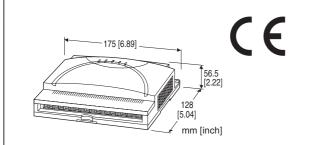
## **PC Recorders RZMS Series**

## **PC RECORDER**

(universal input, 12 points; isolated)

#### **Functions & Features**

- Industrial recorder on PC
- 12-point universal inputs
- Channel-to-channel isolation
- Trigger input and alarm contact output
- Filtering protection against 50/60 Hz noise
- Modbus RS-485 and RS-232-C interface
- Easy system expansion via Modbus RTU



# MODEL: RZMS-U9T-[1]/MSR

## **ORDERING INFORMATION**

• Code number: RZMS-U9T-[1]/MSR Specify a code from below for [1]. (e.g. RZMS-U9T-M2/MSR)

## FIELD TERMINAL TYPE

T: M3 screw terminals

## [1] POWER INPUT

### AC Power

**M2**: 100 – 240 V AC (Operational voltage range 85 – 264 V, 47 – 66 Hz)

**DC** Power

**R**: 24 V DC

(Operational voltage range 24 V ±10 %, ripple 10 %p-p max.)

## **OPTIONS**

PC Recorder Software Package (must be specified) /MSR: With

### **RELATED PRODUCTS**

• Resistor module (model: REM3-250)

Though the REM3 is designed to be mounted directly to this model, we recommend that it be attached to a separate terminal board in order to eliminate its heat conduction to affect the cold junction compensation and the overall measuring accuracy of this model.

• RZXS configurator software (model: RZMSCFG)

Downloadable at M-System's web site.

A dedicated cable is required to connect the module to the PC. Please refer to the internet software download site or the users manual for the PC configurator for applicable cable types.

### PACKAGE INCLUDES...

- PC Recorder Software CD
- 9-pin D-sub connector, straight type (1 m or 3.3 ft)

## **GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS**

#### Connection

**Power input, transmission**: Euro type connector terminal (Applicable wire size: 0.2 – 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG24 – 12), stripped length 7 mm)

**RS-232-C**: 9-pin D-sub connector (male, lock screw No. 4-40 UNC)

I/O: M3 screw terminals (torque: 0.6 N·m)

**PC Configurator**: Miniature jack, RS-232-C level **Screw terminal**: Nickel-plated steel

Housing material: Flame-resistant resin (gray) Isolation: Input 1 to input 2 to input 3 to input 4 to input 5 to input 6 to input 7 to input 8 to input 9 to input 10 to input 11 to input 12 to trigger input to alarm output to RS-232-C

or RS-485 or configurator jack to power to FG

**Zero/span adjustments**: Available with PC Configurator Software for all types of inputs.

**Burnout for T/C and RTD input**: Upscale, Downscale or No burnout selectable

Select 'No Burnout' to minimize the measuring errors caused by the sensor/wire resistance and the burnout sensing current.

With RTD input, the signal may go transiently to the opposite direction from the burnout setting.

With DC/potentiometer input, the burnout setting is ignored and the burnout sensing current is cancelled.

In order to specify burnout actions to individual channels, use PC Configurator Software.

**Wire resistance compensation for RTD input**: Field calibration for 3-wire (or 2-wire) RTD available with PC Configurator Software.

**Cold junction compensation (CJC) for T/C input**: CJC can be enabled or disabled. Reference temperature is measured at



the internal sensor by factory setting.

In order to specify cold junction compensation to individual channels, use PC Configurator Software.

Temperature measured at another channel of this model can be specified as the reference point by using PC Configurator Software. This is beneficial to reduce compensation wires' cost when there are many temperature points in remote locations.

Install a relaying terminal board near the sensors and use ordinary copper wires between the board and this model, and assign one channel to measure temperature at the terminal board as the reference.

**Operating mode setting**: Rotary switch; burnout type, cold junction compensation, line noise frequency, software filter, A/D conversion mode, service channel numbers setting available

**Line noise filter**: NMNR ratio to the line frequency and its harmonic contents can be optimized. Factory set to 50/60 Hz mode for use with both frequencies. Select either frequency for the most effective result.

**Programmable first order lag filter**: Time constant selectable with PC Configurator Software.

The use of this filter is disabled at the factory shipment. With the large time constant setting, measured signals during the warm-up immediately after the power is turned on may affect the signals for a long time period.

