line by the wiring color.

#### [Check details]

Refer to the previous page for the connector pin number.

Check position	Criterion	Check position	Criterion
Between brown and red		Between brown and orange, green, shield	
Between orange and yellow	The measured value	Between orange and green, shield	
Between green and blue	of the standard soil	Between green and shield	∞
		Between frame and each wire or shield	

\*1: If a check is done at Point B, the measurement value wil be [Standard coil resistance + extension sensor cable resistance].

Extension sensor cable resistance value

The resistance value of the NSD special cable is  $0.2\Omega/m$  (loop resistance).

The resistance value of the JKPEV-S cable is  $0.034\Omega/m$  (loop resistance).

Consider resistance variations due to temperature, which, relative to the standard temperature ( $25^{\circ}$ C), increases 0.4% when the temperature rises 1°C and decreases 0.4% when the temperature falls 1°C.

#### Insulation check

[Measurement method]

Measure using a 500 VDC megger.

#### [Check details]

Refer to the previous page for the connector pin number.

Check position	Criterion
Between brown and orange, green, shield	
Between orange and green, shield	
Between green and shield	$10M\Omega$ or more
Between frame and each wire or shield	

#### 

- 1. Make sure to disconnect the ABSOCODER sensor from the AB934N module before carrying out insulation checks.
- 2. If there is a risk that energization may cause damages to the electronic circuits in and around the machine, remove the ABSOCODER sensor from the machine.
- 3. After completing the checks, short-circuit between the pins to discharge remaining voltage before connecting the ABSOCODER sensor to the AB934N module.

### 7-2-2. IRS-51.2P (CYLNUC Mark II)

#### Applicable ABSOCODER sensor models

IRS-51.2P18 MIM, MIJ, MIMJ, MIJJ IRS-51.2P30



#### ●Connector pin position and standard coil resistance ranges (at 25°C)

		Check	position				Standard coil	resistance [Ω]
A1, A2	, A3, B1	В	2	B	3	Signal		
Pin No.	Wiring color	Terminal No. *1	Wiring color	Wire No. (pair)	Wiring color	names	IRS-51.2P18 (¢18)	IRS-51.2P30 ( <i>ф</i> 30)
1	Brown	1 [19]	Brown	1	White	SIN+	10 to 50	104 to 174
2	Red	2 [20]	Red		Black	SIN-	1910-59	10410174
3	Orange	3 [21]	Orange	0	White	-COS+	10 to 60	104 to 174
4	Yellow	4 [22]	Yellow	2	Black	-COS-	1910/09	10410174
5	Green	5 [23]	Green	2	White	OUT1+	102 to 122	221 to 271
6	Blue	6 [24]	Blue	3	Black	OUT1-	10310123	33110371
7	-	7 [25]	Violet	4	White	-		
8	_	8 [26]	Gray	4	Black	-		
9	_	-	_	F	White	-		
10	_	_	_	5	Black	_		
11	Shield	9 [27]	Shield	_	Shield	Shield		
12	_	_	_	_	_	_	]	

\*1: These are BU902 terminal numbers. Shown in [] are Axis 2 terminal numbers.

The above standard coil resistance ranges are referential data to assist wiring disconnection diagnosis and are not product specification values. There may be no wiring disconnection even when the resistance measurement is out of the standard resistance range.

#### Continuity check

#### [Measurement method]

Measure resistance at Point A or B using a circuit tester or other appropriate device.

Have Point A connected to measure Point B.

If the connector is off, identify the line by the wiring color.

#### [Check details]

Refer to the previous page for the connector pin number.

Check position	Criterion	Check position	Criterion
Between brown and red		Between brown and orange, green, shield	
Between orange and yellow	the measured value	Between orange and green, shield	
Between green and blue	of the standard coil	Stoud be in the range Between green and shield	
		Between frame and each wire or shield	

\*1: If a check is done at Point B, the measurement value will be [Standard coil resistance + extension sensor cable resistance].

Extension sensor cable resistance value

The resistance value of the NSD special cable is  $0.2\Omega/m$  (loop resistance).

The resistance value of the JKPEV-S cable is  $0.034 \Omega/m$  (loop resistance).

