

# For Iron and Steel Industry



**Pulse Converter** 

NPG-220HZAL8

**Specifications & Instruction Manual** 

Applicable sensor VLS-8SM



#### GENERAL SAFETY RULES

(Please read this safety guide carefully before operation)

Thank you very much for purchasing our product.

Before operating this product, be sure to carefully read this manual so that you may fully understand the product, safety instructions and precautions.

- Please submit this manual to the operators actually involved in operation.
- Please keep this manual in a handy place.

Signal Words

Safety precautions in this guide are classified into DANGER and CAUTION.

Symbol	Meaning	
DANGER	Incorrect handling may cause a hazardous situation that will result in death or serious injury.	
CAUTION	Incorrect handling may cause a hazardous situation that will result in moderate injury or physical damage.	

Instructions accompanied by a symbol ACAUTION may also result in serious damage or injury. Be sure to follow the all instructions accompanied by the symbol.

#### **Graphic Symbols**

Symbol	Meaning	
$\bigcirc$	Indicates prohibited items.	
0	Indicates items that must be performed to.	

#### **Application Limitation**

This product is not designed to be used under any situation affecting human life. When you are considering to use this product for special purposes such as medical equipment, aerospace equipment, nuclear power control systems, traffic systems, and etc., please consult with NSD.

This product is designed to be used under the industrial environments categorized

The supplier and user may be required to take appropriate measures.

#### 1. Handling Precautions

# DANGER



Do not touch components inside of the controller; otherwise, it will cause electric shock.



Do not damage the cable by applying excessive load, placing heavy objects on it, or clamping; otherwise, it will cause electric shock or fire.



Turn the power supply OFF before wiring, transporting, and inspecting the controller; otherwise, it may cause electric shock.



Provide an external safety circuit so that the entire system functions safely even when the controller is faulty.



Connect the grounding terminal of the controller; otherwise, it may case electric shock or malfunction.

## **CAUTION**



- Do not use the controller in the following places; water splashes. the atmosphere of the corrosion, the atmosphere of the flammable vapor, and the side of the combustibility.

Doing so may result in fire or the controller may become faulty.



- Be sure to use the controller and the ABSOCODER sensor in the environment designated by the general specifications in the manual. Failure to do so may result in electric shock, fire, malfunction or unit failure.
- Be sure to use the specified combination of the ABSOCODER sensor, controller and sensor cable; otherwise, it may cause fire or controller malfunction.

#### 2. Storage

## **CAUTION**



Do not store the controller in a place exposed to water, or toxic



Be sure to store the controller in designed temperature and humidity range, and do not expose to direct sunlight. Be sure to consult with NSD when the controller is stored for long

periods.

#### 3. Transport

# **CAUTION**



Do not hold the cable or shaft of ABSOCODER sensor during transport; otherwise, it will cause injury or controller malfunction.

#### 4. Installation

# **CAUTION**



- Do not step on the ABSOCODER sensor or place heavy objects on the controller; otherwise, it will cause injury.
- Do not block the exhaust port or allow any foreign matter to enter the controller; otherwise, it will cause fire or unit failure.



- Be sure to secure the controller and ABSOCODER sensor with the provided brackets; otherwise, it may cause malfunction, injury, or drop.
- Be sure to secure the specified distance between the main body and the control panel or other equipments; otherwise, it may cause malfunction.

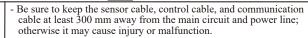
#### 5. Wiring

# DANGER



- Be sure to secure the terminal block firmly; otherwise, it may have risk of fire.
- Be sure to mount the terminal cover provided with the controller, before supplying the power, starting operation after the installation, and wiring; otherwise, it may cause electric shock.

# **CAUTION**





- Be sure to connect all cables correctly; otherwise, it may cause injury or controller malfunction.
- Be sure to firmly connect the external I/O connectors and sensor connectors; otherwise, it may cause incorrect inputs and outputs or

#### 6. Operation

# **CAUTION**

- Do not change the controller's function switch settings during the operation; otherwise, it will cause injury.

Do not approach the machine after instantaneous power failure



- has been recovered.
- Doing so may result in injury if the machine starts abruptly, it will cause injury.
- Be sure to check that the power supply specifications are correct; otherwise, it may caused controller failure.
- Be sure to provide an external emergency stop circuit so that operation can be stopped with power supply terminated immediately.
- Be sure to conduct independent trial runs for the controller before mounting the controller to the machine;
- otherwise, it may cause injury. When an error occur, be sure to eliminate the cause, ensure safety, and reset the error before restarting operation; otherwise, it may cause injury.

#### 7. Maintenance And Inspection

# **CAUTION**



Do not disassemble, remodel, or repair the unit; otherwise, it will cause electric shock, fire, and unit malfunction.



The capacitor of the power line deteriorates through prolonged use. We recommended that the capacitor be replaced every five years to prevent secondary damage.

#### 8. Disposal





Be sure to handle the controller as industrial waste while disposing of it.

# **REVISION HISTORY**

The Document No. appears at the upper right of this manual's cover page.

	The Document No. appears at the upper right of this manual's cover page.			
Document No.	Date	Revision Description		
ZEF005330300	25, Oct., 2012	1st Edition		
		Japanese document: ZEF005330100		
ZEF005330301	11, Jun., 2013	2nd Edition		
		Japanese document: ZEF005330101		
ZEF005330302	21, Jul., 2015	3rd Edition		
		Japanese document: ZEF005330102		
ZEF005330303	14, Mar., 2016	4th Edition		
75500500004	00.14 0000	Japanese document: ZEF005330103		
ZEF005330304	26, May, 2022	5th Edition		
		Japanese document: ZEF005330104		

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#### 1. OVERVIEW

NPG-220HZAL8 converter is combined with the linear type of ABSOCODER sensor "VLS-8SM", and it can be connected to two of "VLS-8SM".

Detected positions are output as the up/down pulse or A/B pulse.

The converter outputs 1 pulse when the ABSOCODER sensor travels 1µm.

#### 1-1. Features

#### (1) High resolution

The resolution is minimum 1 µm per pulse by combining with VLS-8SM.

#### (2) Compact design

The unit's outside dimensions  $(39(W) \times 155(H) \times 93(D))$  were miniaturized, and the shape of case is a bookshelf type. DIN rail mounting is also possible.

#### (3) Settable pulse division and width

The resolution per pulse can be selected from 4 settings by switching the function selector switch.

The up/down pulse can change the pulse width.

Settings of the pulse division and width can be selected for each axis.

#### (4) Error detection function

The error content can be checked by a converter monitor "LED" when an error occurs.

A status output is also provided, enabling reading to a host controller (PLC, etc.).

#### (5) Limit detection function for the sensor position

The external input of the converter has the limit error function (LE). The converter can read an error such as an over travel by inputting the signal of the limit switch which is mounted on the cylinder. This error is output as an integrated alarm signal (ALM) of the external output.

#### (6) Solution of the pulse missing

If the ABSOCODER sensor travel exceeds the pulse output permissive speed, pulses will not be output. The pulses which aren't output during that time can be stored. Even though the pulse output error (PE) is output, stored pulses are output when the ABSOCODER sensor travel speed is back to the range of the pulse output permissive speed.

This motion is corresponding to both up/down pulse and A/B phase pulses.

#### (7) Compliance with CE standards

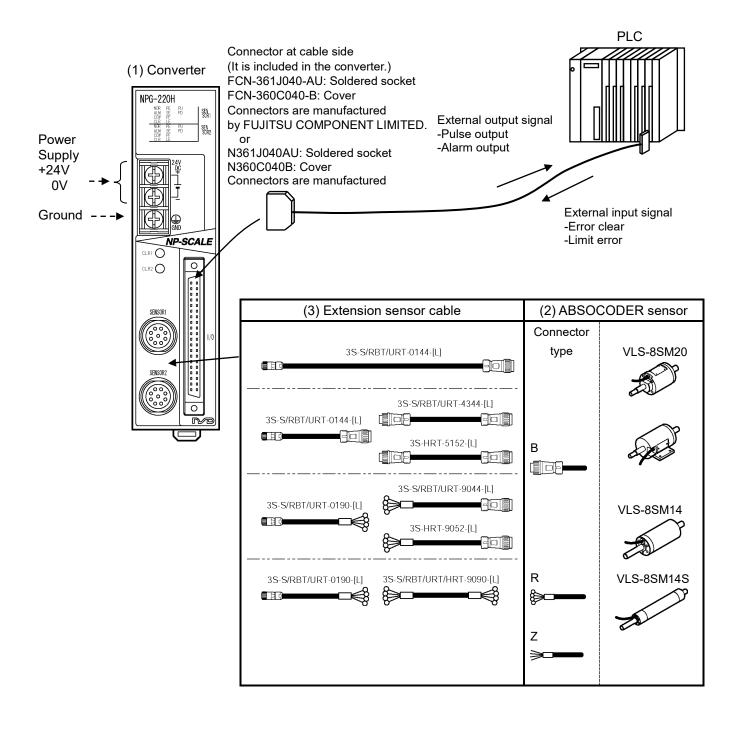
The converter complies with CE (EMC Directive) standards.

