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## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

## ■MEASUREMENT

Single-phase/2-wire can measure up to four circuits, single-phase/3-wire and three-phase/ 3 -wire can measure up to two circuits, and three-phase/4-wire can measure up to one circuit at the same time.
Each line current, each phase voltage, voltage between each line, active power, reactive power, apparent power, power factor, frequency, or various energy can be measured. (Energy except for each phase active power, each phase reactive power, each phase apparent power, each phase power factor, and active energy cannot be displayed. Modbus communication only.)
THD (total harmonic distortion) of each line current, each phase voltage, and voltage between each line and harmonic from 2nd to 31st can be measured. (Harmonic cannot be displayed. Modbus communication only.)
Maximum and minimum of each measurement value can be measured. (Maximum and minimum cannot be displayed. Modbus communication only.)
Simple measurement is possible that measures power and energy by fixing voltage and power factor and by measuring only current.

## ■ISPLAY

Measurement value can be displayed by organic EL.

## ■ COMMUNICATION

Measurement value is available by Modbus-RTU communication from high-end device such as PLC.

## ■OUTPUT

Energy count pulse can be output at Do1 and Do2.

## ■ SETTING

Settings can be changed by the unit operation and organic EL display.
Settings also can be changed by configurator software PMCFG that can be connected with Windows PC using configurator cable.

## COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION

## ■FRONT VIEW



## - DISPLAY UNIT

Segment display by organic EL
Measurement value or setting value can be displayed.

## ■OPERATION BUTTON

Switch display or change settings with four buttons $\triangle \mathbb{V} \square \triangle$ IMODE.

## MEASUREMENT VALUE DISPLAY

## ■ BUTTON OPERATION

After turning on power to the unit, all segments turn on and energy of circuit A is displayed.
The following example is voltage between $1-\mathrm{N}$ of circuit A .


Press the following buttons to switch the display.

| Button operation | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| Long-press | Switch to setting value display. |
| $\triangle /$ MODE | Switch circuits. |
| $\triangle \boxtimes$ | Switch measurement value. |
| $\square$ | Switch THD display. |

## ■SWITCH TO SETTING VALUE DISPLAY

Long-press button until the screen flashes twice to switch setting value display. (Refer to page 10.)

## ■SWITCH CIRCUIT

Every time $>$ MOODE button is pressed, circuit switches from circuit A to circuit B, or from circuit B to circuit C.
After circuit D, it returns to circuit A.
Whatever measurement value is displayed before switching circuit, active energy (incoming) is displayed after switching circuit.
Press $\triangle$ IMODE with $\triangle$ to switch the same measurement value as the one displayed before switching circuit.


Measurable circuits are different depending on the system configuration.
For unmeasurable circuits, switch by $\triangle /$ MODE button is skipped.

| System configuration | Circuit A | Circuit B | Circuit C | Circuit D |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Single-phase/2-wire | X | X | X | X |
| Single-phase/3-wire | X | X | X |  |
| Three-phase/3-wire | X |  | X |  |
| Three-phase/4-wire | X | X | X |  |
| Single-phase/2-wire branched <br> from single-phase/3-wire | X | X |  |  |
| Single-phase/3-wire + <br> Single-phase/2-wire |  |  |  |  |

It is possible to set to skip display of unnecessary circuits by active display setting. (Refer to page 12.)

## ISWITCH MEASUREMENT VALUE

Switch to next measurement value with $\nabla$ button, and to previous measurement value with $\triangle$ button.
Press $\mathbb{V}$ button on the last measurement value to switch the first measurement value. Press $\triangle$ button on the first measurement value to switch the last measurement value.


## ■ DISPLAY RANGE OF MEASUREMENT VALUE

For energy value, power value, current value, and voltage value, when display range is set to AUTO, the range that the displayed value can be within is automatically selected.
It is also possible to fix display range by changing the setting except for AUTO. (Refer to page 16.)
When display range is fixed, for energy value, the digit in display range is displayed. For power value, current value, and voltage value, upper limit value is displayed when it is over the range, and lower limit value is displayed when it is lower than the range.

- Energy value display

| Setting value | Range | Display example |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| AUTO | 0.00 to 999.99 kWh | 100.00 KWH |
|  | 1000.0 to 9999.9 kWh | 1000.0 KWH |
|  | 10.000 to 99.999 MWh | 10.000 MWH |
|  | 100.00 to 999.99 MWh | 100.00 MWH |
|  | 1000.0 to 9999.9 MWh | 1000.0 MWH |
| 0.00 K | 0.00 to 999.99 kWh | $567.89 \mathrm{KWH}{ }^{* 1}$ |
| 0.0 K | 0.0 to 9999.9 kWh | $4567.8 \mathrm{KWH}{ }^{* 1}$ |
| 0 K | 0 to 99999 kWh | $34567 \mathrm{KWH}{ }^{* 1}$ |
| 0.000 M | 0.000 to 99.999 MWh | $34.567 \mathrm{MWH}{ }^{* 1}$ |
| 0.00 M | 0.00 to 999.99 MWh | $234.56 \mathrm{MWH}{ }^{* 1}$ |
| 0.0 M | 0.0 to 9999.9 MWh | $1234.5 \mathrm{MWH}{ }^{* 1}$ |

*1 This is a example when measurement value is 1234567.89 kWh . For energy, when measurement value is out of display range, the digit in display range is displayed.