**A/D conversion mode**: Fast, Medium or Slow selectable with PC Configurator Software.

With Slow setting, data fluctuations are minimized with limited sampling time (speed).

With Fast setting, sampling time (speed) can be high though data fluctuations increase.

**Node address setting**: Rotary switch; 1 – F (15 nodes) **Indicator LEDs**: Five (5) LEDs indicate the module's operating conditions.

**Service channel numbers**: 12 channels (ch.1 thr. 12) or 6 channels (ch.1 thr. 6) are selectable with PC Configurator Software. Factory set to 12 channels.

## COMMUNICATION

Baud rate: 38.4 kbps

**Communication**: Half-duplex, asynchronous, no procedure **Protocol**: Modbus RTU

■ RS-232-C

Standard: Conforms to RS-232-C, EIA

Transmission distance: 10 meters max.

■ RS-485

Standard: Conforms to TIA/EIA-485-A

Transmission distance: 500 meters max.

**Transmission media**: Shielded twisted-pair cable (CPEV-S 0.9 dia.)



### DC Voltage

Input resistance: 900 k $\Omega$  min.

Excluding the case in which, with range setting other than  $\pm 12 \text{ V}, \pm 6 \text{ V} \text{ or } \pm 3 \text{ V}$ , a voltage exceeding  $\pm 1.3 \text{ V}$  is applied. Input range:  $\pm 60 \text{ mV}, \pm 125 \text{ mV}, \pm 250 \text{ mV}, \pm 500 \text{ mV}, \pm 1000 \text{ mV}, \pm 3 \text{ V}, \pm 6 \text{ V}, \pm 12 \text{ V}$ Thermocouple Input resistance:  $900 \text{ k}\Omega$  minimum

Input type: (PR), K (CA), E (CRC), J (IC), T (CC), B (RH), R, S, C (WRe 5-26), N, U, L, P (Platinel II)

**Burnout sensing** 

Upscale: ≤ 130 nA

**Downscale**: ≤ 220 nA

No burnout: ≤ 10 nA

Burnout sensing time

K, E, J, N, L, P (upscale):  $\leq$  20 seconds Others:  $\leq$  10 seconds

### ■ RTD (3-wire)

**Excitation**: 1.25 V / (1.25 k $\Omega$  + load resistance across the terminals A – C); 1.00 mA with 10  $\Omega$  across A – C;

0.55 mA with 1000  $\Omega$  across A – C

**Allowable leadwire resistance**: 20 Ω per wire **Input type**: Pt 100 (JIS '89), Pt 100 (JIS '97, IEC), Pt 200, Pt 300, Pt 400, Pt 500, Pt 1000, Pt 50Ω (JIS '81), JPt 100 (JIS '89), Ni 100, Ni 120, Ni 508.4Ω, Ni-Fe 604, Cu 10 @ 25°C

### **Burnout sensing**

Upscale or Downscale: ≤ 130 nA

No burnout:  $\leq 10 \text{ nA}$ 

**Burnout sensing time**:  $\leq$  10 seconds

### Potentiometer

**Excitation**: 1.25 V / (1.31 k $\Omega$  + load resistance across the terminals A – C); 0.83 mA with 200  $\Omega$  across A – C; 0.20 mA with 5 k $\Omega$  across A – C

Allowable leadwire resistance:  $20 \Omega$  per wire Total resistance: See Potentiometer Input Table of the "Input type, Range, Accuracy & Temperature Coefficient" section.

Trigger Input: Dry contact; detected ON at  $\leq 0.8$  V Voltage across the terminals:  $\leq 2.5$  V

Current across the terminals: ≤ 4.0 mA ■ SAMPLING TIME

LINE NOISE	SERVICE	A/D CONVERSION (Sec.)		
FILTER FREQ.	CH. NO.	MEDIUM	SLOW	FAST
$50~\mathrm{Hz}$	12 ch	0.68	0.94	0.43
	6 ch	0.38	0.53	0.26
50/60 Hz	12 ch	0.63	0.87	0.40
	6 ch	0.35	0.49	0.24
60 Hz	12 ch	0.59	0.80	0.38
	6 ch	0.33	0.45	0.22

Multplied by two (2) for RTD and potentiometer input.



