

Programmable Controller



FX2N-2AD SPECIAL FUNCTION BLOCK

USER'S GUIDE

JY992D74701G

This manual contains text, diagrams and explanations which will guide the reader in the correct installation and operation of the FX2N-2AD special function block and should be read and understood before attempting to install or use the unit.

Compliance with EC directive (CE Marking)

This note does not guarantee that an entire mechanical module produced in accordance with the contents of this note will comply with the following standards.

Compliance to EMC directive and LVD directive for the entire mechanical module should be checked by the user/manufacturer. For more information please consult with your nearest Mitsubishi product provider. Regarding the standards that comply with the main unit, please refer to either the FX series product catalog or consult with your nearest Mitsubishi product provider.

Requirement for Compliance with EMC directive

The following products have shown compliance through direct testing (of the identified standards below) and design analysis (through the creation of a technical construction file) to the European Directive for Electromagnetic Compatibility (2014/30/EU) when used as directed by the appropriate documentation.

Attention

This product is designed for use in industrial applications.

Type: Programmable Controller (Open Type Equipment)

Models: MELSEC FX2N series manufactured

from December 1st, 1998 FX2N-2AD

Standard	Remark
EN61131-2: 2007	Compliance with all relevant aspects of the standard.
Programmable controllers	EMI
- Equipment requirements and tests	Radiated Emission
	Conducted Emission
	EMS
	 Radiated electromagnetic field
	Fast transient burst
	Electrostatic discharge
	High-energy surge
	 Voltage drops and interruptions
	Conducted RF
	Power frequency magnetic field

Caution for EC Directive

The FX_{2N}-2AD have been found to be compliant to the European standards in the aforesaid manual and directive. However, for the very best performance from what are in fact delicate measuring and controlled output device Mitsubishi Electric would like to make the following points;

As analog devices are sensitive by nature, their use should be considered carefully.

For users of proprietary cables (integral with sensors or actuators), these users should follow those manufacturers installation requirements.

Mitsubishi Electric recommend that shielded cables should be used. If NO other EMC protection is provided, then users may experience temporary loss or accuracy between ±10% in very heavy industrial areas.

However, Mitsubishi Electric suggest that if adequate EMC precautions are followed for the users complete control system, users should expect accuracy as specified in this manual.

- Sensitive analog cable should not be laid in the same trunking or cable conduit as high voltage cabling. Where possible users should run analog cables separately.
- Good cable shielding should be used. When terminating the shield at Earth ensure that no earth loops are accidentally created.
- When reading analog values, EMC accuracy can be improved out by averaging the readings. This can be achieved either through functions on the through a users program in the main unit.

1. Introduction

The FX2N-2AD type analog input block (hereafter referred to as the FX2N-2AD) is used to convert the analog input of two points (voltage and current input) into a digital value of 12 bits, and to forward the values to the Programmable Controller (hereafter referred to as a PLC). FX2N-2AD can connected to the FX0N, FX1N, FX2N, FX2NC, FX3G, FX3GC, FX3U, and the FX3UC series Programmable Controllers.

- 1) The analog input is selected from the voltage or current input by the method of connecting wires. At this time, assume the setting to be two channels common analog input (voltage or current input).
- 2) The analog to digital conversion characteristics can be adjusted.
- 3) The block occupies 8 I/O points which can be allocated from either inputs or outputs.
- The data transfer with the PLC uses the FROM/TO instructions. FX3U/FX3UC series PLC can use direct specification of buffer memory.

2. External Dimensions and Parts



Mass (Weight): Approx. 0.2kg (0.44lbs) Accessories: Special Function block number label

3. Wiring



- *1 The FX_{2N}-2AD cannot have 1 channel as an analog voltage input and one channel as current input because both channels use the same offset and gain values. For current input please short circuit VIN and IIN as shown in the diagram.
- *2 Connect a 0.1 to 0.47 μF 25V DC capacitor with the position of *2 when there is voltage ripple in the voltage input or there will be a lot of noise.

4. Connection with Programmable controller

- 1) The FX2N-2AD and main unit are connected by a cable on the right of the main unit.
- 2) Up to 4 FX2N-2AD units can connect to the FX0N series PLC, up to 5 for FX1N, up to 8 for FX2N/FX3G/FX3G/FX3U/FX3UC or, up to 4 for the FX2NC series PLC, all with powered extension units. However the following limitation exists when the undermentioned special function blocks are connected.
- FX2N: Main unit and powered extension units of 32 points I/O or less. Consumption current available for undermentioned special function blocks ≤ 190mA
- FX2N: Main unit and powered extension units of I/O 48 points or more. Consumption current available for undermentioned special function blocks ≤ 300mA

FX2NC: Up to 4 undermentioned special function blocks can be connected regardless of the system I/O.