- Power value display

| Setting value | Range | Display example |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| AUTO | -999.9 to -100.0 MW | -100.0 MW |
|  | -99.99 to -10.00 MW | -10.00 MW |
|  | -9999 to -1000 kW | -1000 KW |
|  | -999.9 to -100.0 kW | -100.0 KW |
|  | -99.99 to -10.00 kW | -10.00 KW |
|  | -9999 to -1000 W | -1000 W |
|  | -999.9 to 9999.9 W | 1000.0 W |
|  | 10.000 to 99.999 kW | 10.000 KW |
|  | 100.00 to 999.99 kW | 100.00 KW |
|  | 1000.0 to 9999.9 kW | 1000.0 KW |
|  | 10.000 to 99.999 MW | 10.000 MW |
|  | 100.00 to 999.99 MW | 100.00 MW |
| 0.0 | -999.9 to 9999.9 W | 1000.0 W |
| 0 | -9999 to 99999 W | 10000 W |
| 0.000 K | -9.999 to 99.999 kW | 10.000 KW |
| 0.00 K | -99.99 to 999.99 kW | 100.00 KW |
| 0.0 K | -999.9 to 9999.9 kW | 1000.0 KW |
| 0 K | -9999 to 99999 kW | 10000 KW |
| 0.000 M | -9.999 to 99.999 MW | 10.000 MW |
| 0.00 M | -99.99 to 999.99 MW | 100.00 MW |
| 0.0 M | -999.9 to 999.9 MW | 100.0 MW |

Note: Unit is displayed as active power "W". In case of reactive power or apparent power, replace the unit with var "VA".

## - Current value display

| Setting value | Range | Display example |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| AUTO | 0.000 to 99.999 A | 10.000 A |
|  | 100.00 to 999.99 A | 100.00 A |
|  | 1000.0 to 9999.9 A | 1000.0 A |
|  | 10.000 to 99.999 kA | 10.000 KA |
| 0.000 | 0.000 to 99.999 A | 10.00 A |
| 0.00 | 0.00 to 999.99 A | 100.00 A |
| 0.0 | 0.0 to 9999.9 A | 1000.0 A |
| 0 | 0 to 99999 A | 10000 A |
| 0.000 K | 0.000 to 99.999 kA | 10.000 KA |
| 0.00 K | 0.00 to 99.99 kA | 10.00 KA |
| 0.0 K | 0.0 to 99.9 kA | 10.0 KA |

- Voltage value display

| Setting value | Range | Display example |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| AUTO | 0.00 to 999.99 V | 100.00 V |
|  | 1000.0 to 9999.9 V | 1000.0 V |
|  | 10.000 to 99.999 kV | 10.000 KV |
|  | 100.00 to 999.99 kV | 100.00 KV |
| 0.00 | 0.00 to 999.99 V | 100.00 V |
| 0.0 | 0.0 to 9999.9 V | 1000.0 V |
| 0 | 0 to 99999 V | 10000 V |
| 0.000 K | 0.000 to 99.999 kV | 10.000 KV |
| 0.00 K | 0.00 to 999.99 kV | 100.00 KV |
| 0.0 K | 0.0 to 999.9 kV | 100.0 KV |

- Power factor value display

| Setting value | Range | Display example |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 0.000 | -1.000 to 1.000 | 1.000 PF |
| 0.00 | -1.00 to 1.00 | 1.00 PF |

- Frequency value display

| Setting value | Range | Display example |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 0.00 | 0.0040 .00 to 70.00 Hz | 60.00 HZ |
| 0.0 | 0.040 .0 to 70.0 Hz | 60.0 HZ |

- Conversion value display

| Setting value | Range | Display example |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
|  | 0.00 to 999.99 kg | $100.00 \mathrm{K.G}$ |
|  | 1000.0 to 9999.9 kg | $1000.0 \mathrm{K.G}$ |
|  | 10.000 to 99.999 t | 10.000 T |
|  | 100.00 to 999.99 t | 100.00 T |
|  | 1000.0 to 9999.9 t | 1000.0 T |

Note 1: For conversion value, the range is automatically selected so that the displayed value falls within.
Note 2: Conversion value unit is default K.G(kg). In this case, measurement value unit more than 10000 kg is displayed as $t$ (ton).