**RZMS-U9 SPECIFICATIONS** 

### **OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS**

■ Alarm Output: Photo MOSFET relay (no polarity);  $\leq 50 \ \Omega$  at ON,  $\geq 1 \ M\Omega$  at OFF; OFF when not powered Peak load voltage: 50 V max. Continuous load current: 50 mA max. Peak load current: 300 mA max. ( $\leq 0.1 \ \text{sec.}$ )

### INSTALLATION

Power consumption •AC: Approx. 5 VA •DC: Approx. 1.2 W Operating temperature: -5 to +60°C (23 to 140°F) Operating humidity: 30 to 90 %RH (non-condensing) Mounting: Surface or DIN rail Weight: 520 g (1.15 lb)

### PERFORMANCE

**Accuracy**: See "Input type, Range, Accuracy & Temperature Coefficient" section.

### Cold junction compensation error: (°C)

 $\leq \pm [0.6 + |$ Ambient Temp. - 25|× 0.04]

(in stable ambient temperature; e.g.  $\pm 1.0^{\circ}\text{C}$  at 15°C and 35°C)

Applicable with balanced terminal temperature.

Error will increase by imbalances caused by direct mounting of the REM3 to the terminals.

**Temp. coefficient**: See "Input type, Range, Accuracy & Temperature Coefficient" section.

Response time (Assuming the fastest reading on Modbus) •DC of ±1000 mV or narrower ranges or T/C:

 $\leq$  [Sampling Time + 0.3 sec.] (0 - 90 %)

•DC of ±3 V or wider ranges:

 $\leq$  [Sampling Time + 0.5 sec.] (0 - 90 %)

### RTD or potentiometer:

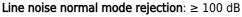
≤ [Sampling Time + 0.3 sec.] (0 – 90 %) Insulation resistance: ≥ 100 MΩ with 500 V DC

Dielectric strength: 500 Vpeak @1 minute

(input 1 to input 2 to input 3 to input 4 to input 5 to input 6 to input 7 to input 8 to input 9 to input 10 to input 11 to input 12 to trigger input to alarm output to RS-232-C or RS-485 or configurator jack to power or FG) 2000 V AC @ 1 minute (power to FG)

Note: Peak value including both AC and DC (e.g. 354 V AC with 0 V DC).

Though the withstand voltage is limited to 500 Vpeak between the I/O (analog inputs, trigger input or alarm output) and the power input, there will be no dielectric breakdown between the I/O (with or without grounding) and other terminals even when 2000 V AC is applied across FG and the power input if the earth terminal is adequately grounded.



Magnitude of the effects of normal mode 50/60 Hz noise, with the most appropriate line noise filter frequency setting. Each input circuit has a CR filter of sufficient large time constant so that there will be little effect of line noise such as 500 mV AC superposed on a thermocouple or  $\pm 60$  mV input.

### Common mode noise rejection

Magnitude of the effects of voltages applied across the terminal C and the ground terminal when there is no potential difference among all the C terminals.

DC: N/A

AC, ±3 V, ±6 V, ±12 V: Approx. 86 dB

AC, other ranges: Approx. 120 dB

### Common mode noise rejection between channels:

Magnitude of the effects of DC/50/60 Hz voltages applied across the terminals C of the present and the last scanned channels. (Data are scanned from ch 1 to ch 12 in turn and back to ch 1 again.)

DC, ±3 V, ±6 V, ±12 V: Approx. 100 dB

DC, other ranges: Approx. 120 dB

AC, ±3 V, ±6 V, ±12 V: Approx. 86 dB

AC, other ranges: Approx. 106 dB

High common mode noise between channels may compromise the accuracies in low millivolts measuring including thermocouple input.

We recommend that C terminals of each channel be crosswired and then connected to the ground terminal to ensure the measurement of the highest accuracy.

If such configuration is not possible, take special consideration to minimize the channel-to-channel common mode noise and the potential against the ground terminal. The potential of the open terminal C against the ground terminal equals to that of the last scanned channel. If ch 2 and ch 3 are not connected, the accuracy of ch 4 measurement is affected by potential difference between the C terminals of ch 1 and ch 4.

### **STANDARDS & APPROVALS**

EU conformity: EMC Directive EMI EN 61000-6-4 EMS EN 61000-6-2 Low Voltage Directive EN 61010-1 Installation Category II Pollution Degree 2 Power input to input or output: Reinforced insulation (300 V) RoHS Directive



### **INPUT TYPE, RANGE, ACCURACY & TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT**

Applicable with the common mode voltage 0 V between C terminals of all channels and between C terminal of each channel and the ground terminal.