FX0N/1N: Main unit and powered extension units. Up to 2 undermentioned special function blocks can be connected regardless of the system I/O.

	FX2N-2AD	FX2N-2DA	FX0N-3A
Consumption current of 24V DC for one unit	50mA	85mA	90mA

The consumption current of the above units is to be subtracted from the service power supply of the host PLC.

- 3) The blocks occupies 8 points. (The 8 points can be allocated from either inputs or outputs).
- 4) FX_{2N}-2AD consumes 5V DC by 20mA. The total 5V consumption of all special function blocks connected to a main unit or an extension unit must not exceed the 5V source capacity of the system.

5. Specifications

5.1 General specification

ltem	Content
Dielectric withstand voltage	500V AC 1min (Between all terminals and case)

General specifications other than the above-mentioned are the same as the main unit of the Programmable controller. (Refer to the Hardware manual of the Programmable controller)

5.2 Power supply specification and others

Item	Content
Analog circuits	24V DC \pm 10% 50mA (Internal power supplied from the main unit)
Digital circuits	5V DC 20mA (Internal power supplied from the main unit)
Isolation	Photo-coupler isolation between analog and digital circuits. No isolation between analog channels.
Number of occupied I/O points	The blocks occupies either 8 input or output points (can be either inputs or outputs)

5.3 Defining gain and offset

Item	Voltage input	Current input					
	At shipping, the unit is adjusted to a digital range of 0 to 4000 for an analog voltage input of 0 to 10V DC. When using an FX2N-2AD for current or differing voltage inputs except 0 to 10V DC, it is necessary to adjust the offset and gain.						
Range of analog input	0 to 10V DC, 0 to 5V DC (input resistance 200KΩ) Warning-this unit may be damaged by an input voltage in excess of -0.5V, +15V DC	4 to 20mA (input resistance 250Ω) Warning-this unit may be damaged by an input current in excess of -2mA, +60mA					
Digital output	12bit						
Resolution	2.5mV:10V/4000(At shipment) Change depending on the input characteristic.	4μA: (20-4)A/4000 Change depending on the input characteristic.					
Integrated accuracy	±0.1V	±0.16mA					
Processing time	2.5ms/1 channel (synchronized to the	sequence program)					
Input characteristics	Analog value :0 to 10V Digital value :0 to 4000 (At shipment) 4095 4000 Internet provide the second for the second for the second secon	Analog value :0 to 20mA Digital value :0 to 4000					
	The input characteristic is the same for	or each channel.					

6. Allocation of buffer memory (BFM)

6.1 Buffer memory

BFM number	b15 to b8	b7 to b4	b3	b2	b1 b0					
#0	Reserved Current value of input data (lower 8bit data)									
#1	Reserved Current value of input data (higher 4bit data)									
#2 to 16	Reserved									
#17	Reserved Analog to digital Analog to digital conversion beginning conversion channel									
#18 or more	Reserved									

BFM#0 :The current value of the input data for the channel specified with BFM#17 (lower 8bit data) is stored. The current value data is stored by binary.

BFM#1:The current value of the input data (higher 4bit data) is stored. The current value data is stored by binary.

BFM#17:b0...Channel (CH1,CH2) which does the analog to digital conversion is specified.

b0=0…CH1 b0=1…CH2

 $b1 \cdots 0 \rightarrow 1$ The A/D conversion process is started.

Write/read data to the above-mentioned buffer memory according to the programming example of "8.Program example".

7. Adjustment of offset and gain

7.1 Change in input characteristic

At shipment, 0 to 4000 range is selected for 0 to 10V DC input.

When using an FX2N-2AD for current or differing voltage inputs except 0 to 10V DC, it is necessary to adjust the offset and gain.

The module does not allow different input characteristics for two channels.

Set analog values within the range specified in the table below when changing the input characteristic.