Consider resistance variations due to temperature, which, relative to the standard temperature ( $25^{\circ}$ C), increases 0.4% when the temperature rises 1°C and decreases 0.4% when the temperature falls 1°C.

#### Insulation check

[Measurement method]

Measure using a 500 VDC megger.

#### [Check details]

Refer to the previous page for the connector pin number.

Check position	Criterion
Between brown and orange, green, shield	
Between orange and green, shield	
Between green and shield	$10M\Omega$ or more
Between frame and each wire or shield	

#### 

- 1. Make sure to disconnect the ABSOCODER sensor from the AB934N module before carrying out insulation checks.
- 2. If there is a risk that energization may cause damages to the electronic circuits in and around the machine, remove the ABSOCODER sensor from the machine.
- 3. After completing the checks, short-circuit between the pins to discharge remaining voltage before connecting the ABSOCODER sensor to the AB934N module.

### 7-2-3. CYLNUC

#### Applicable ABSOCODER sensor models

SCM, SCJ, SCMJ, SCJJ, SCHH, SCAH, CSAH



#### ●Connector pin position and standard coil resistance ranges (at 25°C)

The standard coil resistance ranges shown below are referential data to assist wiring disconnection diagnosis and are not product specification values. There may be no wiring disconnection even when the resistance measurement is out of the standard resistance range.

Check position						Standard coil resistance [ $\Omega$ ]										
A, A1,	A2, A3, B1	В	2		B3	Signal					Rod di	ameter				
Pin No.	Wiring color	Terminal No. *1	Wiring color	Wire No. (pair)	Wiring color	names	ф 22.4	ф 28	φ 36	φ 45	φ 56	φ 63	φ 70	ф 80	ф 90	ф 100
1	Brown	1 [19]	Brown	1	White	SIN+	20 to	23 to	25 to	40 to	45 to	49 to	50 to	53 to	50 to	54 to
2	Red	2 [20]	Red		Black	SIN-	66	69	71	86	110	114	115	118	115	119
3	Orange	3[21]	Orange	2	White	-COS+	20 to	23 to	25 to	40 to	45 to	49 to	50 to	53 to	50 to	54 to
4	Yellow	4 [22]	Yellow	2	Black	-COS-	66	69	71	86	110	114	115	118	115	119
5	Green	5 [23]	Green	2	White	OUT1+	57 to	61 to	63 to	81 to	88 to	97 to	137 to	150 to	156 to	106 to
6	Blue	6 [24]	Blue	3	Black	OUT1-	83	87	89	107	128	137	177	190	196	146
7	-	7 [25]	Violet	4	White	-										
8	-	8 [26]	Gray	4	Black	-										
9	-	—	-	F	White	-										
10	-		-	Э	Black	-										
11	Shield	9 [27]	Shield	_	Shield	Shield										
12	_	_	_	-	_	_										

◆SCM, SCJ, SCMJ, SCJJ

\*1: These are BU902 terminal numbers. Shown in [] are Axis 2 terminal numbers.

#### ♦SCAH, SCHH

Check position						Standard coil resistance [ $\Omega$ ]						
A, A1, A	A2, A3, B1	В	32	B3		Signal	Cylinder bore size, shown in ( ) are rod diameter					
Pin No.	Wiring color	Terminal No. *1	Wiring color	Wire No. (pair)	Wiring color	Signal names	φ40 (φ18)	φ50 (φ20)	φ63 (φ22.4)	φ80 (φ28)	φ100 (φ36)	
1	Brown	1 [19]	Brown	4	White	SIN+	00 to 175	05 to 100	00 40 405	100 40 045	100 to 200	
2	Red	2 [20]	Red		Black	SIN-	8010175	85 to 180	90 to 185	100 to 245	100 to 290	
3	Orange	3 [21]	Orange	2	White	-COS+	90 to 175	95 to 190	00 to 195	100 to 245	100 to 200	
4	Yellow	4 [22]	Yellow	2	Black	-COS-	8010175	0010100	9010105	10010243	100 10 290	
5	Green	5 [23]	Green	2	White	OUT1+	005 to 005	045 to 075	075 to 005	200 to 240	245 to 275	
6	Blue	6 [24]	Blue	3	Black	OUT1-	235 10 205	24510275	27510305	300 to 340	31510375	
7	Ι	7 [25]	Violet	4	White	—						
8	Ι	8 [26]	Gray	4	Black	—						
9	-	—	-	_	White	—						
10	1	_		5	Black	—						
11	Shield	9 [27]	Shield	_	Shield	Shield						
12	_	_	_	_	_	_						

\*1: These are BU902 terminal numbers. Shown in [] are Axis 2 terminal numbers.