## 2. CONFIGURATION

Indicates the configuration of NPG-220HZAL8.

Contact your NSD representative for details of ABSOCODER sensor and the extension sensor cable.

#### Connection configuration



## ● Model List

No.	Items	Models		Descriptions	
(1)	Converter	NPG-220HZAL8			
	ABSOCODER	VLS-8SM20-[1]FA[2][L]	Flange-mount type	[1]: Stroke VLS-8SM20: 50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350 VLS-8SM14(S):	
		VLS-8SM20-[1]LA[2][L]	Base-mount type	[2]: Connector type B: Standard connector (NJW-2012PM8, manufacturer:	
(2)	sensor (Linear type)	sensor (Linear type)	Flange-mount type	Nanaboshi Electric Mfg.Co,Ltd.) Contact your NSD representative for VLS-8SM14 and VLS-8SM14S.	
		VLS-8SM14S-[1]FB[2][L]	Flange-mount type	R: Crimping terminals (R1.25-4) Z: No connector  [L]: Interconnecting sensor cable length (m): 2, 5,10, 20	
		3S-S-0144-[L]	Standard cable, standard connector		
		3S-RBT-0144-[L]	Robotic cable, standard connector  Semi-heat-resistant robotic cable, standard conn		
		3S-URT-0144-[L]			
		3S-S-4344-[L]	Standard cable,	standard connector	
		3S-RBT-4344-[L]	Robotic cable, standard connector		
		3S-URT-4344-[L]	Semi-heat-resist	tant robotic cable, standard connector	
		3S-HRT-5152-[L]		Heat-resistant robotic cable, standard connector	
		3S-S-0190-[L]	Standard cable, crimping terminal		
(3)	Extension	3S-RBT-0190-[L]	Robotic cable, c	rimping terminal	
(3)	sensor cable	3S-URT-0190-[L]		tant robotic cable, crimping terminal	
		3S-S-9044-[L]		crimping terminal	
		3S-RBT-9044-[L]	Robotic cable, crimping terminal		
		3S-URT-9044-[L]		tant robotic cable, crimping terminal	
		3S-HRT-9052-[L]		obotic cable, crimping terminal	
		3S-S-9090-[L]	Standard cable, crimping terminal		
		3S-RBT-9090-[L]	Robotic cable, crimping terminal		
		3S-URT-9090-[L]	Semi-heat-resistant robotic cable, crimping terminal		
		3S-HRT-9090-[L]	Heat-resistant robotic cable, crimping terminal		

# 3. SPECIFICATIONS

# 3-1. Converter Specifications

# (1) General Specification

Items	Specifications	
Power supply voltage	24VDC±10% (including ripple)	
Power consumption	10W or less	
Insulation resistance	20 M-Ohms or more between external DC power terminals and ground	
insulation resistance	(by 500 VDC insulation resistance tester)	
Withstand voltage	500 VAC, 60Hz for 1 minute between external DC power terminals and ground	
Vibration resistance	20m/s <sup>2</sup> 10 to 500Hz, 10cycles of 5 minutes in 3 directions,	
Vibration resistance	conforms to JIS C 0040 standard	
Ambient operating temperature	0 to +55°C (No freezing)	
Ambient operating humidity	20 to 90 %RH (No condensation)	
Ambient operating environment	Free from corrosive gases and excessive dust	
Ambient storage temperature	-10 to +70°C	
Grounding	Must be securely grounded (ground resistance of 100 ohm or less)	
Construction	Book-shelf type within enclosure, DIN rail mountable	
Outside dimension (mm)	39(W) x 155(H) x 93(D) Refer to dimensions for details.	
Mass	Approx. 0.4kg	

# (2) Performance Specification

Items	Specifications			
Converter model	NPG-220HZAL8			
Applicable sensor	VLS-8SM20			
Minimum resolution		1µm(8.192mm/8192 divisi	ions)	
Position detection format		Semi-absolute format		
Pulse output format		Up/down or A/B phase pu	ılse	
Min. pulse width/Max. repetition frequency (up/down)	(Following val	0.1µs/5MHz ues are also settable: 0.2µs/2.5 0.8µs/0.625MHz)	5MHz, 0.4μs/1.25MHz,	
Pulse output permissible speed	4.5m	ı/s (Resolution: 1µm, pulse freq	uency:5MHz)	
Number of detection axes		2		
Position data sampling time		0.2ms		
Status output signal	Integrated alarm: ALM pulse output error: PE sensor disconnected error: SE low power error: PF			
Input signal	Error clear: CLR limit error: LE			
Front panel function	Error clear			
	Pulse division	Up/down pulse 1/1, 1/2, 1/5, 1/10	A/B phase pulse 1/1, 1/2, 1/4, 1/8	
Function selector switch (on rear face of product)	Pulse width (up/down)	1 time, 2 times,	4 times, 8 times	
(off real face of product)	Alarm setting when turning ON the power supply			
	Sensor travel direction setting			
	Pulse outpu	t format setting (up/down pulse		
Monitor LED	System ready: NOR, integrated alarm: ALM, System state pulse output error: PE, monitor sensor disconnected error: SE, low power error: PF, limit error: LE			
	Setting state monitor Travel direction: CCW			
	Input state monitor Error clear input: CLR			
	Output state monitor Pulse output: PU, PD			
	· ·			

(3) Input / Output Specification

	Items	Specifications		
Input signals		1_CLR, 2_CLR (Error clear)		
	Input signais	1_LE, 2_LE (Limmit error)		
	Input circuit	DC input, photo-coupler isolation		
Input	Input logic	Negative logic		
πραι	Rated input voltage	5VDC		
	Rated input current	10mA (5VDC)		
	ON voltage	3.5VDC or more		
	OFF voltage	1VDC or less		
	Output signals	1_ALM, 1_PE, 1_SE, 1_PF (Axis-1 error output) 2_ALM, 2_PE, 2_SE, 2_PF (Axis-2 error output)		
	Output circuit	Photo-coupler isolation, transistor open collector output		
Output	Output logic	Positive logic		
Output	Rated load voltage	12/24VDC (10 to 30VDC)		
	Max. load current	10mA / point		
	Max. voltage drop when ON	0.8V		
Pulse	Signal name	1_PU+, 1_PU-, 1_PD+, 1_PD-, 1_B+, 1_B- (Axis-1 pulse output) 2_PU+, 2_PU-, 2_PD+, 2_PD-, 2_B+, 2_B- (Axis-2 pulse output)		
output	Output circuit	Photo-coupler isolation, line driver (AM26C31:T.I.)output		
I/O circuit	isolated from Axis-	V5_A  ated /DC erter  O  1_SG/2_SG  1_PU+, 1_PD+, 1_B+/2_PU+, 2_PD+, 2_B+  1_PU-, 1_PD-, 1_B-/2_PU-, 2_PD-, 2_B-  1_ALM, 1_PE, 1_SE, 1_PF/2_ALM,		

# 3-2. ABSOCODER Sensor Specifications

# (1) VLS-8SM20

Items		Specifications	
Model		VLS-8SM20	
Max. detection s	stroke	350 mm	
Absolute detecti	on range	8.192 mm	
Resolution		1 μ m(8.192mm/8192)	
Linearity error		Customer's Special Specifications	
Mass	Head	4.5+0.15 x [cable length(m)] kg	
IVIASS	Rod	0.4+0.0025 x [stroke (mm)] kg	
Sliding resistand	e	69 N or less (7kgf or less)	
Permissible med	chanical speed	1000 mm/s	
Ambient	Operating	-10 to +80°C	
temperature	Storage	-10 to +80°C	
Ambient operating humidity		_	
Vibration resistance		2.0 x 10 <sup>2</sup> m/s <sup>2</sup> (20G) 200Hz up/down 4h, forward/back/left/right 2h each,	
Vibration resistance		conforms to JIS D 1601 standard	
Shock resistance	0	4.9 x 10 <sup>3</sup> m/s <sup>2</sup> (500G) 0.5ms, up/down x 3 times,	
SHOCK TESISIANC	<b>C</b>	conforms to JIS C 5026 standard	
Protection rating	J	IP67, conforms to JEM1030 standard	
Interconnecting	cable	2 · 5 · 10 · 20m	
Max. sensor	Standard cable	3S-S 200m	
cable length	Robotic cable	3S-RBT 100m	
Surface	Head	Electroless nickel plated	
Surface	Rod	Hard chromium electro plated	
Material	Head	Steel	
ivialeriai	Rod	Steel	