Range of input characteristic

	Voltage input	Current input
Analog value when digital value is 0	0 to 1V	0 to 4mA
Analog value when digital value is 4000	5 to 10V	20mA

Resolution changes depending on the set value when the input characteristic changes accordingly. Example: Resolution becomes (5 - 0V)/4000=1.25mV at voltage input 0 to 5V/0 to 4000. Integrated accuracy does not change. (Voltage input: $\pm 0.1V$, Current input: $\pm 0.16mA$)

7.2 Adjustment of the input characteristic

The adjustment of the offset and gain values sets a digital equivalent to the analogue data. (The "POT" requires 18 revolutions to move between MIN and MAX setting.)



*1 The digital value increases if the volume is turned clockwise. (FX2N-4DA and FX2N-2DA can be used instead of the voltage and current generator)

7.2.1 Adjustment of gain

The gain value can be set to an arbitrary digital value. However, using the maximum 12bit resolution provides the user with a digital range of 0 to 4000.



7.2.2 Adjustment of offset

The offset value can be set to an arbitrary digital value. However, it is advisable to set the analog value when the digital value is set as following.



For instance, when a digital range of 0 to 4000 is used with the analog range of 0 to 10V, a digital value of 40 is equal to an analog input of 100mV. ($40 \times 10V/4000$ digital points)

- 1) The offset and gain adjustments for CH1 and CH2 are accomplished at the same time. When the offset and gain values of one channel are adjusted, the other channel is automatically adjusted.
- 2) Repeat the offset and gain adjustment alternately until a stable value is reached.
- Each channel is common to the analog input circuit. However, check each channel individually for maximum accuracy.
- Adjust offset / gain by using subsection 8-3 "Example of programming making average value data" when a digital value is not steady.
- 5) Adjust the gain before the offset.

8. Program example

The following program examples (8.1 and 8.3) are formula circuits. The device numbers that have been underlined can be assigned by the user during programming.

8.1 Example of programming analog input

0	<u>X000</u>	-[TO	K0	K17	H0000	K1]-	a) Selecting A/D input channel 1.
		-[TO	K0	K17	H0002	K1]-	b) A/D conversion beginning of CH1.
	*1	-[FROM	K0	K0	K2 <u>M100</u>	K2	Η	c) Reading of digital value of CH1.
				-{MOV	K3 <u>M100</u>	<u>D100</u>	μ	d) The higher 4 bits of CH1 are moved to the lower 8 bits, and it is attacted in D100
33	<u>X001</u>	-{TO	K0	K17	H0001	K1]-	e) Selecting A/D input channel 2.
		-{TO	K0	K17	H0003	K1]-	f) A/D conversion beginning of CH2.
	*1	-{FROM	K0	K0	K2 <u>M100</u>	K2	Η	g) Reading of digital value of CH2.
	•			-{MOV	K3 <u>M100</u>	<u>D102</u>	Н	h) The higher 4 bits of CH2 are moved to the lower 8 bits, and it is

moved to the lower 8 bits, an stored in D102.

Analog to digital conversion execution input of CH1:X000 Analog to digital conversion execution input of CH2:X001

At the same time X000 and X001 can be turned ON.

A/D input data CH1 :D100 (Replace with auxiliary relay M100 to M115. Assign these numbers only once) A/D input data CH2 :D102 (Replace with auxiliary relay M100 to M115. Assign these numbers only once)

Processing time: 2.5ms / 1 channel

(Time from turning on X000 and X001 to storage of analog to digital conversion value in data register of main unit.)

*1 Change the circuit of "*1" as follows when using an FXON PLC

—_[FROM К0 К0	K4 <u>M100</u>	К2 }	•	Reading of digital value
[MOV	K2 <u>M116</u>	K2 <u>M108]</u>	•	The higher 4 bits are synthesized to the lower 8 bits.

8.2 Connection to FX1N, FX2N (V3.00 or later), FX2NC (V3.00 or later), FX3G, FX3GC, FX3U or FX3UC series PLC

Please use FNC 176 (RD3A). Refer to FX Series Programming Manual II or FX3s/FX3G/FX3G/FX3U/FX3UC Programming Manual.

8.3 Example of programming making average value data

Add the undermentioned program after "8.1 Example of programming analog input" and use the average value data when you can not read a stable digital value.