#### ♦CSAH

Check position							Standard coil resistance [ $\Omega$ ]			
A, A1, A	42, A3, B1	E	32	E	33	Cianal	Cylinder bore size, sh	own in ( ) are rod diameter		
Pin No.	Wiring color	Terminal No. *1	Wiring color	Wire No. (pair)	Wiring color	names	φ20 (φ10)	φ40 (φ14)		
1	Brown	1 [19]	Brown		White	SIN+	C1 to 100	71 1- 1 40		
2	Red	2 [20]	Red	1	Black	SIN-	6110136	7110146		
3	Orange	3 [21]	Orange	0	White	-COS+	C1 to 100	71 1- 1 40		
4	Yellow	4 [22]	Yellow	2	Black	-COS-	6110136	7110146		
5	Green	5 [23]	Green	2	White	OUT1+	105 to 015	202 to 222		
6	Blue	6 [24]	Blue	3	Black	OUT1-	18510215	203 10 233		
7	_	7 [25]	Violet	4	White	_				
8	-	8 [26]	Gray	4	Black	-				
9	-	—	-	_	White	—				
10		—	Ι	5	Black	—				
11	Shield	9 [27]	Shield	_	Shield	Shield				
12	_	_	_	_	_	_				

\*1: These are BU902 terminal numbers. Shown in [ ] are Axis 2 terminal numbers.

#### Continuity check

#### [Measurement method]

Measure resistance at Point A or B using a circuit tester or other appropriate device.

Have Point A connected to measure Point B.

If the connector is off, identify the line by the wiring color.

#### [Check details]

Refer to the previous page for the connector pin number.

Check position	Criterion	Check position	Criterion
Between brown and red		Between brown and orange, green, shield	
Between orange and yellow	the measured value	Between orange and green, shield	
Between green and blue	of the standard coil	Between green and shield	$\infty$
1031312		Between frame and each wire or shield	

\*1: If a check is done at Point B, the measurement value will be [Standard coil resistance + extension sensor cable resistance].

Extension sensor cable resistance value

The resistance value of the NSD special cable is  $0.2\Omega/m$  (loop resistance).

The resistance value of the JKPEV-S cable is  $0.034\Omega/m$  (loop resistance).

Consider resistance variations due to temperature, which, relative to the standard temperature ( $25^{\circ}$ C), increases 0.4% when the temperature rises 1°C and decreases 0.4% when the temperature falls 1°C.

#### Insulation check

[Measurement method]

Measure using a 500 VDC megger.

#### [Check details]

Refer to the previous page for the connector pin number.

Check position	Criterion
Between brown and orange, green, shield	
Between orange and green, shield	
Between green and shield	$10M\Omega$ or more
Between frame and each wire or shield	

#### 

- 1. Make sure to disconnect the ABSOCODER sensor from the AB934N module before carrying out insulation checks.
- 2. If there is a risk that energization may cause damages to the electronic circuits in and around the machine, remove the ABSOCODER sensor from the machine.
- 3. After completing the checks, short-circuit between the pins to discharge remaining voltage before connecting the ABSOCODER sensor to the AB934N module.