## (2) VLS-8SM14, VLS-8SM14S

Items			Specifications		
Model			VLS-8SM14	VLS-8SM14S	
Max. detection	stroke		200	mm	
Absolute detec	tion ra	nge	8.192 mm		
Resolution			1 μ m(8.192mm/8192)		
Linearity error			Customer's Special Specifications		
Mass		Head	1.1+0.07 x [cable length(m)] kg	0.8+0.07 x [cable length(m)] kg	
Mass		Rod	0.0012 x ([rod le	ength (mm)] kg	
Sliding resistan	се		15 N or less (	1.5kgf or less)	
Permissible me	chanic	cal speed	1000	mm/s	
Ambient		Operating	-10 to	+80°C	
temperature		Storage	-10 to +80°C		
Ambient operat	ing hu	midity	_		
Vibration resistance			2.0 x 10 <sup>2</sup> m/s <sup>2</sup> (20G) 200Hz up/down 4h, forward/back 2h,		
Vibration resist	ance		conforms to JIS D 1601 standard		
Shock resistan	20		4.9 x 10 <sup>3</sup> m/s <sup>2</sup> (500G) 0.5ms, up/down x 3 times,		
Shock resistant	ce		conforms to JIS C 5026 standard		
Protection ratin	g		IP67, conforms to JEM1030 standard		
Interconnecting	cable	,	2 · 5 · 10 · 20m		
Max. sensor	Star	ndard cable	3S-S 200m		
cable length	ength Robotic cable		3S-RBT 100m		
. Head		ad	Electroless nickel plated		
Surface	Rod		Hard chromium electro plated		
Material	Hea	ad	Steel		
Material Rod		d	Steel		

# 3-3. Extension Sensor Cable Specification

Items	Specifications			
Model code	3S-S	3S-RBT 3S-URT		3S-HRT
Cable type	Standard cable	Robotic cable	Semi-heat-resistant	Heat-resistant
Cable type	Stariuaru cable	Nobolic Cable	robotic cable	robotic cable
Diameter		φ8		φ9.5
Operating	5~	+60°C	-5∼+105°C	0~+150°C
temperature range	-5.0	+00 C	-3.4+103.0	U~+150 C
	Irradiated cross			
Insulator	linked formed	ETFE plastic (resin)		
	polyethylene			
			Heat-resistant	
Sheath	Polyvinyl chloride mixture		polyvinyl chloride	Fluonlex
Construction	7-core, 1 triple with shield + 2 pairs with shield			
Color of sheath	Dark brown	ark brown Blue		Black
	Extensible for leng			Heat treatment and
Advantage	Extensible for long	Superior flexibility; ic	perior flexibility; ideal for moving place	
	distances			moving place

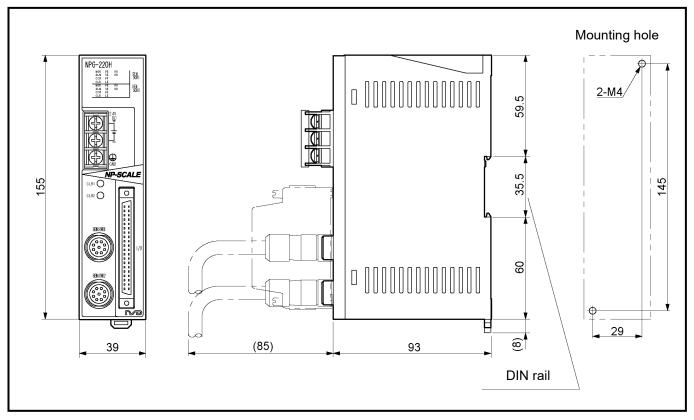
## [Remark]

Contact your NSD representative when the extension cable combines different types of cables.

# 4. DIMENSIONS

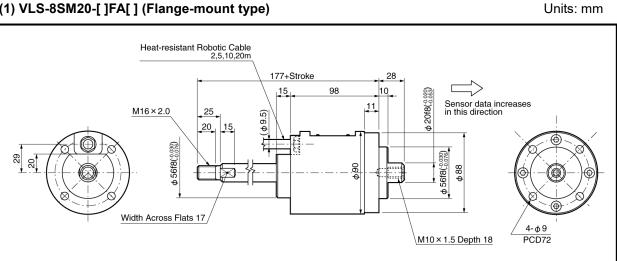
## 4-1. Converter

Units: mm

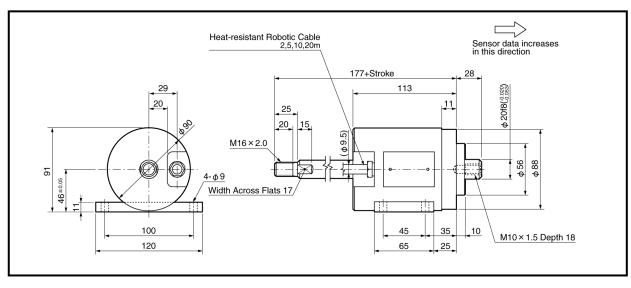


## 4-2. ABSOCODER Sensor

## (1) VLS-8SM20-[ ]FA[ ] (Flange-mount type)

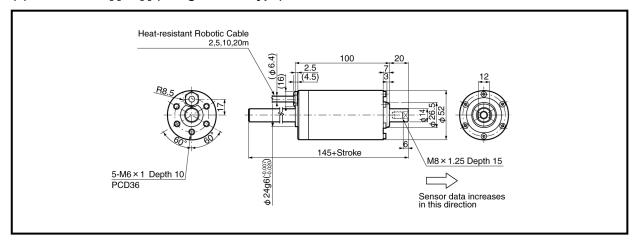


## (2) VLS-8SM20-[ ]LA[ ] (Base-mount type)

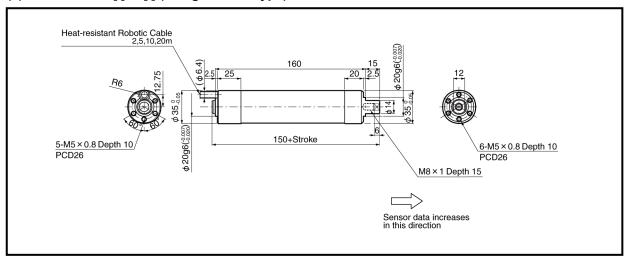


## (3) VLS-8SM14-[ ]FB[ ] (Flange-mount type)

Units: mm

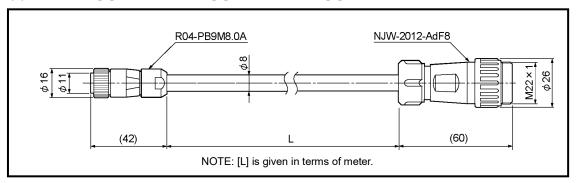


## (4) VLS-8SM14S-[]FB[] (Flange-mount type)



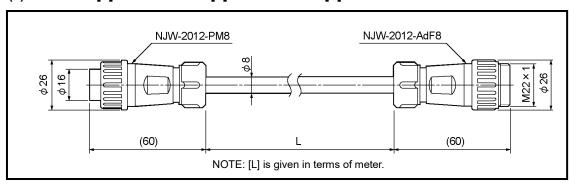
## 4-3. Extension Sensor Cable

## (1) 3S-S-0144-[L] / 3S-RBT-0144-[L] / 3S-URT-0144-[L]

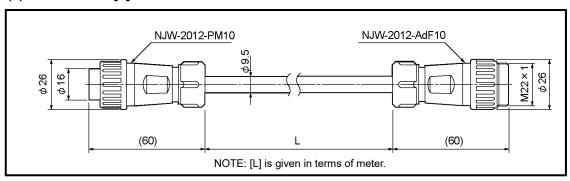


Units: mm

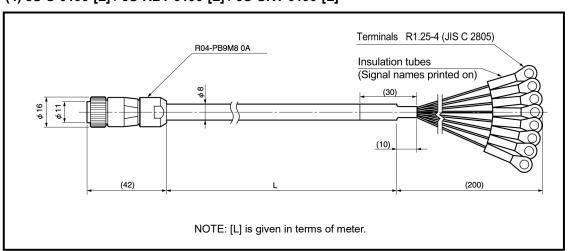
## (2) 3S-S-4344-[L] / 3S-RBT-4344-[L] / 3S-URT-4344-[L]



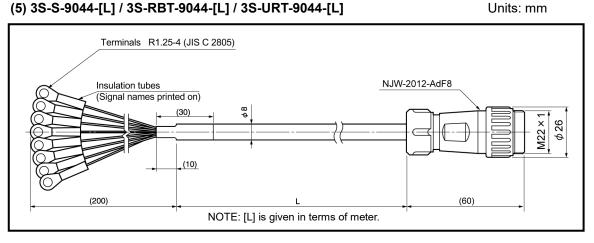
#### (3) 3S-HRT-5152-[L]



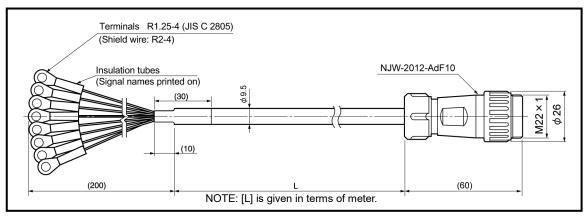
## (4) 3S-S-0190-[L] / 3S-RBT-0190-[L] / 3S-URT-0190-[L]