٥	M8002			KO	D114	ц	٦		
0	<u>M133</u>			KO	D116	1			
	-11-			KU	<u>D116</u>	Л			
			-{DMOV	K0	<u>D118</u>	Н	> a	a)	Initialization of data
			-[MOV	K0	<u>D101</u>	Н			
			-{MOV	K0	<u>D103</u>	Н	J		
39	M8000			-[DINC	<u>D118</u>	Н	b	b)	Count of sampling frequency
		-{DADD	<u>D114</u>	<u>D100</u>	<u>D114</u>	Н	с	c)	Total of input data of CH1
		-{DADD	<u>D116</u>	<u>D102</u>	<u>D116</u>	Н	d	d)	Total of input data of CH2
	M133	-{DCMP	<u>D118</u>	<u>K20</u> *1	<u>M132</u>	Н	е	e)	Comparison of sampling frequencies
84		-{DDIV	<u>D114</u>	<u>D118</u>	<u>D110</u>	Н	f	f)	K20 is an average irequency
		-{DDIV	<u>D116</u>	<u>D118</u>	<u>D112</u>	Н	g	1)	and the result is stored in D111, D110
								g)	The average value of CH2 is calculated, and the result is stored in D113, D112

A/D input data of CH1 :D100 A/D input data of CH2 :D102 Sampling frequency :D118 Agreement flag of sampling frequency and average frequency :M133 Average value of CH1 :D111, D110 Average value of CH2 :D113, D112

*1 The above program example has an average sampling frequency of 20. Make the average frequency within the range of 2 to 262143.

9. Notes in drive

- 1) Confirm whether the input wiring of FX2N-2AD and the connection of the extension cable is correctly done.
- 2) Confirm whether the "4. Connection with programmable controller" condition is satisfied.
- 3) When shipped from the factory, the input characteristic is adjusted to 0 to 10V DC. If a different input characteristic is desired, please adjust as required. When the input characteristic is adjusted, the input characteristics of CH1 and CH2 are changed.
- 4) The coexistence use for the current and voltage input cannot be done with two channels.

10. Error check

Confirm the following items when it seems that the FX2N-2AD does not operate normally.

- 1) Confirm the state of POWER LED. Lit :The extension cable is correctly connected. Turn off or blinks :Confirm the proper connection of the extension cable.
- 2) Confirm the external wiring per section "3. Wiring".
- Confirm whether the load resistance of the connected equipment corresponds to the specification of the FX2N-2AD.
- 4) Confirm the Voltage and Current input values with a voltage and current generator. Confirm the analog to digital conversion from the input characteristic.
- 5) Readjust the offset and gain by "7. Adjustment of offset and gain" when the analog to digital conversion is not suitable for the input characteristic. The input characteristic when shipped from the factory is 0 to 10V DC.

Guidelines for the safety of the user and protection of the FX2N-2AD SPECIAL FUNCTION BLOCK

- This manual has been written to be used by trained and competent personnel. This is defined by the European directives for machinery, low voltage and EMC.
- If in doubt at any stage during the installation of the FX2N-2AD always consult a professional electrical engineer who is qualified and trained to the local and national standards. If in doubt about the operation or use of the FX2N-2AD please consult your local Mitsubishi Electric representative.
- Under no circumstances will Mitsubishi Electric be liable or responsible for any consequential damage that may arise as a result of the installation or use of this equipment.
- All examples and diagrams shown in this manual are intended only as an aid to understanding the text, not to guarantee operation. Mitsubishi Electric will accept no responsibility for actual use of the product based on these illustrative examples.
- Owing to the very great variety in possible application of this equipment, you must satisfy yourself as to its suitability for your specific application.

This manual confers no industrial property rights or any rights of any other kind, nor does it confer any patent licenses. Mitsubishi Electric Corporation cannot be held responsible for any problems involving industrial property rights which may occur as a result of using the contents noted in this manual.

Warranty

Exclusion of loss in opportunity and secondary loss from warranty liability

- Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation to:
- (1) Damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi.
- (2) Loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products.
- (3) Special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for
- accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products.
- (4) Replacement by the user, maintenance of on-site equipment, start-up test run and other tasks.

▲ For safe use

- This product has been manufactured as a general-purpose part for general industries, and has not been designed or manufactured to be incorporated in a device or system used in purposes related to human life.
- Before using the product for special purposes such as nuclear power, electric power,
- aerospace, medicine or passenger movement vehicles, consult with Mitsubishi Electric.
 This product has been manufactured under strict quality control. However when installing the product where major accidents or losses could occur if the product fails, install appropriate backup or failsafe functions in the system.