## ZERO DISPLAY OF EACH MEASUREMENT VALUE

Voltage value is displayed as 0 V when the voltage that is input to the device (secondary voltage when it is input via voltage transformer) is less than 11 V .
Current value is displayed as 0 A when it is less than the result of current cutout setting value $\times$ rated current value of CT sensor (in use of CLSE-R5, current value that is set to primary rated value of CT sensor).
Frequency is displayed as 0 Hz when input frequency setting value is U 1 N , and when frequency of ac voltage that is input between V1-N or between V1-V2 is less than 40 Hz .

## ■ CONVERSION VALUE

Active energy (incoming) multiplied by coefficient is displayed as conversion value.
Set coefficient and unit to use this as carbon dioxide emission or electricity bill.
Coefficient can be set from 0.000 to 99.999 , and unit can be set with any 4 letters at maximum. (Refer to page 12)

When active energy (incoming) rollovers from 9999999.99 kWh to 0.00 kWh , conversion value also returns to 0.00 .
The upper limit of conversion value is 9999999.99 . If it goes over the upper limit, it remains the upper limit value.

## ■ SWITCH THD DISPLAY

Press button during displaying current or voltage to switch to THD (total harmonic distortion) display of the measurement value.
Press button again to go back to original display.


## AUTO OFF

The display turns off after 10 minutes passed with no operation.
Press any button in auto-off state to go back to original state before auto-off.
If some system error occurs or loop test starts during auto-off state, ALARM segment flashes once in 5 minutes.
Press any button and check the device state.


The time until auto-off starts can be changed. Also the setting can be changed to remaining on continually. (Refer to page 16.)

## - SIMPLE MEASUREMENT

Current, active energy, and active power can be simply measured only by connecting with current sensor, without connecting with target voltage.
Instead of connecting with voltage, there are following specification and limitation.

1) Voltage is not measured. It is calculated with the assumption that the value which was set in VT primary rated value is input. (Refer to page 13.)
2) Current frequency can be used with the setting of measurement based on the voltage that was input in V1-N, fixed 50 Hz , or fixed 60 Hz . (Refer to page 13.)
3) Power factor is not measured. It is calculated with the assumption of the same value as set in power factor on simple measurement.
4) Reactive power, apparent power, reactive energy, and apparent energy are not calculated.
5) Accuracy of measurement result is not guaranteed. Use it as rough estimate.

Note: Refer to page 17 for simple measurement setting.

## - INTEGRATING PULSE OUTPUT

The device can output two types of integrating pulse, DO1 and DO2. It outputs from Do1a-Do1b and Do2a-Do2b terminal.
For DO1 and DO2 output, it is possible to set the energy type individually, or energy per 1 pulse. (Refer to page 15.)
Circuit A to D can be set individually whether to output integrating pulse to DO1 and DO2, and then output total energy of the circuits that were set to output.
Pulse is output with DO1 and DO2, and DO1 and DO2 segment flash after contact ON.


## ■ LOOP TEST

Communication setting or readout address setting can be checked if there is error or not, by replacing the measurement value with arbitrary number and reading out from upper Modbus device.
Loop test can be performed only with configurator software PMCFG.
The following LOOP TEST display appears alternately with measurement value during loop test.


## -SYSTEM ERROR

When system error occurs in the device, the following ERR display appears alternately with measurement value.


The number next to ERR shows the meaning of system error as follows.

| Display | Error meaning | Action |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Firmware corruption <br> Firmware saved in the device is corrupted. <br> The device is broken. | Repair is needed. |
| 2 | Calibration data corruption <br> Calibration data saved in the device at factory setting <br> is corrupted. <br> The device is broken. | Repair is needed. |
| 3 | Setting value corruption <br> Setting value saved in the device is corrupted. | Reset the setting value. (Refer to page 18, ) <br> However, setting value will be restored to initial state, so set- <br> ting is needed again. |
| 4 | Energy data corruption <br> Energy data saved in the device is corrupted. | Reset the energy. (Refer to page 18.) <br> However, all energy and integrating time become 0. |
| 6 | Statistics data corruption <br> Statistics data (maximum value and minimum value) <br> saved in the device is corrupted. | Reset maximum value and minimum value using configurator <br> software PMCFG. <br> However, all statistics data will be reset. |

## SETTING VALUE DISPLAY

## ■ BUTTON OPERATION

Long-press $d$ button on measurement value display to show setting value.