## - MEMO -

## 8. SPECIFICATIONS

### 8-1. AB934N Module Specifications

### 8-1-1. General Specification

Iten	ns	Specifications		
Power supply voltage	For TC-net I/O	24VDC (+10%, -15%)		
Power consumption	(supplied to SA911)	0.1A or less (at 24VDC)		
Power supply voltage	For sensors and	24VDC (+10%, -15%)		
Power consumption	external inputs (supplied to BU902)	0.2A or less (at 24VDC)		
Allowable instantaneous	s blackout time	1ms or less		
Withstand voltage		500 VAC, 60Hz for 1 minute between external DC power terminals and ground		
Vibration resistance		$5 \le f < 9 Hz$ : Half amplitude 3.1 mm $9 \le f < 150 Hz$ : Constant acceleration 9.8m/s <sup>2</sup>		
Ambient operating temp	perature	0 to +55°C (No freezing)		
Ambient operating hum	idity	10 to 95 %RH (No condensation)		
Pollution degree	*1	2 or less		
Ambient operating envir	ronment	Free from corrosive gases and excessive dust		
Ambient storage tempe	rature	−40 to +70 °C		
Ambient storage humid	ity	10 to 95 %RH (No condensation)		
Operating altitude	*2	2000m or less		
Grounding		Must be securely grounded (ground resistance of 100 $\Omega$ or less)		
Construction		Inside control cabinet		
Outside dimension		35mm(W) × 185mm(H) × 95mm(D)		
		[Refer to dimensions for details.]		
Mass		Approx. 0.4kg		

\*1: This index indicates the degree to which conductive material is generated in the environment where the equipment is used. In pollution degree 2, only non-conductive pollution occurs. Temporary conductivity may be produced due to condensation.

\*2: Do not use or store this module under pressure higher than the atmospheric pressure of altitude 0m. Failure to observe this may cause a malfunction.

## 8-1-2. Performance Specification

Items	Specifications				
Number of detection axes	2				
Position detection format	Semi-absolute format				
lociation format	Photo-coupler isolation				
ISOIdlioi Hoimal	(between TC-net I/O circuit and sensor circuit)				
Boool ution	CYLNUC Cylinder, VLS-12.8 : $1.5625 \mu$ m				
Resolution	CYLNUC Mark II Cylinder, IRS-51.2P : 6.25 $\mu$ m				
Total number of divisions	Standard pitch x number of pitches				
	[8192 divisions (2 <sup>13</sup> ) x 2048 pitches = 16777216(2 <sup>24</sup> )]				
Function	Position data detection function, Origin setting function				
Error dotaction function	Sensor disconnected error (SE), Sensor power supply error (PF),				
	origin unset (BOS), position data error(DE), CPU watchdog timer error				
Module state display LED	RUN(green), ALM(red), ER1(red), ER2(red), OSA1(green), OSA2(green)				
Position data sampling time	0.2ms				
Number of I/O channels	Input: 4 words, Output: 4words				
External connection	Connect to BU902 terminal block				
Applicable standard	CE Marking (EMC directive)				
	KC mark (Korea Certification Mark)				

## 8-1-3. External Input Specification

Items		Specifications				
Number of	input points	3 points (Origin setting: 2, Error cancel: 1)				
Isolatio	n format	Photo-coupler isolation				
Rated inp	out voltage	24VDC (+10%, -15%)				
Input volta	age range	20.4 to 26.4VDC *1				
Rated inp	out current	5.2 mA				
ON v	oltage	16.8VDC or more				
OFF \	voltage	6VDC or less				
Response time	OFF→ON	0.04 ms				
rtesponse unie	ON→OFF	0.2 ms				
		Input Circuit				
	Error ca Axis 1 origin se Axis 2 origin se	BU902 terminal block ancel etting etting ancel				

\*1: This power is intended for both external inputs and sensors.

### 8-2. ABSOCODER Sensor Specifications

#### (1) CYLNUC Cylinder / CYLNUC Mark II Cylinder

		CYLNUC cylinder	CYLNUC Mark II Cylinder	
	Models	SCM, SCJ, SCMJ, SCJJ	МІМ, МІЈ	
		SCHH, SCAH, CSAH	MIMJ, MIJJ	
Absolut	e detection range	12.8mm (0.5039inch)	51.2mm (2.0157inch)	
Resolution		1.5625 µ m (12.8mm/8192)	6.25 µ m (51.2mm/8192)	
Max. sensor cable length	Standard cable	4P-S 200m		
	Robotic cable	4P-RBT 100m		
	JKPEV-S cable	JKPEV-S (1.25mm <sup>2</sup> × 5P) 200m		

For more details, contact your NSD representative.