The effects by the following factors are excluded:

Fast A/D conversion mode; temperature drift with the REM3 directly mounted to the I/O terminals; wire resistance; burnout sensing current with upscale/downscale settings.

#### **DC Voltage Input**

INPUT RANGE	ACCURACY (mV)
±60mV	±0.05
$\pm 125 mV$	±0.07
±250mV	±0.13
±500mV	±0.25
$\pm 1000 \mathrm{mV}$	±0.5
±3V	±2.5
$\pm 6V$	±5
±12V	±10

#### Thermocouple Input, Celsius

	T/C	USABLE RANGE (°C)	CONFORMANCE RANGE (°C)	ACCURACY (°C)
	(PR)	0 to 1770	400 to 1770	±4.6
Κ	(CA)	-270 to +1370	0 to 1370	±1.5
Ε	(CRC)	-270 to +1000	0 to 1000	±0.8
J	(IC)	-210 to +1200	0 to 1200	±1.0
Т	(CC)	-270 to +400	0 to 400	±1.3
В	(RH)	100 to 1820	700 to 1820	±7.2
R		-50 to +1760	400 to 1760	±4.8
$\mathbf{S}$		-50 to +1760	400 to 1760	±5.3
С	$(WRe \; 5\text{-}26)$	0 to 2320	0 to 2320	±4.9
Ν		-270 to +1300	0 to 1300	±1.9
U		-200 to +600	0 to 600	±1.3
$\mathbf{L}$		-200 to +900	0 to 900	±1.0
Ρ	(Platinel II)	0 to 1395	0 to 1395	±1.7

### Thermocouple Input, Fahrenheit

	/		
T/C	USABLE RANGE (°F)	CONFORMANCE RANGE (°F)	ACCURACY (°F)
(PR)	32 to 3218	752 to 3218	±8.28
K(CA)	-454 to +2498	32 to 2498	±2.7
E (CRC)	-454 to +1832	32 to 1832	±1.44
J (IC)	-346 to +2192	32 to 2192	±1.8
T (CC)	-454 to +752	32 to 752	±2.34
B (RH)	212 to 3308	1292 to 3308	±13.0
R	-58 to +3200	752 to 3200	±8.64
S	-58 to +3200	752 to 3200	±9.54
C (WRe 5-26)	32 to 4208	32 to 4208	±8.82
N	-454 to +2372	32 to 2372	±3.42
U	-328 to +1112	32 to 1112	±2.34
L	-328 to +1652	32 to 1652	±1.8
P (Platinel II)	32 to 2543	32 to 2543	±3.06

Note 1: Measuring accuracy at 50µV emf. Note 2: CJC error is not included.