Press the following buttons to switch setting value display or change the setting value.

| Button operation | Action |
| :---: | :---: |
| >/MODE | Switch setting type. |
| , $\downarrow$ | Switch setting item. |
| Long-press | Change setting value. |
| + | Go back to measurement value display. |

## ■ SWITCH SETTING TYPE

Every time $>/ \operatorname{MODE}$ is pressed, setting type switches from A to $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{B}$ to C etc. It returns to setting type A after 9 .
After switching setting type, the initial display of each setting type appears whichever menu number was displayed before switching.


Setting type of circuits that are unmeasurable depending on system configuration is skipped, such as switching circuit on measurement value display.

There are following setting types.

| Setting type | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| A | Circuit A setting |
| B | Circuit B setting |
| C | Circuit C setting |
| D | Circuit D setting |
| 1 | Common setting for circuit A to D |
| 2 | Modbus communication setting |
| 3 | Energy pulse output setting |
| 4 | Display setting |
| 5 | Simple measurement setting |
| 6 | Calculation option setting |
| 9 | Maintenance setting |

## SWITCH SETTING ITEM

Switch to next setting item with $\triangle$ button, and to previous setting item with $\triangle$ button. Switch to the first setting item with $\checkmark$ button on the last setting item, and to the last setting item with $\triangle$ button on the first setting item.


## ■ CHANGE SETTING VALUE

Long-press button until the screen flashes twice to change setting value.
There are 2 ways to change setting value, selecting setting value from menu or changing each digit.

- Select setting value from menu

Long-press button to flash the setting value, then it can be changed.


| Button operation | Action |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\nabla$ | Switch to next menu |
| $\triangle$ | Switch to previous menu |
| Long-press | Confirm the change and return to setting value display |
| $\square$ | Cancel the change and return to setting value display |

- Change each digit

Long-press button to flash one digit of the setting value, then it can be changed.


| Button operation | Action |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\triangle$ | Add 1 to the flashing digit or switch to next letter |
| V | Subtract 1 from the flashing digit or switch to previous letter |
| $\triangle$ while pressing $\triangle$ IMODE | Move the flashing digit to the left |
| $\checkmark$ while pressing $\triangle$ IMODE | Move the flashing digit to the right |
| Long-press $\triangle$ | In case of number, increase the setting value by two significant figures. In case of letter, switch flashing digit to the next. Continue long-press to increase speed by three level. |
| Long-press 区 | In case of number, decrease the setting value by two significant figures. In case of letter, switch flashing digit to the previous. Continue long-press to increase speed by three level. |
| Long-press | Confirm the change and return to setting value display |
| + | Cancel the change and return to setting value display |

Regarding to increasing two significant figures, if $\triangle$ button continues to be long-pressed from 115, it increases such as $120,130,140 \ldots 980,990,1000,1100,1200 \ldots 9800,9900,10000,11000 \ldots$
After leaving the button, increasing stops in the state that third significant figure is flashing.
The five digits can be displayed at maximum, so setting value more than 5 digits cannot be displayed at a time.
Upper digits are preferentially displayed, so lower digits are overflowed.
During changing the setting value, the display range can be shifted in order to display overflowed digits by moving the flashing digit on the right end to the right.
In order to display the overflowed upper digits again, move the flashing digit on the left end to the left.

SETTING TYPE A, B, C, D (CIRCUIT A, B, C, D SETTING)

| MENU | Setting item | Description <br> A-1 <br> I <br> D-1 |  | ACTV |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| MENU | Setting item | Description | Default |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{A}-9 \\ \mathrm{D}-9 \end{gathered}$ | CHAR | Conversion value display unit <br> Set the unit that displays conversion value. <br> - 4 letters can be set at maximum combining the following letter. (space), K.(kilogram/with period), number 0 to 9, capital letter A to Z, /(slash), -(minus), +(plus), ${ }^{\circ}$ (superscript circle), 。(subscript circle). <br> - Space or K.(kilogram/with period) needs to be set to either 1st, 2nd, or 3rd letter except for the last letter. <br> - K.(kilogram/with period) can be set only for 1 letter. <br> - For the last letter, space or K.(kilogram/with period) cannot be set. <br> - When conversion value is more than 10000.00 , K.(kilogram/with period) is converted to M.(mega/with period). Space (the right end one when there are some spaces) is converted to K.(kilogram/with period). With the exception, K.G is converted to T(ton), not converted to M.G. |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{A}-\mathrm{A} \\ \mathrm{D}-\mathrm{A} \end{gathered}$ | 0WH | Reset energy <br> Long-press button to flash RESET on the line that setting value is displayed. <br> Next, long-press button again to reset energy of the circuit and return to setting value display. Just press button to cancel reset and return to setting value display. | - |

SETTING TYPE 1 (COMMON SETTING FOR CIRCUIT A, B, C, D)