#### (2) Rod sensor (VLS-12.8PRA28)

ľ	tems	Specifications					
Model		VLS-12.8PRA28-[]FA[]	VLS-12.8PRA28-[]LA[]				
Max. detection s	stroke	1200	1200 mm				
Absolute detect	ion range	12.8	mm				
Resolution		1.5625 µ m (1	2.8mm/8192)				
Linearity error		Max. 0.15 + [stroke	e (mm)]/2000 mm				
Mass	Head	6.5 + 0.1 x [cable	e length(m)] kg				
IVId55	Rod	1 + 0.0048 x [st	roke (mm)] kg				
Sliding resistand	æ	69 N or less	(7kgf or less)				
Permissible me	chanical speed	1000	mm/s				
Ambient	Operating	-20 to -	+120°C				
temperature	Storage	-30 to +120°C					
Ambient operati	ing humidity	-					
		2.0 x 10 <sup>2</sup> m/s <sup>2</sup> (20G) 200Hz up/down 4h, forward/back/left/right 2h each,					
VIDIALIOITTESISLA		conforms to JIS D 1601 standard					
Shock resistance	2	4.9 x 10 <sup>3</sup> m/s <sup>2</sup> (500G) 0.5ms, up/down x 3 times,					
		conforms to JIS C 5026 standard					
Protection rating	]	IP67, conforms to JEM1030 standard					
Interconnecting	cable	2 • 5 • 1	0 • 20m				
Max sensor	Standard cable	4P-S	200m				
cable length	Robotic cable	4P-RB	Г 100m				
	JKPEV-S cable	JKPEV-S (1.25r	nm <sup>2</sup> × 5P) 200m				
Surface	Head	Electroless nickel plated	Coated (epoxy resin)				
Sunace	Rod	Hard chromium electro plated	Hard chromium electro plated				
Material	Head	Steel	Cast iron				
ivialCi lai	Rod	Steel	Steel				

### 8. SPECIFICATIONS

(3) Rod sensor (VLS-12.8MHP28)

Items		Specifications				
Model		VLS-12.8MHP28-[]FA[]	VLS-12.8MHP28-[]LA[]			
Max. detection stroke		1200 mm				
Absolute detection range		12.8 mm				
Resolution		1.5625 µ m(12.8mm/8192)				
Linearity error		Max. 0.15 + [stroke (mm)]/5000 mm				
Mass	Head	6.5 + 0.1 x [ cable length(m)] kg				
IVIdSS	Rod	1 + 0.0048 x [ stroke (mm)] kg				
Sliding resistance		69 N or less	(7kgf or less)			
Permissible mechanical speed		1000	mm/s			
Ambient	Operating	-20 to +120°C				
temperature	Storage	-30 to +120°C				
Ambient operating humidity		_				
Vibration resistance		2.0 x 10 <sup>2</sup> m/s <sup>2</sup> (20G) 200Hz up/down 4h, forward/back/left/right 2h each,				
		conforms to JIS D 1601 standard				
Shock resistance		4.9 x 10 <sup>3</sup> m/s <sup>2</sup> (500G) 0.5ms, up/down x 3 times,				
		conforms to JIS C 5026 standard				
Protection rating		IP67, conforms to JEM1030 standard				
Interconnecting cable		2 • 5 • 10 • 20m				
Max sensor	Standard cable	4P-S 200m				
cable length	Robotic cable	4P-RBT 100m				
cable length	JKPEV-S cable	JKPEV-S (1.25mm <sup>2</sup> × 5P) 200m				
Surface	Head	Electroless nickel plated	Coated (epoxy resin)			
Sunace	Rod	Hard chromium electro plated	Hard chromium electro plated			
Material	Head	Steel	Cast iron			
iviateriai	Rod	Steel	Steel			