DTD	RTD USABLE RANGE (°C)-	ACCURACY		
RID		at < 0°C	at ≥ 0°C	
Pt 100 (JIS '97, IEC)	-200 to +850	±0.4°C	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.1\%]$ ( $\pm 1.3^{\circ}C$ at 850°C)	
Pt 200	-200 to +850	±0.3°C	±[0.3°C + Measured Value × 0.17%] (±1.8°C at 850°C)	
Pt 300	-200 to +850		$\begin{array}{l} \pm [0.4^{\circ}\mathrm{C} + \mathrm{Measured \ Value} \times 0.21\%] \\ (\pm 2.2^{\circ}\mathrm{C} \ \mathrm{at} \ 850^{\circ}\mathrm{C}) \end{array}$	
Pt 400	-200 to +850	$\begin{array}{l} \pm [0.4^{\circ}\mathrm{C} + \mathrm{Measured~Value} \times 0.11\%] \\ (\pm 0.18^{\circ}\mathrm{C~at~-}200^{\circ}\mathrm{C}) \end{array}$	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.21\%]$ ( $\pm 2.2^{\circ}C$ at 850°C)	
Pt 500	-200 to +850	±[0.4°C + Measured Value × 0.13%] (±0.14°C at -200°C)	$\begin{array}{l} \pm [0.4^{\circ}\mathrm{C} + \mathrm{Measured} \ \mathrm{Value} \times 0.26\%] \\ (\pm 2.6^{\circ}\mathrm{C} \ \mathrm{at} \ 850^{\circ}\mathrm{C}) \end{array}$	
Pt 1000	-200 to +850	$\begin{array}{l} \pm [0.4^{\circ}\mathrm{C} + \mathrm{Measured~Value} \times 0.15\%] \\ (\pm 0.10^{\circ}\mathrm{C~at~-}200^{\circ}\mathrm{C}) \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{l} \pm [0.4^{\circ}\mathrm{C} + \mathrm{Measured \ Value} \times 0.4\%] \\ (\pm 3.8^{\circ}\mathrm{C} \ \mathrm{at} \ 850^{\circ}\mathrm{C}) \end{array} $	
Pt 100 (JIS '89)	-200 to +660	±0.4°C	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}\text{C} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.1\%]$ ( $\pm 1.1^{\circ}\text{C}$ at 650°C)	
JPt 100 (JIS '89)	-200 to +510	±0.4°C	±[0.4°C + Measured Value × 0.1%] (±0.91°C at 510°C)	
Pt 50Ω (JIS '81)	-200 to +649	$\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ C at < 160°C, $\pm [0.4^{\circ}$ C + Measured	d Value × 0.1%] at ≥ 160°C (±1.049°C at 649°C)	
Ni 100	-80 to +260	±0.3°C		
Ni 120	-80 to +260	±0.3°C		
Ni 508.4Ω	-50 to +280	$\pm [0.25^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.06\%]$	$(\pm 0.22^{\circ}\text{C at }-50^{\circ}\text{C}, \pm 0.42^{\circ}\text{C at }280^{\circ}\text{C})$	
Ni-Fe 604	-200 to +200	±0.9°C at -200°C, ±0.6°C at -150°C, ±0.5°C at ±100°C, ±0.7°C at 200°C		
Cu 10 @ 25°C	-50 to +250	±1.2°C (only after the field calibrations)		

#### **RTD Input, Fahrenheit**

RTD USABLE RANGE (		ACCURACY		
RID	USABLE RANGE (°F)	at < 32°F	at ≥ 32°F	
Pt 100 (JIS '97, IEC)	-328 to +1562	±0.72°F	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.1\%]$ ( $\pm 1.3^{\circ}C$ at 850°C)	
Pt 200	-328 to +1562	±0.54°F	±[0.3°C + Measured Value × 0.17%] (±1.8°C at 850°C)	
Pt 300	-328 to +1562	$\begin{array}{l} \pm [0.72^\circ F + Measured \ Value \times \ 0.08\%] \\ (\pm 0.44^\circ F \ at \ -328^\circ F) \end{array}$	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.21\%]$ ( $\pm 2.2^{\circ}C$ at 850°C)	
Pt 400	-328 to +1562	$\pm [0.72^\circ F$ + Measured Value $\times$ 0.11%] $(\pm 0.33^\circ F$ at -328°F)	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.21\%]$ ( $\pm 2.2^{\circ}C$ at 850°C)	
Pt 500	-328 to +1562	$\begin{array}{l} \pm [0.72^\circ F \ + \ Measured \ Value \ \times \ 0.13\%] \\ (\pm 0.26^\circ F \ at \ -328^\circ F) \end{array}$	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.26\%]$ ( $\pm 2.6^{\circ}C$ at 850°C)	
Pt 1000	-328 to +1562	$\pm [0.72^{\circ}F + Measured Value \times 0.15\%]$ ( $\pm 0.18^{\circ}F$ at -328°F)	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.4\%]$ ( $\pm 3.8^{\circ}C$ at 850°C)	
Pt 100 (JIS '89)	-328 to +1220	±0.72°F	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.1\%]$ ( $\pm 1.1^{\circ}C$ at 650°C)	
JPt 100 (JIS '89)	-328 to +950	±0.72°F	$\pm [0.4^{\circ}\text{C} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.1\%]$ (±0.91°C at 510°C)	
Pt 50Ω (JIS '81)	-328 to +1200	$\pm 0.9^{\circ}$ F at < 320°F, $\pm [0.72^{\circ}$ F + Measured Value × 0.1%] at ≥ 320°F ( $\pm 1.888^{\circ}$ F at 1200°F)		
Ni 100	-112 to +500	±0.54°F		
Ni 120	-112 to +500	±0.54°F		
Ni 508.4Ω	-58 to +536	$\pm [0.45^{\circ}F + Measured Value \times 0.06\%] (\pm 0.40^{\circ}F at -58^{\circ}F, \pm 0.76^{\circ}F at 536^{\circ}F)$		
Ni-Fe 604	-328 to +392	±1.62°F at -328°F, ±1.08°F at -238°F, ±0.9°F at ±212°F, ±1.26°F at 392°F		
Cu 10 @ 25°C	-58 to +482	±2.16°F (only after the field calibrations)		