■ SETTING TYPE 2 (Modbus COMMUNICATION SETTING)

| MENU | Setting item | Description |  | Default |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2-1 | UNO | Node address <br> Set the Modbus node address in the range from 1 to 247 . |  | 1 |
| 2-2 | BPS | Transmission speed Select transmission speed from the following. |  | 38400 |
|  |  | Menu item | Meaning |  |
|  |  | 1200 | 1200(bps) |  |
|  |  | 2400 | 2400(bps) |  |
|  |  | 4800 | 4800(bps) |  |
|  |  | 9600 | 9600(bps) |  |
|  |  | 19200 | 19200(bps) |  |
|  |  | 38400 | 38400(bps) |  |
| 2-3 | PRTY | Parity bit Select parity bit from the following. |  | ODD |
|  |  | Menu item | Meaning |  |
|  |  | NONE | No parity bit |  |
|  |  | ODD | Parity bit of odd number |  |
|  |  | EVEN | Parity bit of even number |  |
| 2-4 | S.BIT | Stop bit length <br> Select stop bit length from the following. |  | 1BIT |
|  |  | Menu item | Meaning |  |
|  |  | 1BIT | 1 bit |  |
|  |  | 2BIT | 2 bit |  |
| 2-5 | ORDR | Order of forwarding 32 bit word <br> Select order of forwarding 32 bit word ( 2 word) from the following. |  | NORML |
|  |  | Menu item | Meaning |  |
|  |  | NORML | Forward from lower to upper |  |
|  |  | SWAP | Forward from upper to lower |  |

Reboot the device to enable the change of Modbus communication setting. Refer to page 18 for rebooting the device.

■SETTING TYPE 3 (ENERGY OUTPUT SETTING)

| MENU | Setting item | Description |  | Default |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3-1 | ENE1 | DO1 output energy <br> Select from the following the energy type that output with DO1. |  | EP |
|  |  | Menu item | Meaning |  |
|  |  | EP | Active energy, incoming |  |
|  |  | EQ | Reactive energy, LAG |  |
|  |  | ES | Apparent energy |  |
|  |  | EP- | Active energy, outgoing |  |
|  |  | EQ- | Reactive energy, LEAD |  |
|  |  | EQ+LG | Reactive energy, incoming, LAG |  |
|  |  | EQ+LD | Reactive energy, incoming, LEAD |  |
|  |  | EQ-LG | Reactive energy, outgoing, LAG |  |
|  |  | EQ-LD | Reactive energy, outgoing, LEAD |  |
|  |  | EQ+P | Reactive energy, incoming |  |
|  |  | EQ-P | Reactive energy, outgoing |  |
|  |  | EQA | Reactive energy, (incoming + outgoing) |  |
| 3-2 | E/P1 | Energy per DO1 1 pulse <br> Set energy pulse that is output with DO1 in the range of 0.01 to $1000.00(\mathrm{kWh} / \mathrm{pulse}$, kvarh/ pulse, kVAh/pulse) |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.10 \\ (\mathrm{kWh} / \\ \text { pulse) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 3-3 | PLN1 | DO1 pulse width <br> Set energy pulse width that is output with DO1 in the range of $100-2000$ ( msec ) by 100 msec . This device outputs pulse so that both ON and OFF width are more than this setting value. |  | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{msec} .) \end{gathered}$ |
| 3-4 | MOD1 | DO1 operation mode <br> Select DO1 operation mode from the following. |  | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{O}$ |
|  |  | Menu item | Meaning |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{O}$ | Normal open |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C}$ | Normal close |  |
| 3-5 | ENE2 | DO2 output energy <br> Setting method is same as DO1 output energy. |  | $\mathrm{EQ}+\mathrm{P}$ |
| 3-6 | E/P2 | Energy per DO2 1 pulse <br> Setting method is same as energy per DO1 1 pulse. |  | $\begin{gathered} 0.10 \\ (\text { kvarh/ } \\ \text { pulse) } \end{gathered}$ |
| 3-7 | PLN2 | DO2 pulse width <br> Setting method is same as DO1 pulse width. |  | $\begin{gathered} 100 \\ (\mathrm{msec} .) \end{gathered}$ |
| 3-8 | MOD2 | DO2 operation mode <br> Setting method is same as DO1 operation mode. |  | $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{O}$ |