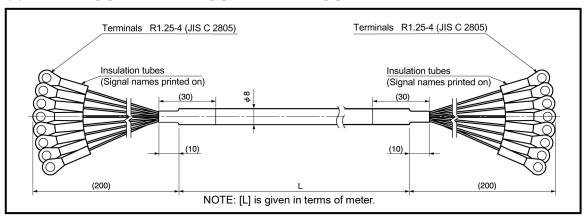
#### (5) 3S-S-9044-[L] / 3S-RBT-9044-[L] / 3S-URT-9044-[L]



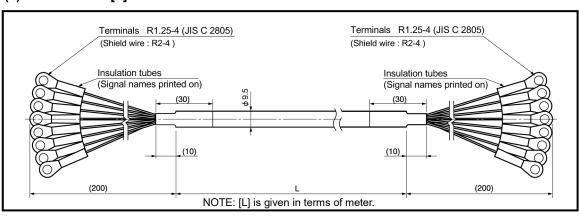
## (6) 3S-HRT-9052-[L]



#### (7) 3S-S-9090-[L] / 3S-RBT-9090-[L] / 3S-URT-9090-[L]

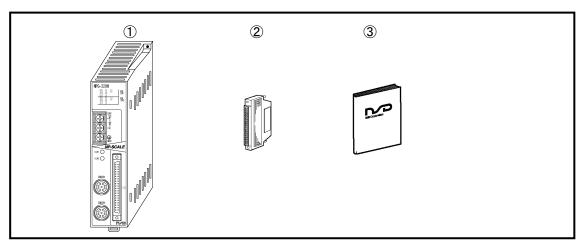


## (8) 3S-HRT-9090-[L]



# 5. CHECKING THE CONTENTS OF THE SHIPPING CASE

Open the packing case, and verify that all items are present. When extension sensor cables are ordered, they are packed separately.



①Converter ······ 1 unit
②I/O connector
Cover: FCN-360C040-B / N360C040B  Manufacturer: FUJITSU COMPONENT LIMITED / OTAX CO.,LTD.
3Manual ····· 1 piece

## 6. INSTALLATION

#### 6-1. Converter Installation Conditions and Precautions

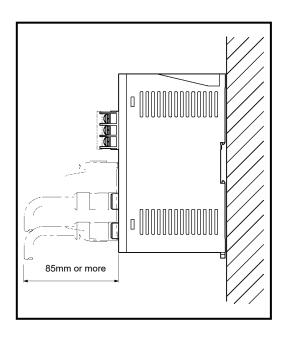
When installing the converter, the following conditions and precautions should be observed.

#### -Installation Site

- (1) Avoid sites where the unit is exposed to direct sunlight.
- (2) The ambient temperature should never exceed a 0 to 55°C range.
- (3) The ambient humidity should never exceed a 20 to 90% RH range.
- (4) Do not install the unit in areas where condensation is likely to occur (high humidity with extreme temperature changes).
- (5) Avoid sites where dust is excessive.
- (6) Do not install in areas with an excessive amount of salt and/or metal chips.
- (7) Do not install in areas where flammable and / or corrosive gases are present.
- (8) Avoid areas where splashing water, oil or chemicals are likely to occur.
- (9) Avoid areas where vibration and shocks are excessive.

#### -Installation cautions

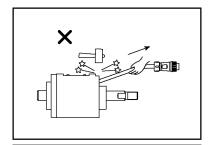
- (1) Install inside the control cabinet.
- (2) Install in a vertical direction so that the characters are visible.
- (3) If a DIN rail mounting format is used, insert until the latch mechanism catches with an audible click. Secure between end plates at both sides.
- (4) In high vibration areas, secure tightly with 2 M4 screws.
- (5) Install as far from high voltage lines and power lines as possible in order to minimize noise influences.
- (6) Allow 85mm or more space at the converter's front side for plugging in and unplugging the connector.
- (7) Peripheral components should be arranged so as not to obstruct converter installation, removal, and connector plugging/unplugging.



## 6-2. ABSOCODER Sensor Installation Conditions and Precautions

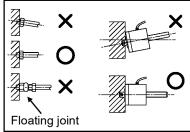
The installation conditions and precautions for ABSOCODER sensor are described in this section.

(1) Do not apply excessive forces to the cable port, and avoid damaging the cable.

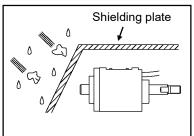


(2) The part of a machine mounted the sensor rod must travel in the same direction as the sensor rod extends and contracts.

Do not use a floating joint.



(3) When the cable port is exposed, a shielding plate should be installed as shown in the right figure.



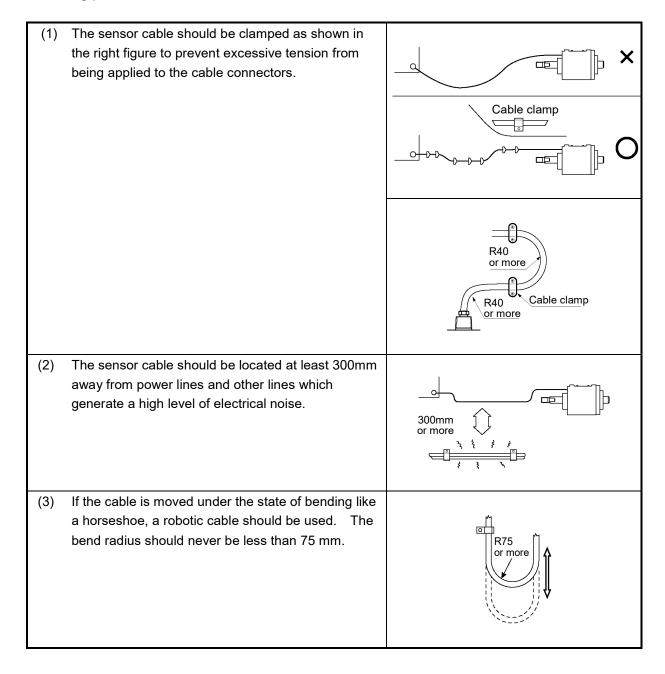
Contact your NSD representative for details of the installation conditions and precautions for ABSOCODER sensor.

## 7. WIRING

#### 7-1. Connection between Converter and ABSOCODER Sensor

The length of the extendable cable has a limitation depending on the models of ABSOCODER sensor and sensor cable. For more details, refer to "3-2. ABSOCODER Sensor Specifications".

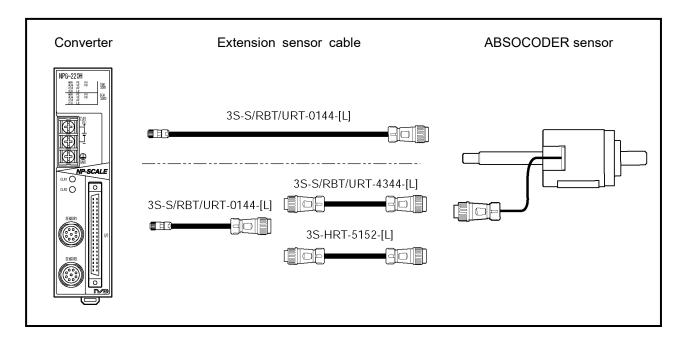
## Wiring precautions



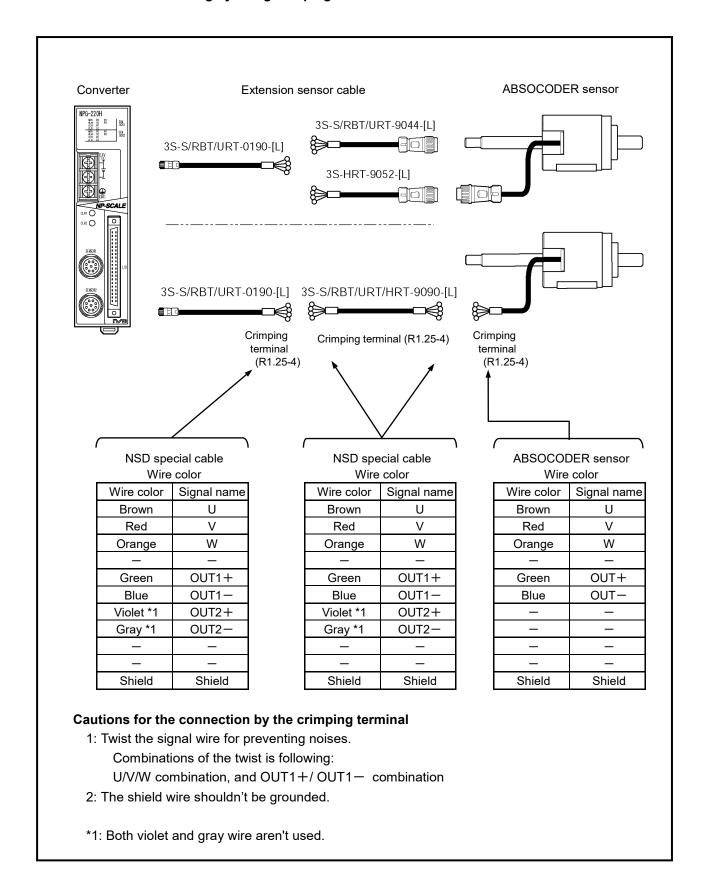
# 7-1-1. Connection configure example of the sensor cable

Indicates the connection configure example when using the standard connector and the crimping terminals.