Manual number: JY992D74701

Manual revision : G

Date

: December 2016

MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

HEAD OFFICE : TOKYO BUILDING, 2-7-3 MARUNOUCHI, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO 100-8310, JAPAN



Programmable Controller
MELSEC-F



FX2N-2AD SPECIAL FUNCTION BLOCK USER'S GUIDE JY992D74701G

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Further information can be found in the FX SERIES PROGRAMMING MANUAL(II), FX3s/FX3G/FX3GC/ FX3U/FX3UC Programming Manual, FX0N/FX1N/FX2N/FX2NC/FX3G/FX3GC/FX3U/FX3UC SERIES HARDWARE MANUAL of each PLC.

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Attention

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Programmable Controller (Open Type Equipment) Type:

MELSEC FX_{2N} series manufactured Models:

from December 1st 1998 EX2N-2AD

Standard	Remark
EN61131-2: 2007	Compliance with all relevant aspects of the standard.
Programmable controllers	EMI
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	Radiated electromagnetic field
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	 Voltage drops and interruptions
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Mitsubishi Electric recommend that shielded cables should be used. If NO other EMC protection is provided, then users may experience temporary loss or accuracy between ±10% in very heavy industrial areas. However, Mitsubishi Electric suggest that if adequate EMC precautions are followed for the users complete control system, users should expect accuracy as specified in this manual.

- Sensitive analog cable should not be laid in the same trunking or cable conduit as high voltage cabling. Where possible users should run analog cables separately.
- Good cable shielding should be used. When terminating the shield at Earth ensure that no earth loops are accidentally created.
- When reading analog values, EMC accuracy can be improved out by averaging the readings. This can be achieved either through functions on the through a users program in the main unit.

1. Introduction

The FX2N-2AD type analog input block (hereafter referred to as the FX2N-2AD) is used to convert the analog input of two points (voltage and current input) into a digital value of 12 bits, and to forward the values to the Programmable Controller (hereafter referred to as a PLC).

FX2N-2AD can connected to the FX0N, FX1N, FX2N, FX2NC, FX3G, FX3GC, FX3U, and the FX3UC series Programmable Controllers.

- 1) The analog input is selected from the voltage or current input by the method of connecting wires. At this time, assume the setting to be two channels common analog input (voltage or current input).
- 2) The analog to digital conversion characteristics can be adjusted.
- 3) The block occupies 8 I/O points which can be allocated from either inputs or outputs.
- 4) The data transfer with the PLC uses the FROM/TO instructions FX3U/FX3UC series PLC can use direct specification of buffer memory

2. External Dimensions and Parts



Mass (Weight): Approx. 0.2kg (0.44lbs) Accessories: Special Function block number label

3. Wirina



- *1 The FX_{2N}-2AD cannot have 1 channel as an analog voltage input and one channel as current input because both channels use the same offset and gain values. For current input please short circuit VIN and IIN as shown in the diagram
- *2 Connect a 0.1 to 0.47 µF 25V DC capacitor with the position of *2 when there is voltage ripple in the voltage input or there will be a lot of noise

4. Connection with Programmable controller

- 1) The FX2N-2AD and main unit are connected by a cable on the right of the main unit.
- 2) Up to 4 FX2N-2AD units can connect to the FX0N series PLC, up to 5 for FX1N, up to 8 for FX2N/FX3G/ FX3GC/FX3U/FX3UC or. up to 4 for the FX2NC series PLC. all with powered extension units. However the following limitation exists when the undermentioned special function blocks are connected.
- Main unit and powered extension units of 32 points I/O or less. Consumption current available for FX_{2N}: undermentioned special function blocks ≤ 190mA
- FX_{2N}: Main unit and powered extension units of I/O 48 points or more. Consumption current available for undermentioned special function blocks ≤ 300mA
- FX2NC: Up to 4 undermentioned special function blocks can be connected regardless of the system I/O.

FX0N/1N: Main unit and powered extension units. Up to 2 undermentioned special function blocks can be connected regardless of the system I/O

	FX2N-2AD	FX2N-2DA	FX0N-3A
Consumption current of 24V DC for one unit	50mA	85mA	90mA

The consumption current of the above units is to be subtracted from the service power supply of the host PLC.

- 3) The blocks occupies 8 points. (The 8 points can be allocated from either inputs or outputs).
- 4) FX2N-2AD consumes 5V DC by 20mA.

The total 5V consumption of all special function blocks connected to a main unit or an extension unit must not exceed the 5V source capacity of the system.