#### (4) In-rod sensor (IRS-51.2P)

Items		Specifications										
Model		IRS-51.2P18				IRS-51.2P30						
Detection stroke		25.6 to 1024 mm			25.6 to 2048 mm							
Resolution		6.25 μ m(51.2mm/8192)										
Linearity error						Max. 0.1	5 + [strok	e (mm)] /5	5000 mm			
Maaa			1.1 + 0.0012 x [stroke (mm)] + 0.1 x [cable 3.0 + 0.0033 x [stroke (mm)] + 0.1 x [cable									
IVIASS			length (m)] kg length (m)] kg									
Permissible m	echanical sp	beed	2000 mm/s									
Ambient	Operating		-20 to +120°C									
temperature	Storage		-30 to +120°C									
Ambient opera	ating humidit	y					-	_			-	
	Stroke	mm	512	640	768	896	1024	768	896	1152	1408	1664
		m/s <sup>2</sup>	2.0x10 <sup>2</sup>	1.5x10 <sup>2</sup>	7.8x10	4.9x10	2.9x10	2.0x10 <sup>2</sup>	1.5x10 <sup>2</sup>	9.8x10	4.9x10	2.9x10
Vibration	Radial	(G)	(20)	(15)	(8)	(5)	(3)	(20)	(15)	(10)	(5)	(3)
resistance				Max	2.0x10 <sup>2</sup> m	/s²(20G)	200Hz 4h	, conforms	s to JIS D	1601 star	ndard	
	Thrust	m/s <sup>2</sup>		2	0.40 <sup>2</sup> m/ <sup>2</sup>	$\frac{2}{2}$				01 atomat	and	
Inrust (G)		(G)		Ζ.	JXIUm/s	(20G) 20	UHZ 4N, 0	UNIONNS IC	0 112 D 10	OTStanda	DIG	
	Stroke	mm	512	640	768	896	1024	768	896	1152	1408	1664
		m/s <sup>2</sup>	9.8x10 <sup>2</sup>	6.9x10 <sup>2</sup>	4.9x10 <sup>2</sup>	3.9x10 <sup>2</sup>	2.9x10 <sup>2</sup>	7.8x10 <sup>2</sup>	5.9x10 <sup>2</sup>	3.9x10 <sup>2</sup>	2.9x10 <sup>2</sup>	2.0x10 <sup>2</sup>
Shock	Radial	(G)	(100)	(70)	(50)	(40)	(30)	(80)	(60)	(40)	(30)	(20)
resistance			Max. 9.8 x 10 <sup>2</sup> m/s <sup>2</sup> (100G) 0.5ms, 3times, confirms to JIS C 5026 standard									
	Thrust	m/s <sup>2</sup> (G)	4.9 x 10 <sup>3</sup> m/s <sup>2</sup> (500G) 0.5ms, 3times, confirms to JIS C 5026 standard									
	Max. oper	ating	$20  \mathrm{eMpc}(210 \mathrm{kgf}/\mathrm{cm}^2) \qquad \qquad 24  \mathrm{eMpc}(200 \mathrm{kgf}/\mathrm{cm}^2)$									
	pressure		20.61/10/21/0/21/0/21/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/20/									
Protection	Proof test	pressure	30.9Mpa(315kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> ) 36.8Mpa(375kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> )									
rating	Oil resista	nce		Mineral	oil water-	alvcol wa	ter-in-oil e	mulsion r	nolvol este	r nhosnh	ate ester	
raung	(Detection	ı side)						חמוסטרו, פטיסו כאבו, פו וססטומני כאבו				
	Waterproo	of	IP67 conforms to IEM1030 standard									
	(Flange si	de)										
Interconnecting cable			5 · 10 · 20m									
Max. sensor	Standard	cable	4P-S 200m									
cable length	Robotic ca	able	4P-RBT 100m									
	JKPEV-S cable		JKPEV-S (1.25mm <sup>2</sup> × 5P) 200m									
Surface	Head		Not treated									
	Scale		Not treated									
Material	Head		Stainless									
	Scale		Stainless, Steel, Brass									

### 8-3. Sensor Cable Specification

Items	Specifications					
Model code	4P-S	4P-RBT	4P-URT	4P-HRT		
	Standard cable	Pohotic cablo	Semi-heat-resistant	Heat-resistant robotic		
Cable type			robotic cable	cable		
Diameter	φ8					
Operating	-5~-	-60°C	-5~+105°C	0~+150°C		
temperature range	-5.5		-5*** 105 C	0.4+100 C		
	Irradiated cross					
Insulator	linked formed					
	polyethylene					
			Heat-resistant			
Sheath	Polyvinyl chl	oride mixture	polyvinyl chloride	Fluonlex		
			mixture			
Construction	8-core, 2 pairs without shield + 2 pairs with shield					
Color of sheath	Gray	Black				
	Extensible for long	Heat treatment and				
Advantage	distances	Superior flexibility; ideal for moving place		flexible; ideal for		
	uistal ICES		moving place			

### REMARKS

Contact your NSD representative when the extension cable combines different types of cables.