## • In the case of connecting by using the standard connector



#### In the case of connecting by using crimping terminals



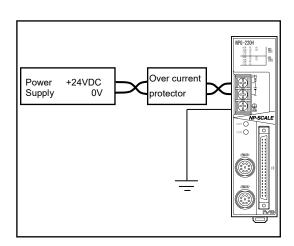
## 7-2. Power Supply Connection

The power supply should be connected as described below.

#### (1) Power Supply

- -Choose the capacity of the power supply over double of power consumption of converter.

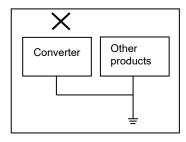
  The power consumption of the converter is 10W or less.
- -The input power supply should be isolated from the commercial power supply.
- -Twist the power cable for preventing noises.
- -Use the M4 size crimp lug terminals with insulating sleeves in order to prevent short circuit caused by loose screws.

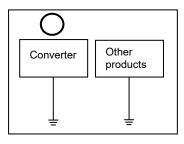


- -The power cable should be as thick as possible to minimize voltage drops.
- -The terminal block tightening torque is 1.8 N·m (16 lb·in).

#### (2) Ground

- -The unit should be securely grounded (ground resistance of 100ohm or less) to prevent electrical shocks.
- -The ground wire should be connected to the ground terminal directly.
- -The terminal block tightening torque is 1.8 N·m (16 lb·in).





# 7-3. Input / Output Connector Connection

# 7-3-1. Pin arrangement of the I/O Connector

Connector model: FCN-361J040-AU / FCN-360C040-B (FUJITSU COMPONENT LIMITED) or N361J040AU / N360C040B (OTAX CO.,LTD.)

Compatible wire size: 0.3mm<sup>2</sup>

Pin No.	Signal name	Pin No.	Signal name	Pin arrangement
A1	1_SG	B1	1_+COM	
A2	1_SG	B2	1_+COM	Shows the pin arrangement
A3	1_LE	В3	1_CLR	as viewed from the
A4	1_B+	B4	1_B-	soldering terminals side.
A5	1_PU+	B5	1_PU-	
A6	1_PD+	В6	1_PD-	0
A7	1_ALM	B7	1COM	A1 0 0 B1
A8	1_PE	B8	1COM	
A9	1_SE	B9	1COM	
A10	1_PF	B10	NC	
A11	NC	B11	2_PF	0 <sub>0</sub> 0 0-0
A12	2COM	B12	2_SE	
A13	2COM	B13	2_PE	0 0     0 0     0 0
A14	2COM	B14	2_ALM	
A15	2_PD-	B15	2_PD+	A20 0 0 B20
A16	2_PU-	B16	2_PU+	A20   0 0   B20
A17	2_B-	B17	2_B+	
A18	2_CLR	B18	2_LE	
A19	2_+COM	B19	2_SG	
A20	2_+COM	B20	2_SG	

[Note] Do not connect any cord to spare pins.

# 7-3-2. Signal names and descriptions

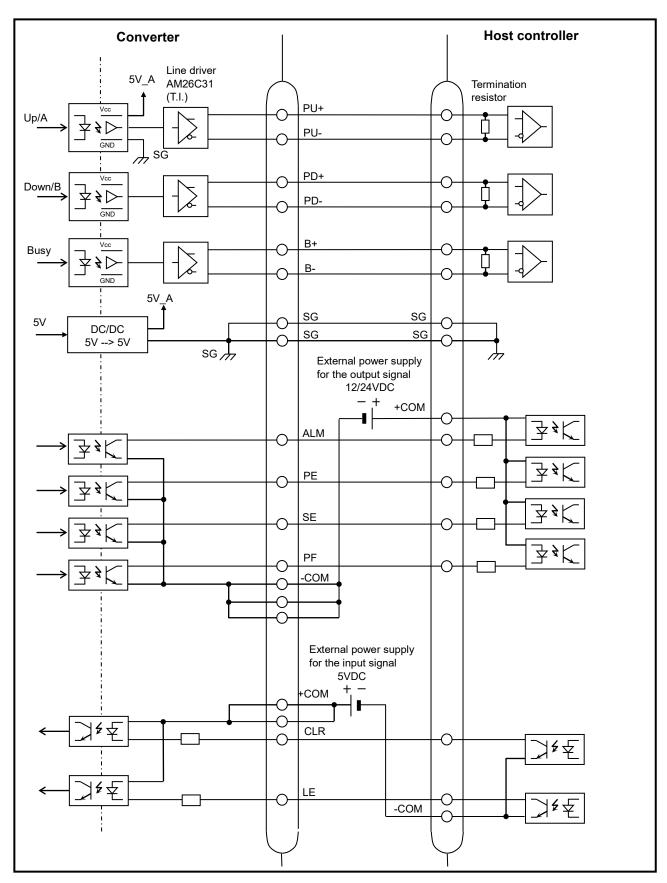
Input/ Output	Signal name		ame	Descriptions		
	1 PU+	Axis-1				
	2 PU+	Axis-2	Up/			
	1 PU-	Axis-1	A phase pulse	Outputs either Up or A phase pulse		
	2 PU-	Axis-2	1			
	1 PD+	Axis-1				
	2 PD+	Axis-2	Down/			
Pulse	1 PD-	Axis-1	B phase pulse	Outputs either Down or B phase pulse.		
output	2 PD-	Axis-2	<u> </u>			
	1 B+	Axis-1				
	2 B+	Axis-2	_	Outputs the synchronous signal when outputting the up/down pulse.		
	1 B-	Axis-1	Busy	(The Busy signal doesn't change when outputting the A/B phase		
	2 B-	Axis-2	1	pulse.)		
	1_SG	Axis-1	0: 1	TI: : 11 : 1		
	2 SG	Axis-2	Signal ground	This is the signal ground (0V) for the pulse output signal.		
	1_ALM	Axis-1		The signal is output when one of the following errors occurs.  - Sensor disconnected error  - Low power error  - In the case of inputting the limit error (LE) of I/O connector		
	2_ALM Axis-2	Axis-2	Integrated alarm	Outputs the low level in the normal operation, and outputs the high level when an error occurs.  The signal is HIGH level at turning ON the power supply when "Alarm setting when turning on the power supply" of the function selector switch is set to "ON: alarm output".		
Output	1_PE	Axis-1	Pulse output error	The signal turns ON when the sensor travel exceeds the pulse output permissible speed.		
	2_PE	Axis-2	r disc salpat error	Outputs the low level in the normal operation, and outputs the high level when an error occurs.		
	1_SE	Axis-1	Sensor disconnected	Outputs when detecting that the sensor is disconnected.  Outputs the low level in the normal operation, and outputs the high		
	2_SE	Axis-2	error	level when an error occurs.		
	1_PF	Axis-1	Low power error	Outputs when detecting low power at the internal converter or 24VDC at the external power supply.		
	2_PF	Axis-2	Low power error	Outputs the LOW level in the normal operation, and outputs the HGH level when an error occurs.		
	1COM	Axis-1	Output signal	Connects this signal to 0V of the external power supply for the		
	2COM	Axis-2	common	output signal.		
	1_CLR	Axis-1	Error clear	Inputs the LOW level when clearing an arror		
	2_CLR	Axis-2	Lifti deal	Inputs the LOW level when clearing an error.		
Innut	1_LE	Axis-1	Lineit	Inputs the LOW level when inputting the limit error signal from		
Input	2_LE	Axis-2	Limit error	external.		
	1_+COM	Axis-1	Input signal	Connects to 1 side of the outernal news arounds for the investment		
	2_+COM	Axis-2	common	Connects to + side of the external power supply for the input signal.		

<sup>\*:</sup> The power supply line for Axis-1 is isolated from Axis-2. Supply the power to each axis.

## **Important**

The pulse is output even while outputting the integrated alarm, but the reliability is low. For your safety, read out the pulse when the integrated alarm is "LOW level".

#### 7-3-3. I/O Circuit



<sup>\*:</sup> The I/O circuit is isolated from the power supply and internal circuit by the photocoupler.

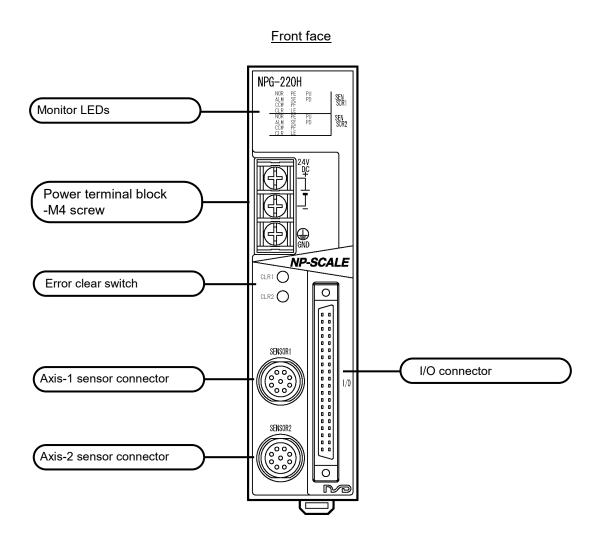
The line driver "AM26C31" which is manufactured by Texas Instruments Incorporated. is used for the pulse output. Proper terminal resistance should be placed when "AM26C31" is connected with the line receiver.