■SETTING TYPE 4 (DISPLAY SETTING)

| MENU | Setting item | Description | Default |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4-1 | DISP | Auto off setting <br> Select time until the display automatically turns off from the following. | $\begin{gathered} 10.0 \\ (\mathrm{~min}) \end{gathered}$ |
| 4-2 | D.BRT | Display brightness <br> Select display brightness from the following. | NORML |
| 4-3 | UKWH | Energy volume display range <br> Select energy volume display range from the following. <br> When energy value is out of display range, the upper limit value is not displayed. The digit in display range will be displayed. | AUTO |
| 4-4 | UPOW | Power display range <br> Select power display range from the following. <br> When power value is out of display range, upper limit value or lower limit value in display range is displayed. | AUTO |


| 4-5 | UAMP | Current display range <br> Select current display range from the following. |  | AUTO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Menu item | Meaning |  |
|  |  | AUTO | Switch display range automatically accoding to measurement value. |  |
|  |  | 0.000 | Display the range from 0.000 to 99.999 with three decimal digits. |  |
|  |  | 0.00 | Display the range from 0.00 to 999.99 with two decimal digits. |  |
|  |  | 0.0 | Display the range from 0.0 to 9999.9 with first decimal digit. |  |
|  |  | 0 | Display the range from 0 to 99999 with no decimal digit. |  |
|  |  | 0.000K | Display the range from 0.000 k to 99.999 k with three decimal digits. |  |
|  |  | 0.00K | Display the range from 0.00 k to 99.99 k with two decimal digits. |  |
|  |  | 0.0K | Display the range from 0.0 k to 99.9 k with first decimal digit. |  |
|  |  | When current value is out of display range, upper limit value of display range is displayed. |  |  |
| 4-6 | UVOL | Voltage display range <br> Select voltage display range from the following. |  | AUTO |
|  |  | Menu item | Meaning |  |
|  |  | AUTO | Switch display range automatically accoding to measurement value. |  |
|  |  | 0.00 | Display the range from 0.00 to 999.99 with two decimal digits. |  |
|  |  | 0.0 | Display the range from 0.0 to 9999.9 with first decimal digit. |  |
|  |  | 0 | Display the range from 0 to 99999 with no decimal digit. |  |
|  |  | $0.000 \mathrm{~K}$ | Display the range from 0.000 k to 99.999 k with three decimal digits. |  |
|  |  | 0.00K | Display the range from 0.00 k to 999.99 k with two decimal digits. |  |
|  |  | 0.0K | Display the range from 0.0 k to 999.9 k with first decimal digit. |  |
|  |  | When voltage value is out of display range, upper limit value of display range is displayed. |  |  |
| 4-7 | UPF | Power factor display range <br> Select power factor display range from the following. |  | 0.000 |
|  |  | Menu item | Meaning |  |
|  |  | 0.000 | Display the range from -1.000 to 1.000 with three decimal digits. |  |
|  |  | 0.00 | Display the range from -1.00 to 1.00 with two decimal digits. |  |
| 4-8 | UHZ | Frequency display range <br> Select frequency display range from the following. |  | 0.00 |
|  |  | Menu item | Meaning |  |
|  |  | 0.00 | Display the range from 0.00 / 40.00 to 70.00 with two decimal digits. |  |
|  |  | 0.0 | Display the range from 0.0 / 40.0 to 70.0 with first decimal digit. |  |

- SETTING TYPE 5 (SIMPLE MEASUREMENT SETTING)

| MENU | Setting item | Description |  | Default |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5-1 | SMPL | Simple measurement setting <br> Select whether to perform simple measurement or not from the following. |  | OFF |
|  |  | Menu item | Meaning |  |
|  |  | OFF | Do not perform simple measurement. (normal measurement) |  |
|  |  | ON | Perform simple measurement. |  |
| 5-2 | S-PF | Power factor a <br> Set power factor <br> It can be display | imple measurement. at simple measurement in the range of 0.0000 to 1.0000 . d and set only when the simple measurement setting is ON. | 1.0000 |

SETTING TYPE 6 (CALCULATION OPTION SETTING)

| MENU | Setting item | Description |  | Default |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6-1 | P.SIG | Power factor P Select how to | ign <br> de power factor PF sign from the following. <br> Meaning <br> Positive in incoming active power, Negative in outgoing active power. <br> Positive in LAG (inductive), Negative in LEAD (capacitive). | IEC |
| 6-2 | Q.SIG | Reactive powe <br> Select how to <br> Menu item <br> IEC <br> SPC | Q sign <br> de reactive power $Q$ sign from the following. <br> Meaning <br> Positive from [ $\mathrm{PF}=1.0$ ] to $180^{\circ}$ in LAG direction; Negative for the other direction. <br> Identical to IEC method in incoming power; Positive-negative inverted in outgoing power. | IEC |
| 6-3 | QN.CL | Phase reactive Select how to <br> Menu item <br> VECT <br> SIGMA <br> In conjuction w power switches. | wer Qn <br> ulate phase reactive power ( Qn ) from the following. <br> Meaning <br> Calculate using vector method. $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Qn}=\sqrt{\mathrm{Sn}^{2}-\mathrm{Pn}^{2}} \\ & \mathrm{Sn}=\mathrm{In} \cdot \mathrm{Un} \end{aligned}$ <br> Calculate using reactive power method. $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Qn}=\frac{1}{\mathrm{Nsmp}} \sum_{\mathrm{i}=1}^{\mathrm{Nsmp}}\left(\mathrm{Un}_{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{UN}_{\mathrm{i}}\right) \cdot \mathrm{In}_{\mathrm{i}+(\mathrm{Nsmp} / 4)} \\ & \mathrm{Sn}=\sqrt{\mathrm{Pn}^{2}+\mathrm{Qn}^{2}} \end{aligned}$ <br> calculating phase reactive power, how to calculate each phase apparent | SIGMA |
| 6-4 | S.CAL | Apparent powe Select how to <br> Menu item <br> VECT <br> SIGMA | ulate apparent power from the following. <br> Meaning <br> Calculate using active power and reactive power. $\mathrm{Sn}=\sqrt{\mathrm{P}^{2}-\mathrm{Q}^{2}}$ <br> Add each phase apparent power. $\mathrm{S}=\mathrm{S} 1+\mathrm{S} 2+\mathrm{S} 3$ | VECT |