Note 1: The lower the temperature range, the better the accuracy is for Pt 300, Pt 400, Pt 500, Pt 1000 and Ni 508.4Ω. 'Measured Value' in the equations is not an absolute value. Include the minus sign when calculating accuracies.

Note 2: For Cu 10 @ 25°C, be sure to perform the field calibrations of wire imbalance and zero/span by using the PC Configurator Software.



TOTAL RESISTANCE	ACCURACY
Up to $200\Omega$	$\pm 0.12\%$ at $200\Omega$
Up to $500\Omega$	$\pm 0.14\%$ at $500\Omega$
Up to 5kΩ	±0.14% at 1kΩ
	$\pm 0.10\%$ at $2k\Omega$ or $5k\Omega$

#### **Temperature Coefficient**

INPUT TYPE	TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT		
DC Voltage	$\pm [Nominal Input Range \times 0.015\%]/^{\circ}C$ or $\pm [Nominal Input Range \times 0.008\%]/^{\circ}F$		
	(e.g. ±0.018mV/°C with ±60mV range)		
Thermocouple	±[Accuracy / 3] °C/°C or ±[Accuracy / 3] °F/°F (e.g. =	±0.27°C/°C with E thermocouple)	
RTD	at < 0°C or 32°F	at ≥ 0°C or 32°F	
Pt 100 (JIS '97, IEC)	±0.041°C/°C ±0.041°F/°F	±[0.041°C + Measured Value × 0.026%]/°C ±[0.041°F + Measured Value × 0.026%]/°F	
Pt 200	±0.044°C/°C ±0.044°F/°F	±[0.044°C + Measured Value × 0.033%]/°C ±[0.044°F + Measured Value × 0.033%]/°F	
Pt 300	±0.047°C/°C ±0.047°F/°F	±[0.047°C + Measured Value × 0.04%]/°C ±[0.047°F + Measured Value × 0.04%]/°F	
Pt 400	±0.05°C/°C ±0.05°F/°F	$\pm [0.05^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.052\%]/^{\circ}C$ $\pm [0.05^{\circ}F + Measured Value \times 0.052\%]/^{\circ}F$	
Pt 500	±0.053°C/°C ±0.053°F/°F	±[0.053°C + Measured Value × 0.053%]/°C ±[0.053°F + Measured Value × 0.053%]/°F	
Pt 1000	±[0.068°C + Measured Value × 0.025%]/°C ±[0.068°F + Measured Value × 0.025%]/°F	±[0.068°C + Measured Value × 0.087%]/°C ±[0.068°F + Measured Value × 0.087%]/°F	
Pt 100 (JIS '89)	±0.041°C/°C ±0.041°F/°F	$ \begin{array}{l} \pm [0.041^{\circ}\text{C} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.024\%]/^{\circ}\text{C} \\ \pm [0.041^{\circ}\text{F} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.024\%]/^{\circ}\text{F} \end{array} $	
JPt 100 (JIS '89)	±0.041°C/°C ±0.041°F/°F	±[0.041°C + Measured Value × 0.023%]/°C ±[0.041°F + Measured Value × 0.023%]/°F	
Pt 50Ω (JIS '81)	±0.039°C/°C ±0.039°F/°F	±[0.039°C + Measured Value × 0.021%]/°C ±[0.039°F + Measured Value × 0.021%]/°F	
Ni 100	±0.028°C/°C ±0.028°F/°F	$\pm [0.028^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.01\%]/^{\circ}C$ $\pm [0.028^{\circ}F + Measured Value \times 0.01\%]/^{\circ}F$	
Ni 120	±0.028°C/°C ±0.028°F/°F	$\pm [0.028^{\circ}C + Measured Value \times 0.01\%]/^{\circ}C$ $\pm [0.028^{\circ}F + Measured Value \times 0.01\%]/^{\circ}F$	
Ni 508.4Ω	±0.046°C/°C ±0.046°F/°F	±[0.046°C + Measured Value × 0.018%]/°C ±[0.046°F + Measured Value × 0.018%]/°F	
Ni-Fe 604	$ \pm 0.058^{\circ}\text{C/}^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ at} \le -200^{\circ}\text{C}, \pm 0.043^{\circ}\text{C/}^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ at} -150^{\circ}\text{C}, \pm 0.04^{\circ}\text{C/}^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ at} -100^{\circ}\text{C}, \pm [0.047^{\circ}\text{C} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.023\%]/^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ at} \ge 0^{\circ}\text{C} \times 10058^{\circ}\text{F/}^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} \le -328^{\circ}\text{F}, \pm 0.043^{\circ}\text{F/}^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} -238^{\circ}\text{F}, \pm 0.043^{\circ}\text{F/}^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} -148^{\circ}\text{F}, \pm [0.047^{\circ}\text{F} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.023\%]/^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} \ge 32^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} -238^{\circ}\text{F}, \pm 0.043^{\circ}\text{F/}^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} -148^{\circ}\text{F}, \pm [0.047^{\circ}\text{F} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.023\%]/^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} \ge 32^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} -238^{\circ}\text{F}, \pm 0.043^{\circ}\text{F/}^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} -148^{\circ}\text{F}, \pm [0.047^{\circ}\text{F} + \text{Measured Value} \times 0.023\%]/^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} \ge 32^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} -238^{\circ}\text{F}, \pm 0.043^{\circ}\text{F/}^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} -238^{\circ}\text{F}, \pm 0.043^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} -238^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} -328^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} -338^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} -338^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} -338^{\circ}\text{F} \text{ at} -338^{\circ}\text{F}  $		
Cu 10 @ 25°C	±0.07°C/°C or ±0.07°F/°F		
Potentiometer	±0.005%/°C or ±0.003%/°F		
	1		