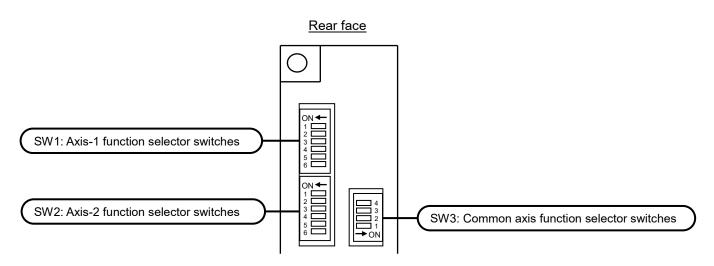
## ●Logic explanation

<u> </u>			
Signal name	Logic	Term in the timing chart	Input / Output voltage
ALM PE SE PF	"LOW" / "HIGH" (ON / OFF)	"L" / "H"	"L" = 0V
CLR LE	"LOW" / "HIGH" (ON / OFF)	"L" / "H"	"L" = 0V

## 8. NOMENCLATURE

## 8-1. Part Identification



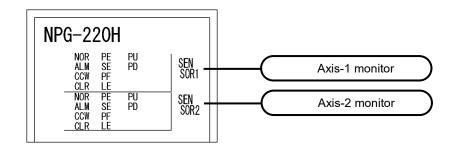


## 8-2. Monitor LED

The monitor display for Axis-1 is isolated from Axis-2 one.

For example, the monitor LEDs indicate following when detecting the sensor disconnected error (SE) for Axis-1.

- Axis-1 system ready (NOR): OFF
- Axis-1 Integrated alarm (ALM): ON
- Axis-1 sensor disconnected error (SE): ON

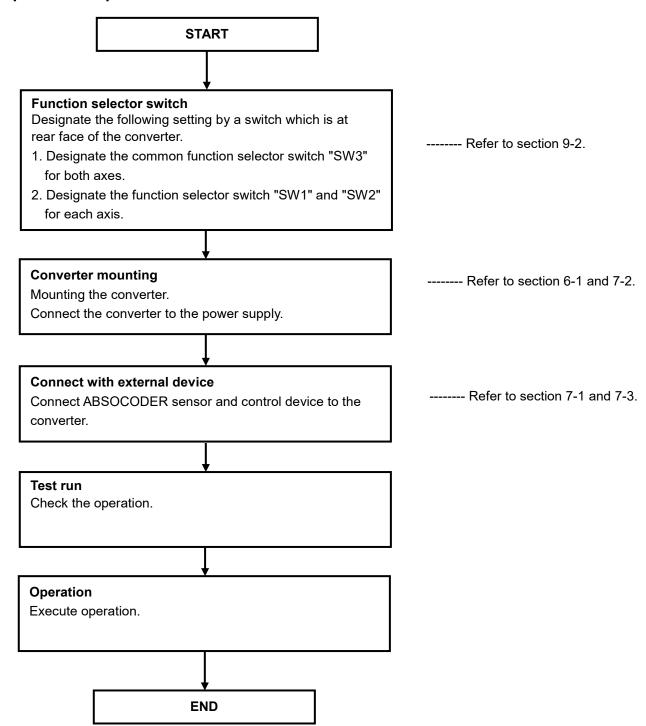


Display	Name	Color	Description
NOR	System ready Green		LED turns ON when the pulse output is normal status.
			LED turns ON when one of the following errors occur.
			- Sensor disconnected error
	Integrated alarm		- Low power error
ALM	*1	Red	- In the case of inputting the limit error (LE) of I/O connector
	'		LED will turn ON when the power supply is ON if "Alarm setting
			when turning on the power supply" of the function selector
			switch is set to "ON: alarm output".
CCW	Travel direction	Green	LED turns ON when "sensor travel direction setting" of the
0000	setting		function selector switch is ON.
CLR	CLR Error clear		LED turns ON while the error clear signal is ON or error clear
OLIV	Lifor clear	Green	button is pressed.
PE	Pulse output error	Green	LED turns ON when the sensor travel exceeds the pulse output permissible speed.
SE	Sensor disconnected	Green	LED turns ON when detecting the sensor disconnected error.
	error	0,00,1	225 turne on their detecting the contest discommented one.
PF	Low power error	Green	LED turns ON when detecting the low power at the internal
		Croon	converter or 24VDC at the external power supply.
LE	Limit error	Green	LED turns ON when the limit error input is ON.
PU	State of pulse output	Green	LED turns ON when Up or A phase pulse output is ON.
PD	State of pulse output	Green	LED turns ON when Down or B phase pulse output is ON.

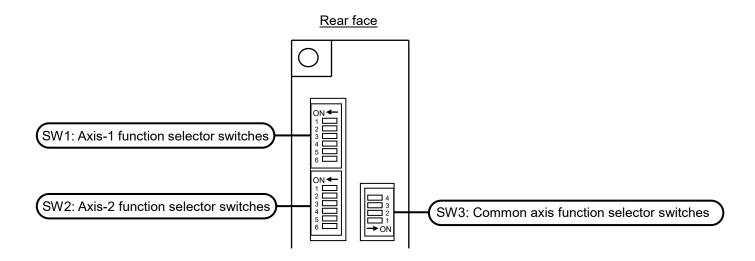
<sup>\*1:</sup> The pulse is output even while outputting the integrated alarm, but the reliability is low.

## 9. OPERATION

## 9-1. Operation Sequence



## 9-2. Function Selector Switch



## (1) Function selector switches of each axis SW1, SW2

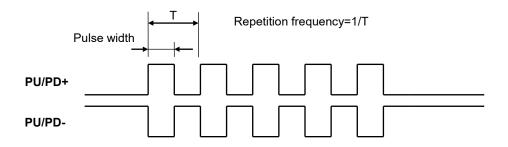
Name	Description	SW1_*, SW2_* setting ( : Factory setting )		
		1:OFF	2:OFF	1/1 = 1µm *
	Sets the resolution per pulse.	1:ON	2:OFF	1/2 = 2µm *
Pulse division		1:OFF	2:ON	1/5 = 5µm * (A/B phase pulse: 1/4 = 4µm)
		1:ON	2:ON	1/10 = 10µm * (A/B phase pulse: 1/8 = 8µm)
		3:OFF	4:OFF	1 time *
D	Sets the pulse width per pulse. (Only settable for the up/down pulse)	3:ON	4:OFF	2 times *
Pulse width		3:OFF	4:ON	4 times *
		3:ON	4:ON	8 times *
Alarm settings when the power	Sets the switch if the integrated	5:OFF		Alarm clear
supply turns ON *1	alarm signal is output when the power supply turns ON.	5:ON		Alarm output
Travel direction	Sets the pulse output when the sensor travels to the sensor	6:OFF		Outputs Up pulse. A phase is faster than B phase.
setting of sensor	data increase direction which is indicated on the outer dimensions.	6:ON		Outputs Down pulse. B phase is faster than A phase.

Note \*1: In the case of turning ON "alarm setting when turning ON the power supply"

The integrated alarm signal (ALM) will be output when turning ON the power supply if this switch is set to ON. In this case, the alarm cannot be cleared even though the converter power supply is restarted.

\* Relationship between pulse division and pulse width. (In the case of the up/down pulse)

	•	•		. ,	
Pulse division	Pulse width (μs) / repetition frequency				
(resolution)	1 time	2 times	4 times	8 times	
1/1 (1,100)	0.1µs	0.2µs	0.4µs	0.8µs	
1/1 (1µm)	/ 5MHz	/ 2.5MHz	/ 1.25MHz	/ 0.625MHz	
1/2 (2um)	0.2µs	0.4µs	0.8µs	1.6µs	
1/2 (2µm)	/ 2.5MHz	/ 1.25MHz	/ 0.625MHz	/ 0.3125MHz	
1/5 (5µm)	0.5µs	1.0µs	2.0µs	4.0µs	
	/ 1MHz	/ 0.5MHz	/ 0.25MHz	/ 0.125MHz	
1/10 (10µm)	1.0µs	2.0µs	4.0µs	8.0µs	
	/ 0.5MHz	/ 0.25MHz	/ 0.125MHz	/ 0.0625MHz	



## (2) Common axis function selector switches SW3

SW3_*	Name	Setting ( : Factory setting )
1	Pulse output format	OFF : Up/down pulse ON : A/B phase pulse
2	Reserved	Fixed at OFF
3	Reserved	Fixed at OFF
4	Reserved	Fixed at OFF

Important	Cautions when using the function selector switches	
	n ON the "reserved" switch.	
<ul> <li>Turn the power OFF and then ON again after the function selector switches are changed.</li> </ul>		

# 9-3. Signal Timing Patterns

## 9-3-1. Integrated alarm

The integrated alarm signal indicates that the converter outputs normal pulses.