SETTING TYPE 9 (MAINTENANCE SETTING)

| MENU | Setting item | Description | Default |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9-1 | F.VER | Firmware version <br> Firmware version is displayed on the line that displays setting value. This setting can only be displayed, and cannot be changed. | - |
| 9-2 | A.0WH | Reset energy for all circuits <br> Long-press button to flash RESET on the line that displays setting value. Next, long-press button to reset energy of all circuits and return to setting value display. Just press button to cancel reset and return to setting value display. | - |
| 9-3 | INIT | Initialize settings <br> Long-press button to flash RESET on the line that displays setting value. Next, long-press button to reset all settings and return to setting value display. Just press button to cancel initializing and return to setting value display. | - |
| 9-4 | DEV | Reboot the device <br> Long-press button to flash RESET on the line that displays setting value. <br> Next, long-press button to reboot the device. <br> Just press button to cancel rebooting the device and return to setting value display. | - |

## MODBUS - BASICS

■ COMMUNICATION PROPERTY
This device conforms with Modbus-RTU protocol (MODBUS APPLICATION PROTOCOL V1.1a / Modbus over Serial Line Specification \& Implementation Guide V1.0).
The following communication parameters are selectable.

| COMM. PROPERTY | SELECTION |
| :--- | :--- |
| Modbus address (Node address) | 1 to 247 |
| Baud rate | 1200 bps |
|  | 2400 bps |
|  | 4800 bps |
|  | 9600 bps |
|  | 19200 bps |
|  | $38400 \mathrm{bps}\left(^{*}\right)$ |
| Parity bit | None |
|  | Odd (*) |
|  | Even |
| Stop bit | 1 bit $\left(^{*}\right)$ |
|  | 2 bits |
| Protocol | Modbus-RTU |

(*) Factory setting

## ■SUPPORTED COMMANDS

When appropriately set, the host PC connected via RS-485 can read measurands from and write configurations (setting) to the device.
All registers are assigned to Read Holding Registers, can be read out using this command. If reading an address with no assigned register is attempted, ' 0 ' is given.
Write Multiple Registers command is used to write registers. If writing an address with no assigned register is attempted,
'Exception' is given.

| FUNCTION CODE | COMMAND | RECOMMENDED TIME OUT VALUE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 03 | Read Holding Registers | 0.5 sec. |
| 04 | Read Input Resisters | 0.5 sec. |
| 16 | Write Multiple Registers | 2 sec. |

These commands enable reading measurands and writing configurations.
One (1) word registers are represented in 16 -bit integers, while two (2) word registers are in 32-bit. All registers are in the form of integer unless specifically given in the explanations.
The lower digit word in a 32-bit register is assigned to the lower address ( n ), while the upper digit word is assigned to the higher address ( $\mathrm{n}+1$ ).
The 32-bit register must be read out and written in single command sequence.
This order can be changed from setting -> long register. (Refer to page 14.)

It is recommended to wait for a time period indicated under 'recommended time out value' in the above table to receive a response for a command. If no response is received for these time periods, take appropriate error processing such as retrying.

## MODBUS - OPERATIONS

■MODBUS REGISTER ACCESS SETTING

| ADDR. | WORD | PARAMETER |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| 4945 | 1 | Modbus register access setting <br> $0:$ Write disable (*) |
|  |  | $1:$ Write enable |
| $2:$ Write enable the count values |  |  |
|  |  | Other : Write disable <br> This setting is erased when the power supply to the unit is removed. It always starts with ' 0 ' (Write disable) |
|  |  | when the power supply is turned on. Set ' 1 ' or ' 2 ' before starting writing at other registers. <br> In order to write a count value (e.g. active energy), set ' 2 ' at this register address. When it is set, the unit <br> stops counting so that a new count value can be written in the register address. Be careful to use ' 2 ' set- <br> ting because no counting will be performed if the unit remains with this setting. |
|  |  |  |