### PC RECORDER SOFTWARE

PC Recorder Software Package (model: MSRPAC-2010) is included with purchases of the RZMS modules.

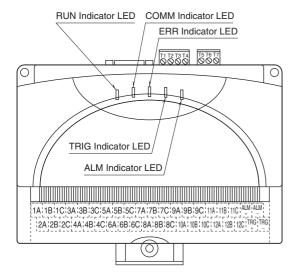
Refer to the MSRPAC-2010 data sheet for the contents of the package and the requirements for the PC to be prepared by the user.

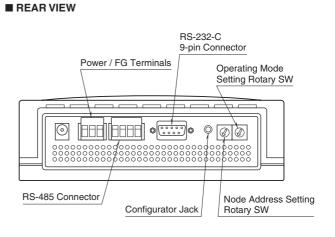
The RZMS is usable with the following programs included in the MSRPAC-2010: MSR128, MSR128LS and MSR-128LV.



### **EXTERNAL VIEW**

#### TOP VIEW





#### ■ INDICATOR LED

RUN: Green LED blinks when the internal microprocessor is operating normally. COMM: Communication LED. Amber LED turns on when the RZMS is receiving normal data query frames from Modbus and sending responses out.

**ERR**: Error LED. Red LED turns on with internal errors and blinks when the

RZMS is receiving abnormal data query frames from Modbus.

**TRG**: Trigger LED. Amber LED turns on when the trigger contact input turns on. **ALM**: Alarm LED. Amber LED turns on when the alarm contact output turns on.

#### ■ RS-232-C INTERFACE

1	5
	•••
6	9

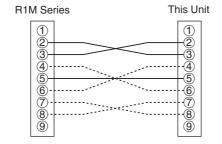
ABBR.	PIN NO.	EXPLANATION OF FUNCTION
BA (SD)	2	Transmitted Data
BB (RD)	3	Received Data
AB (SG)	5	Signal Common
CB (CS)	7	Clear to Send
$CA\left( RS ight)$	8	Request to Send
	1	Not Used.
	4	DO NOT connect. Connecting may
	6	cause malfunctions.
	9	



#### ■ RS-232-C CABLE

- Use a 'Straight' cable to connect this model to a PC if not with the cable included in the product package.
- For connecting this model to the R1M or the R2K-1 via RS-232-C, the RS-232-C cable must satisfy the following conditions:
- (1) Includes the connections shown with solid lines in the figure below.
- (2) Pins No. 8 are not connected between each other. (May cause breakdowns.)
- 'Interlink' or 'Reverse' cables are usually applicable.