This signal is "LOW level" when the ABSOCODER sensor and converter are normal status.

#### **Important**

For your safety, read pulses when the Integrated alarm signal is "LOW level".

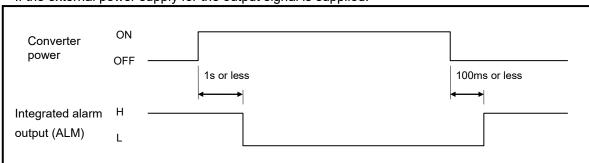
The integrated alarm is "HIGH level" in the following cases:

- -The converter power is OFF. (In the case of the external power supply for the output signal is supplied to the output circuit)
- An error occurred.

For more details, refer to "11-2. Output State when Occurring an Error"

## (1) Signal output timing at power ON/OFF

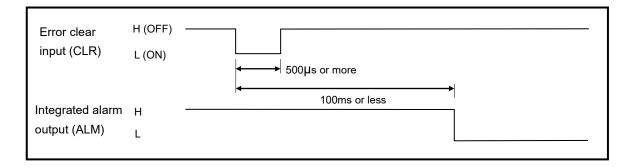
If the external power supply for the output signal is supplied.



#### (2) Timing of error clear

The error clear signal must be ON (LOW level) 500µs or more.

The error clear signal must be turned OFF (HIGH level) after clearing the error.

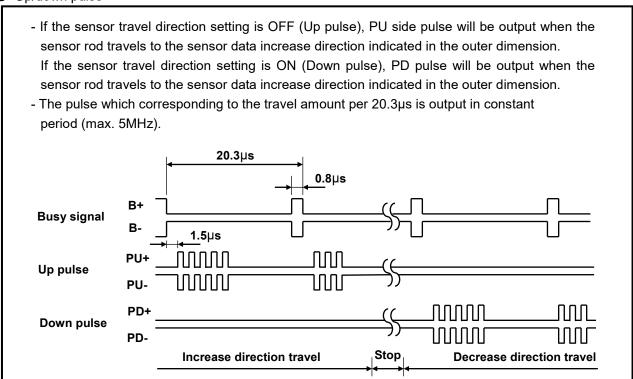


<sup>\*:</sup> Pulse will not output while error clear signal is input.

# 9-3-2. Pulse output timing

The pulse is output which is corresponding to the travel distance of the ABSOCODER sensor. The output pulse signal is different by the function selector switch "sensor travel direction setting".

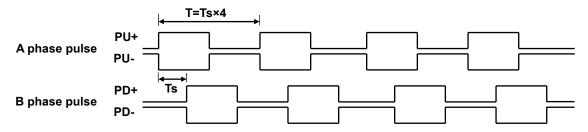
#### Up/down pulse



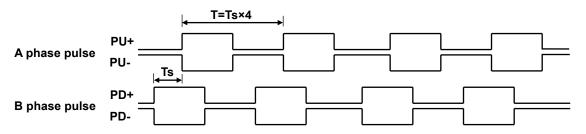
<sup>\*:</sup> The waveform indicated in the figure is a waveform between "SG" and each signal.

#### ●A/B phase pulse

If the sensor travel direction setting is OFF (up pulse), A phase will be faster than B phase when the sensor travels to the sensor data increase direction which is indicated in the outer dimension.



If the sensor travel direction setting is ON (down pulse), A phase will be slower than B phase when the sensor travels to the sensor data increase direction which is indicated in the outer dimension.



The Busy signal doesn't change when outputting A/B phase pulse.

Ts: depends on the speed (1m/s: approx. 1µs)

#### Pulse missing

If the ABSOCODER sensor travel exceeds the pulse output permissive speed, pulses will not be output. The pulses which aren't output during that time can be stored. Even though the pulse output error (PE) is output, stored pulses are output when the ABSOCODER sensor travel speed is back to the range of the pulse output permissive speed. Hence, the pulse missing will be never occurred.

However, there is a time lag between actual ABSOCODER sensor position and pulse output because of stored pulses.

In this case, the pulse output error (PE) occurs only, the integrated alarm (ALM) doesn't.

This motion is corresponding to both up/down pulse and A/B phase pulses.

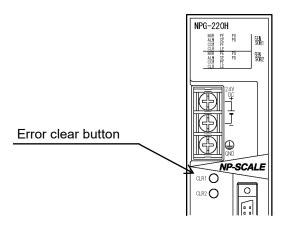
## 9-4. Error Clear

In the case of clearing an error, remove the cause, and then press the error clear button on the converter panel or input the error clear signal.

Each axis (Axis-1 and Axis-2) has the error clear button and error clear signal.

# (1) Using the error clear button on the front face

Press the error clear button on the front face.

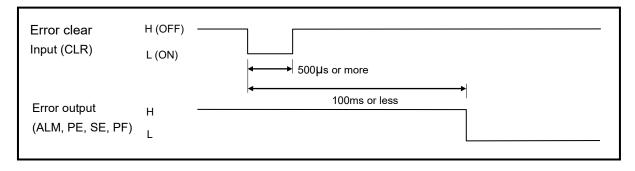


## (2) Input the error clear signal

Input the error clear signal (CLR).

The error clear signal must be ON (LOW level) 500µs or more.

The error clear signal must be turned OFF (HIGH level) after clearing the error.



<sup>\*:</sup> Pulses will not output while the error clear signal is input.

# **10. INSPECTIONS**

The inspection should be conducted once every 6 months to a year.

Any inspected items which do not satisfy the criteria shown below should be repaired.

Inspection item	Inspection Description	Criteria	Remark
Power supply	Measure the voltage at the power supply terminal.	Within 21.6 to 26.4VDC	Tester
Ambient Conditions	Check the ambient temperature.	ABSOCODER sensor -10 to +80°C Converter 0 to +55°C	Thermometer
	There should be no accumulation of dust.	None	
	Verify that the sensor is securely mounted.	There should be no looseness.	
	Verify that the sensor rod is securely coupled to the machine shaft.	There should be no looseness.	
Mount	Check for severed cables.	Cable should appear normal.	Visual Inspection
Conditions	Verify that the sensor cable connector is plugged in all the way.	, 33	
	Verify that the I/O connector is plugged in all the way.	There should be no looseness.	

# 11. TROUBLESHOOTING

The causes and corrective actions for errors that may occur during converter operation are described below.

# 11-1. Display and Countermeasure when an Error Occurred

Converter has LED for the error monitor. Error contents are checked by LED light. Refer to the following list and implement appropriate countermeasures.

• Lists of the error monitors, probable causes, and error cancel procedures

Error contents	Name	Probable cause	Error cancel procedures
SENSOR1 "PE" LED is ON SENSOR2 "PE" LED is ON	Axis-1 pulse output error  Axis-2 pulse output error	The sensor travel exceeds the pulse output permissible speed.	After removing an error cause, clear the error by either way: - Press the error clear button of the corresponding axis Turn on the error clear signal of the corresponding axis Turn the converter power OFF and then ON again.
SENSOR1 "ALM" and "SE" LED IS ON	Axis-1 sensor disconnected error	Sensor connector is disconnected or loose.	After removing an error cause, clear the error by either way: - Press the error clear button of the corresponding axis Turn ON the error clear signal of the corresponding axis Turn the converter power OFF and then ON again.
SENSOR2 "ALM" and "SE" LED IS ON	Axis-2 sensor disconnected error	Sensor cable is severed.  ABSOCODER sensor failure  Converter failure	Replace the sensor cable.  Replace the ABSOCODER sensor.  Replace the converter.
SENSOR1 SENSOR2 "ALM" and "PF" LED is ON	Low power error	Voltage drop of 24VDC power supply Instantaneous power failure of 24VDC power supply	After removing an error cause, clear the error by either way:  - Press the error clear button of the corresponding axis.  - Turn ON the error clear signal of the corresponding axis.  - Turn the converter power OFF and then ON again.
SENSOR1 SENSOR2 "ALM" LED is ON, "PF" LED is blinking	Internal power supply error	The power supply inside of the converter is broken down.	Replace the converter.
SENSOR1 "ALM" and "LE" LED is ON	Axis-1 limit error	LED turns ON when the limit	Clear the error by one of the following ways after removing the cause why the limit error input was ON.
SENSOR2 "ALM" and "LE" LED is ON	Axis-2 limit error	error input is ON.	<ul> <li>Press the error clear button of the corresponding axis.</li> <li>Turn ON the error clear signal of the corresponding axis.</li> <li>Turn the converter power OFF and then ON again.</li> </ul>
SENSOR1 SENSOR2 "ALM" LED is ON	Alarm when turning ON the power supply	Turns ON the power supply when "Alarm setting while turning ON the power supply" of the function selector switch is set to "ON: Alarm output".	Clear the error by one of the following ways.  - Press the error clear button of the corresponding axis.  - Turn ON the error clear signal of the corresponding axis.  - Restart the converter's power supply after "Alarm setting when turning ON the power supply" of the function selector switch is set to "OFF: Alarm clear".
All LED is OFF, all output is OFF	_	24VDC power supply is not input.	Input 24VDC power supply.
	_	Converter failure	Replace the converter.