5. Specifications

5.1 General specification

Item	
Dielectric withstand	,
voltage	

5.2 Power supply specification and others

-	
Item	Content
Analog circuits	24V DC \pm 10% 50mA (Internal power supplied from the main unit)
Digital circuits	5V DC 20mA (Internal power supplied from the main unit)
Isolation	Photo-coupler isolation between analog and digital circuits. No isolation between analog channels.
Number of occupied I/O points	The blocks occupies either 8 input or output points (can be either inputs or outputs)

5.3 Defining gain and offset

Item	Voltage input	Current input				
	At shipping, the unit is adjusted to a digital range of 0 to 4000 for an analo voltage input of 0 to 10V DC. When using an FX2N-2AD for current or differing voltage inputs except 0 to 10V DC, it is necessary to adjust the offset and gain.					
Range of analog input	0 to 10V DC, 0 to 5V DC (input resistance 200KΩ) Warning-this unit may be damaged by an input voltage in excess of -0.5V, +15V DC	4 to 20mA (input resistance 250Ω) Warning-this unit may be damaged by an input current in excess of -2mA, +60mA				
Digital output	12bit					
Resolution	2.5mV:10V/4000(At shipment) Change depending on the input characteristic.	4μA: (20-4)A/4000 Change depending on the input characteristic.				
Integrated accuracy	±0.1V	±0.16mA				
Processing time	2.5ms/1 channel (synchronized to the	sequence program)				
Input characteristics	Analog value :0 to 10V Digital value :0 to 4000 (At shipment) 4095 4000	Analog value :0 to 20mA Digital value :0 to 4000				
	President and the second secon	Tertific 0 4mA 20mA Analog value				
	The input characteristic is the same for	or each channel.				

6. Allocation of buffer memory (BFM)

6.1 Buffer memory

BFM number	b15 to b8	b7 to b4	b3	b2	b1	b0		
#0	Reserved	served Current value of input data (lower 8bit data)						
#1	Reserved Current value of input data (higher 4bit data)							
#2 to 16		Reserved						
#17	Reserved Analog to digital Analog to digital conversion beginning conversion channel							
#18 or more	Reserved							

BFM#0 :The current value of the input data for the channel specified with BFM#17 (lower 8bit data) is stored. The current value data is stored by binary

bv binarv

b0=0...CH1 b0=1...CH2

"8.Program example".

Content

500V AC 1min (Between all terminals and case)

General specifications other than the above-mentioned are the same as the main unit of the Programmable controller. (Refer to the Hardware manual of the Programmable controller)

BFM#1:The current value of the input data (higher 4bit data) is stored. The current value data is stored

BFM#17:b0...Channel (CH1,CH2) which does the analog to digital conversion is specified.

 $b1 \cdots 0 \rightarrow 1$ The A/D conversion process is started.

Write/read data to the above-mentioned buffer memory according to the programming example of

7. Adjustment of offset and gain

7.1 Change in input characteristic

At shipment, 0 to 4000 range is selected for 0 to 10V DC input.

When using an FX2N-2AD for current or differing voltage inputs except 0 to 10V DC, it is necessary to adjust the offset and gain.

The module does not allow different input characteristics for two channels.

Set analog values within the range specified in the table below when changing the input characteristic.

Range of input characteristic

	Voltage input	Current input
Analog value when digital value is 0	0 to 1V	0 to 4mA
Analog value when digital value is 4000	5 to 10V	20mA

Resolution changes depending on the set value when the input characteristic changes accordingly. Example: Resolution becomes (5 - 0V)/4000=1.25mV at voltage input 0 to 5V/0 to 4000. Integrated accuracy does not change. (Voltage input: ±0.1V, Current input: ±0.16mA)

7.2 Adjustment of the input characteristic

The adjustment of the offset and gain values sets a digital equivalent to the analogue data. (The "POT" requires 18 revolutions to move between MIN and MAX setting.)



*1 The digital value increases if the volume is turned clockwise.

(FX2N-4DA and FX2N-2DA can be used instead of the voltage and current generator)

7.2.1 Adjustment of gain

The gain value can be set to an arbitrary digital value.

However, using the maximum 12bit resolution provides the user with a digital range of 0 to 4000.



7.2.2 Adjustment of offset

The offset value can be set to an arbitrary digital value. However, it is advisable to set the analog value when the digital value is set as following



For instance, when a digital range of 0 to 4000 is used with the analog range of 0 to 10V, a digital value of 40 is equal to an analog input of 100mV. ($40 \times 10V/4000$ digital points)

- 1) The offset and gain adjustments for CH1 and CH2 are accomplished at the same time. When the offset and gain values of one channel are adjusted, the other channel is automatically adjusted.
- 2) Repeat the offset and gain adjustment alternately until a stable value is reached.
- 3) Each channel is common to the analog input circuit. However, check each channel individually for maximum accuracy
- 4) Adjust offset / gain by using subsection 8-3 "Example of programming making average value data" when a digital value is not steady
- 5) Adjust the gain before the offset.