## - MEMO -

### 9-1. AB934N Module



### 9-2. ABSOCODER Sensor

#### (1) CYLNUC Cylinder / CYLNUC Mark I Cylinder

Contact your NSD representative for details of the dimension.

#### (2) Rod sensor (VLS-12.8PRA28)



Units: mm



#### VLS-12.8PRA28-[]LA[] (Base-mount type)



(3) Rod sensor (VLS-12.8MHP28)



#### VLS-12.8MHP28-[]FA[] (Flange-mount type)

#### ♦VLS-12.8MHP28-[ ]LA[ ] (Base-mount type)



Units: mm

#### (4) In-rod sensor (IRS-51.2P)

#### **♦**IRS-51.2P18[]

#### Units: mm



#### ♦IRS-51.2P30[]



### 9-3. Extension Sensor Cable

#### (1) 4P-S-9044-[L] / 4P-RBT-9044-[L] / 4P-URT-9044-[L]

Units: mm



(2) 4P-S-4344-[L] / 4P-RBT-4344-[L] / 4P-URT-4344-[L] / 4P-HRT-4344-[L]



#### (3) 4P-S-9040-[L] / 4P-RBT-9040-[L] / 4P-URT-9040-[L]



#### (4) 4P-S-4340-[L] / 4P-RBT-4340-[L] / 4P-URT-4340-[L] / 4P-HRT-4340-[L]





#### (5) 4P-S-9055-[L] / 4P-RBT-9055-[L] / 4P-URT-9055-[L]



#### (6) 4P-S-9090-[L] / 4P-RBT-9090-[L] / 4P-URT-9090-[L]



## **APPENDIX 1. CE MARKING**

The AB934N module conforms to EMC directive.

### **APPENDIX 1-1. EMC Directives**

It is necessary to do CE marking in the customer's responsibility in the state of a final product. The customer should confirm EMC compliance of the machine and the entire device because EMC changes configuration of the control cabinet, wiring, and layout.

### **APPENDIX 1-2. EMC Directive and Standards**

Conforms to Table 01 (see below) of EMC standards and testing.

Standard No.	Testing item	Name
EN61000-6-4	EN55016-2-3	Radiated disturbance
EN61000-6-2	EN61000-4-2	Electrostatic Discharge
	EN61000-4-3	Radiated, Radio frequency, Electromagnetic Field
	EN61000-4-4	Electrical Fast Transient / Burst
	EN61000-4-5	Surge Immunity
	EN61000-4-6	Conducted Disturbances, Induced by Radio-Frequency Fields
	EN61000-4-8	Power Frequency Magnetic Field

Table 01 EMC Standard and Testing

### **APPENDIX 1-3. Low Voltage Directive**

The low voltage directive is out of the range because the AB934N module is activated by 24VDC power supply.

### APPENDIX

### **APPENDIX 1-4. Measures for EMC Compliance and Restriction**

In this section, restrictions are described for conforming the AB934N module to the EMC Directive. For conforming the Toshiba Corporation Unified Controller nv Series to the EMC Directive, contact Toshiba Corporation.

 $\textcircled$  Install the zippertubing around the cable when the sensor cable is used in 30m or more.

The shield of zippertubing should be grounded.

Recommendation zippertubing

Mounting location	Model	Manufacturer		
Sensor cable	MTFS 20 $\phi$	ZIPPERTUBING(JAPAN), LTD.		

②The length of input cable must be under 30m.

③Install the electrolytic capacitor between 24V terminal and 0V terminal of the base unit for the TC-net I/O adapter.

Recommendation electrolytic capacitor

Mounting location	Model	Manufacturer		
Base unit	UPM1V102MHD6	NICHICON CORPORATION		





Manufacturer NSD Corporation 3-31-28, OSU, NAKA-KU, NAGOYA, JAPAN 460-8302

 Distributor

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