# Other error contents

Error contents	Probable cause	Error cancel procedures
Pulse is not output.	The wiring of the I/O connector has problems.	Repair the wiring.
	The pulse division of the function selector switch is improper.	Set the correct pulse division.
	The pulse width of the function selector switch is improper. (Up/down pulse)	Set the correct pulse width.
Incorrect pulse output.	The sensor travel direction setting of the function selector switch is improper.	Set the correct travel direction.
	The pulse output format setting of the function selector switch is improper.	Set the correct pulse output setting.
	The wiring of the I/O connector has problems.	Repair the wiring.

# 11-2. Output State when Occurring an Error

Indicates the state of output signal when occurring an error. Each error occurs each axis.

Output	Pulse output PU,PD,B *1	Integrated alarm ALM	Pulse output error PE	Sensor disconnected error SE	Low power error PF
"PE" LED is ON	Pulse output continues	LOW	HIGH	LOW	LOW
"ALM" and "SE" LED is ON Sensor disconnected error	Pulse output continues	HIGH	LOW	HIGH	LOW
"ALM" and "PF" is ON Low power error	Pulse output continues	HIGH	LOW	LOW	HIGH
"ALM" LED is ON, "PF" LED is blinking Power supply error inside of the converter	Pulse output continues	HIGH	LOW	LOW	HIGH
"ALM" and "LE" LED is ON Limit input error	Pulse output continues	HIGH	LOW	LOW	LOW
"ALM" LED is ON. Alarm when turning the power supply	Pulse output continues	HIGH	LOW	LOW	LOW

<sup>\*1:</sup> The pulse is output even while outputting the integrated alarm, but the reliability is low.

# 11-3. Procedure Contents after Replacing

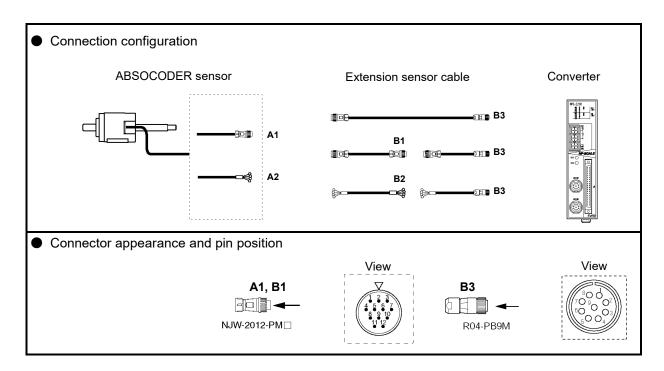
Implement the following measures after replacing the converter, ABSOCODER sensor, and sensor cable.

Replacing contents	Countermeasure	
In the case of replacing ABOSOCODER sensor	After the replacement, clear the error by either way.  - Press the error clear button of the corresponding axis on the front face.	
In the case of replacing the sensor cable	- Turn on the error clear signal of the corresponding axis.  - Turn the converter power OFF and then ON again.	
In the case of replacing the converter	After the replacement, please set all function selector switches on the rear face.	

# -MEMO-

## 11-4. ABSOCODER Sensor Check Lists

 Applicable ABSOCODER sensor models VLS-8SM20 VLS-8SM14 VLS-8SM14S



Connector pin position and standard coil resistance ranges (at 25°C)

	Osimodol pin position and standard osi resistance ranges (at 20 0)					
Check position				Standard coil resistance [Ω]		
A1, A2,	B1, B2	B3	3	Signal		VII C OCM44
Pin No.	Wiring color	Pin No.	Wiring color	names	VLS-8SM20	VLS-8SM14 VLS-8SM14S
1	Brown	1	Brown	U		
2	Red	2	Red	V	114 to 154	132 to 152
3	Orange	3	Orange	W		
4	_	4	_	_	_	_
5	Green	5	Green	OUT+	100 +- 200	450 to 400
6	Blue	6	Blue	OUT-	162 to 202	150 to 180
7	_	7	_	_		
8	_	8	_	_		
9	_	9	Shield	Shield		
10	_					
11	Shield					
12						

The above standard coil resistance ranges are referential data to assist wiring disconnection diagnosis and are not product specification values. There may be no wiring disconnection even when the resistance measurement is out of the standard resistance range.

#### Circuit resistance check

#### [Measurement method]

Measure resistance at Point A or B using a circuit tester or other appropriate device.

Have Point A connected to measure at Point B.

If the connector is off, identify the line by the wiring color.

#### [Check details]

Refer to the previous page for the connector pin number.

Check position	Criterion	Check position	Criterion
Between brown and red	The man and a share	Between brown and green	
Between brown and orange	The measured value	Between brown and shield	
Between red and orange	should be in the range of the standard coil	Between green and shield	∞
Between green and blue	resistance. *1		
	Tesisiance. I	Between frame and each wire or shield	

\*1: If checks are done at Point B, the measurement value is [Standard coil resistance + extension sensor cable resistance].

Extension sensor cable resistance value

The resistance value of the NSD special cable is  $0.2\Omega/m$  (loop resistance).

Consider resistance variations due to temperature, which, relative to the standard temperature (25°C), increases 0.4% when the temperature rises 1°C and decreases 0.4% when the temperature falls 1°C.

#### Insulation check

#### [Measurement method]

Measure using a 500 VDC insulation tester.

#### [Check details]

Refer to the previous page for the connector pin number.

Check position	Criterion
Between brown and green	
Between brown and shield	
Between green and shield	10MΩ or more
Between frame and each wire or shield	

# <u></u> NOTES

- 1. Make sure to disconnect the ABSOCODER sensor from the converter before carrying out insulation checks.
- 2. If there is a risk that energization may cause damages to the electronic circuits in and around the machine, remove the ABSOCODER sensor from the machine.
- 3. After completing the checks, short-circuit between the pins to discharge remaining voltage before connecting the ABSOCODER sensor to the converter.

# 12. CE MARKING

This product conforms to the EMC Directive.

# 12-1. EMC Directives

It is necessary to do CE marking in the customer's responsibility in the state of a final product. Confirm EMC compliance of the machine and the entire device by customer because EMC changes configuration of the control panel, wiring, and layout.

#### 12-2. EMC Directive and Standards

EMC consists of emission and immunity items.

It conforms to Table (see below) of EMC standards and Testing.

Class	Standard No.	Standard Name	
Emission (EMI)	EN61000-6-4	Generic standards. Emission standard for industrial environments	
	EN61000-6-2	Generic standards. Immunity standard for industrial environments	
	EN61000-4-2	Electrostatic Discharge	
	EN61000-4-3	Radiated, Radio frequency, Electromagnetic Field	
Immunity (EMS)	EN61000-4-4	Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	
	EN61000-4-5	Surge Immunity	
	EN61000-4-6	Conducted Disturbances, Induced by Radio-Frequency Fields	
	EN61000-4-8	Power Frequency Magnetic Field	

# 12-3. Low Voltage Directive

This product doesn't apply to low-voltage directive for the equipment of 24VDC power supply.

## 12-4. Restrictions

In this section, restrictions are described for conforming to the EMC Directive.

## Shielded pulse cable

The cable with a shield should be used for pulse outputs.

The cable shield should be grounded.

#### ●I/O cable

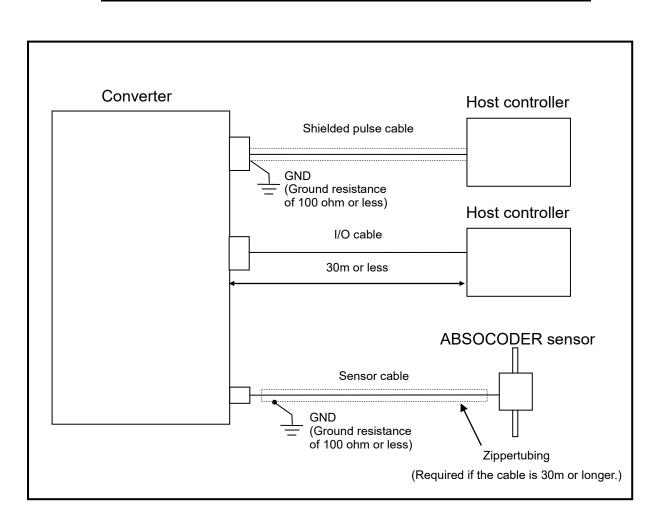
The I/O cable should be shorter than 30m.

# Sensor cable

If a 30m or longer sensor cable is to be used, cover the sensor cable with a shielded zippertubing, with the tube shield grounded.

#### Recommendation zippertubing

Model	Manufacturer
MTFS 20 $\phi$	ZIPPERTUBING (JAPAN), LTD.





# Manufacturer

NSD Corporation 3-31-28, OSU, NAKA-KU, NAGOYA, JAPAN 460-8302

# **Distributor**

NSD Trading Corporation 3-31-23, OSU, NAKA-KU, NAGOYA, JAPAN 460-8302

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