8. Program example

The following program examples (8.1 and 8.3) are formula circuits.

The device numbers that have been underlined can be assigned by the user during programming.

8.1 Example of programming analog input

	X000							
0		-[TO	K0	K17	H0000	K1]-	a) Selecting A/D input channel 1.
		-[TO	K0	K17	H0002	K1]-	b) A/D conversion beginning of CH1
	*1	-[FROM	K0	K0	K2 <u>M100</u>	K2	┣	c) Reading of digital value of CH1.
				-{MOV	K3 <u>M100</u>	<u>D100</u>	⊢	d) The higher 4 bits of CH1 are moved to the lower 8 bits, and it is stored in D100
33		-[TO	K0	K17	H0001	K1]-	e) Selecting A/D input channel 2.
		-[ТО	K0	K17	H0003	K1]-	f) A/D conversion beginning of CH2
	*1	-[FROM	K0	K0	K2 <u>M100</u>	K2	⊦	g) Reading of digital value of CH2.
	· · ·			-[MOV	K3 <u>M100</u>	<u>D102</u>	Η	h) The higher 4 bits of CH2 are moved to the lower 8 bits, and it is

stored in D102

Analog to digital conversion execution input of CH1:X000

Analog to digital conversion execution input of CH2:X001

At the same time X000 and X001 can be turned ON.

A/D input data CH1 :D100 (Replace with auxiliary relay M100 to M115. Assign these numbers only once) A/D input data CH2 :D102 (Replace with auxiliary relay M100 to M115. Assign these numbers only once)

Processing time: 2.5ms / 1 channel

(Time from turning on X000 and X001 to storage of analog to digital conversion value in data register of main unit.)

*1 Change the circuit of "*1" as follows when using an FXON PLC



8.2 Connection to FX1N, FX2N (V3.00 or later), FX2NC (V3.00 or later), FX3G, FX3GC, FX3U or FX3UC series PLC

Please use FNC 176 (RD3A).

Refer to FX Series Programming Manual II or FX3s/FX3G/FX3G/FX3U/FX3UC Programming Manual.

8.3 Example of programming making average value data

Add the undermentioned program after "8.1 Example of programming analog input" and use the average value data when you can not read a stable digital value.

	148002)									
0		-		-{DMOV	K0	<u>D114</u>	Ъ	٦			
				-{DMOV	K0	<u>D116</u>	Ъ				
				-{DMOV	K0	<u>D118</u>	Ъ		> a	a)	Initialization of data
				-[MOV	K0	<u>D101</u>	Н				
				-{MOV	K0	<u>D103</u>	Ъ	J			
39	M8000)			-[DINC	<u>D118</u>	Н	b		b)	Count of sampling frequency
			-[DADD	<u>D114</u>	<u>D100</u>	<u>D114</u>	Ъ	с		c)	Total of input data of CH1
			-[DADD	<u>D116</u>	<u>D102</u>	<u>D116</u>	Н	d		d)	Total of input data of CH2
	M133		-[DCMP	<u>D118</u>	<u>K20</u> *1	<u>M132</u>	Н	е		e)	Comparison of sampling frequencies
84			-[DDIV	<u>D114</u>	<u>D118</u>	<u>D110</u>	Н	f		f)	K20 is an average frequency
			-[DDIV	<u>D116</u>	<u>D118</u>	<u>D112</u>	Н	g		1)	and the result is stored in D111, D110
										g)	The average value of CH2 is calculated, and the result is stored in D113, D112
A/D	input	data of CH1	:D100								

			KU	<u>D118</u>	- H /	, a	a)	Initialization of data
		-[MOV	K0	<u>D101</u>	Н			
		-{MOV	K0	D103	нJ			
18000 - -			-[DINC	<u>D118</u>	Ър		b)	Count of sampling frequency
	-[DADD	<u>D114</u>	<u>D100</u>	<u>D114</u>	Ъс		c)	Total of input data of CH1
	-[DADD	<u>D116</u>	<u>D102</u>	<u>D116</u>	Ъq		d)	Total of input data of CH2
122	-[DCMP	<u>D118</u>	<u>K20</u> *1	<u>M132</u>	Ъe		e)	Comparison of sampling frequ
-11	-[DDIV	<u>D114</u>	<u>D118</u>	<u>D110</u>	Ъł		£١	K20 is an average frequency
	-[DDIV	<u>D116</u>	<u>D118</u>	<u>D112</u>	Нg		1)	and the result is stored in D11
							g)	The average value of CH2 is and the result is stored in D11
put data of CH1	:D100							