#### Pin Assignments

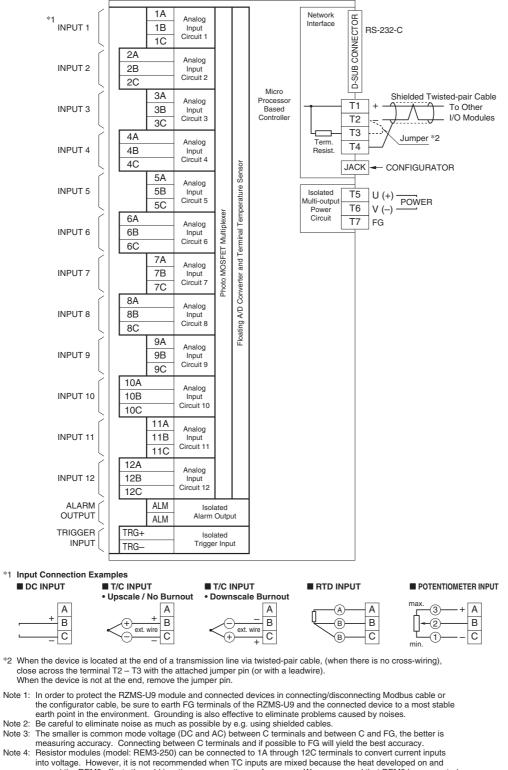


The above connection including solid and broken lines is an example of 'Interlink' cable.



### **CONNECTION DIAGRAM**

Note: In order to improve EMC performance, bond the FG terminal to ground. Caution: FG terminal is NOT a protective conductor terminal.



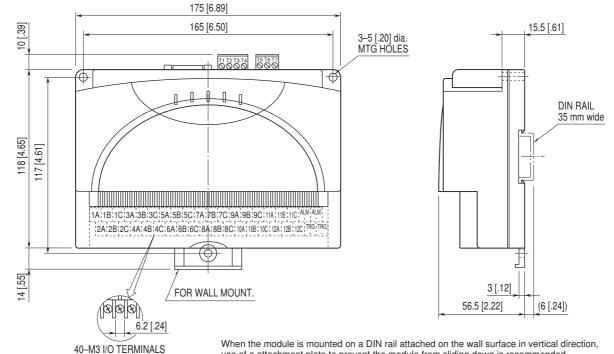
around the REM3 affects the cold junction compensation performance. We recommend that REM3 be connected on a separate terminal board. Note 5: When the internal temperature sensors are used for CJC, temperature imbalance around the terminal block affects greatly the CJC accuracy. In order to minimize such imbalance, do not use wires of large diameter which has large heat dissipation. Be sure to close the terminal cover. Do not expose the module directly in the line of wind from a

cooling fan. Note 6: Two-wire RTD can be used by closing across B and C terminals. Be sure to compensate wire resistance by PC Configurator Software.

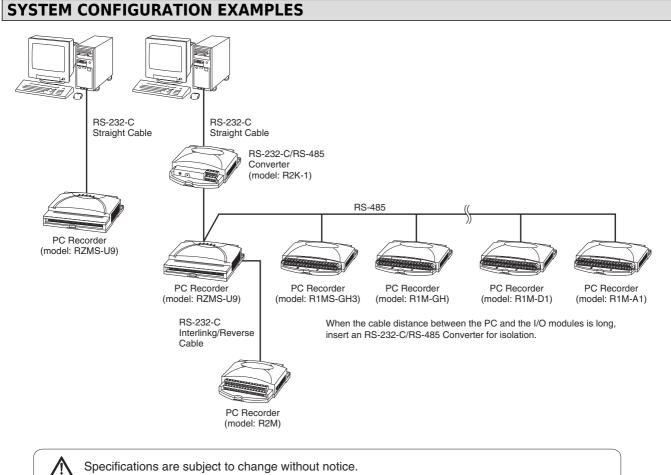


**RZMS-U9 SPECIFICATIONS** 

#### **EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS & TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS** unit: mm [inch]



use of a attachment plate to prevent the module from sliding down is recommended.



Specifications are subject to change without notice.



**RZMS-U9 SPECIFICATIONS**