A/D input data of CH2 :D102 Sampling frequency :D118

Agreement flag of sampling frequency and average frequency :M133

Average value of CH1 :D111, D110

- Average value of CH2 :D113, D112
- *1 The above program example has an average sampling frequency of 20. Make the average frequency within the range of 2 to 262143.

9. Notes in drive

- 1) Confirm whether the input wiring of FX2N-2AD and the connection of the extension cable is correctly
- 2) Confirm whether the "4. Connection with programmable controller" condition is satisfied.
- 3) When shipped from the factory, the input characteristic is adjusted to 0 to 10V DC. If a different input characteristic is desired, please adjust as required. When the input characteristic is adjusted, the input characteristics of CH1 and CH2 are changed.
- 4) The coexistence use for the current and voltage input cannot be done with two channels.

10. Error check

- 1) Confirm the state of POWER LED. :The extension cable is correctly connected. Turn off or blinks :Confirm the proper connection of the extension cable.
- 2) Confirm the external wiring per section "3. Wiring".
 - the FX2N-2AD.
 - 4) Confirm the Voltage and Current input values with a voltage and current generator. Confirm the analog to digital conversion from the input characteristic.
 - 5) Readjust the offset and gain by "7. Adjustment of offset and gain" when the analog to digital conversion is not suitable for the input characteristic. The input characteristic when shipped from the factory is 0 to 10V DC.

FUNCTION BLOCK

- If in doubt at any stage during the installation of the FX2N-2AD always consult a professional electrical engineer who is qualified and trained to the local and national standards. If in doubt about the operation or use of the FX2N-2AD please consult your local Mitsubishi Electric representative.
- Under no circumstances will Mitsubishi Electric be liable or responsible for any consequential damage that may arise as a result of the installation or use of this equipment.
- All examples and diagrams shown in this manual are intended only as an aid to understanding the text, not to guarantee operation. Mitsubishi Electric will accept no responsibility for actual use of the product based on these illustrative examples.

noted in this manual.

Warranty

related to human life backup or failsafe functions in the system.

MITS
HEAD OFF

JY992D74701G

- Confirm the following items when it seems that the FX2N-2AD does not operate normally.
- 3) Confirm whether the load resistance of the connected equipment corresponds to the specification of

Guidelines for the safety of the user and protection of the FX2N-2AD SPECIAL

This manual has been written to be used by trained and competent personnel. This is defined by the European directives for machinery, low voltage and EMC.

Owing to the very great variety in possible application of this equipment, you must satisfy yourself as to its suitability for your specific application.

This manual confers no industrial property rights or any rights of any other kind, nor does it confer any patent licenses. Mitsubishi Electric Corporation cannot be held responsible for any problems involving industrial property rights which may occur as a result of using the contents

Exclusion of loss in opportunity and secondary loss from warranty liability Regardless of the gratis warranty term, Mitsubishi shall not be liable for compensation to: (1) Damages caused by any cause found not to be the responsibility of Mitsubishi. (2) Loss in opportunity, lost profits incurred to the user by Failures of Mitsubishi products. (3) Special damages and secondary damages whether foreseeable or not, compensation for accidents, and compensation for damages to products other than Mitsubishi products. (4) Replacement by the user, maintenance of on-site equipment, start-up test run and other tasks.

▲ For safe use

This product has been manufactured as a general-purpose part for general industries, and has not been designed or manufactured to be incorporated in a device or system used in purposes

- Before using the product for special purposes such as nuclear power, electric power, aerospace, medicine or passenger movement vehicles, consult with Mitsubishi Electric. This product has been manufactured under strict quality control. However when installing the product where major accidents or losses could occur if the product fails, install appropriate
 - Manual number: JY992D74701
 - Manual revision: G
 - Date
- : December 2016

UBISHI ELECTRIC CORPORATION

ICE : TOKYO BUILDING, 2-7-3 MARUNOUCHI, CHIYODA-KU, TOKYO 100-8310, JAPA

Effective December 2016 Specifications are subject to change without notice.