(*) Factory setting


## MODBUS - MEASURED VARIABLES

## ■ UNITS OF MEASURED VARIABLES

Measured variables, except for the nth harmonic distortion, are read out as signed 32-bit integer.
Each variable has different engineering unit (Refer to the table below). For example, when 40000 is read at the address 41 for the $1-\mathrm{N}$ delta voltage, the actual voltage value equals to $400.0 \mathrm{~V}=40000 \times 0.01$, as the engineering unit for this item is V/100 (0.01V).
Readable range for each parameter depends upon the parameter type, as shown in the table below. For example, Current unit is applied to Line current or Neutral current, and Voltage unit is applied to the $1-\mathrm{N}$ delta voltage or the minimum value voltage.

| PARAMETER | UNIT | RANGE |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Current | mA | 0 to 2000000000 mA |
| Voltage | $\mathrm{V} / 100$ | 0 to 20000000.00 V |
| Active power | $\mathrm{W} / 10$ | -200000000.0 to 200000000.0 W |
| Reactive power | $\mathrm{var} / 10$ | -200000000.0 to 200000000.0 var |
| Apparent power | $\mathrm{VA} / 10$ | 0 to 200000000.0 VA |
| Power factor | $1 / 10000$ | -1.0000 to 1.0000 |
| Frequency | $\mathrm{Hz} / 100$ | 0 or 40.00 Hz to 70.00 Hz |
| Active energy | $\mathrm{kWh} / 100$ | 0 to $9999999.99 \mathrm{kWh} * 1$ |
| Reactive energy | $\mathrm{kvarh} / 100$ | 0 to $9999999.99 \mathrm{kvarh} * 1$ |
| Apparent energy | $\mathrm{kVAh} / 100$ | 0 to $9999999.99 \mathrm{kVAh} * 1$ |
| Energy count time | $\mathrm{h} / 100$ | 0 to 9999999.99 hours*1 |
|  | 0 to $9999999.99^{* 2}$ <br> A value multiplied active energy by coefficient set by PMCFG. <br> By setting the converted CO2 value and the unit price of electricity as coeffi- <br> cients, the desired value can be aggregated. |  |
| Converted value |  |  |

*1. Reset to 0 when exceeding the max. value, count is continued.
*2. A value multiplied active energy by coefficient. Reset to 0 at the same time when active energy resets to 0 .
■RELATION BETWEEN WIRING AND CIRCUIT

| WIRING | COMMON | CIRCUIT A | CIRCUIT B | CIRCUIT C | CIRCUIT D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Single-phase/2-wire 4-circuit | Single-phase/ 2-wire | Single-phase/ 2-wire | Single-phase/ 2-wire | Single-phase/ 2-wire | Single-phase/ 2-wire |
| Single-phase/two-wire branched from single-phase/three-wire 4-circuit | Single-phase/ 3-wire | Single-phase/ 2-wire | Single-phase/ 2-wire | Single-phase/ 2-wire | Single-phase/ 2-wire |
| Single-phase/3-wire + Single-phase/2-wire 2-circuit | Single-phase/ 3-wire | Single-phase/ 3-wire | - | Single-phase/ 2-wire | Single-phase/ 2-wire |
| Single-phase/3-wire 2-circuit | Single-phase/ 3-wire | Single-phase/ 3-wire | - | Single-phase/ 3-wire | - |
| Three-phase/3-wire 2-circuit | Three-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 3-wire | - | Three-phase/ 3-wire | - |
| Three-phase/4-wire | Three-phase/ 4-wire | Three-phase/ 4-wire | - | - | - |

For example, when "single-phase/three-wire x $1+$ single-phase/two-wire 2 -circuit" is set for the wiring, to read the momentary value common for circuits, the value can be read from addresses with X in the column of single-phase $/ 3$-wire of the table of momentary value common for circuits.
To read the momentary value of circuit D , the value can be read from addresses with X in the column of circuit D of the table of momentary value of momentary value of each circuit (single-phase/ 2 -wire).

■ MOMENTARY VALUE COMMON FOR CIRCUITS

| ADDRESS | WORD <br> LENGTH | PARAMETER | WIRING |  |  |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Single-phase/ 2-wire | Single-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 4-wire |  |
| 13 | 2 | Frequency | X | X | X | X | Hz/100 |
| 41 | 2 | Delta voltage, 1-2 |  |  | X | X | V/100 |
| 43 | 2 | Delta voltage, 2-3 |  |  | X | X | V/100 |
| 45 | 2 | Delta voltage, 3-1 |  | X | X | X | V/100 |
| 47 | 2 | Phase voltage, Phase 1 (Delta voltage, 1 - N) | X | X | X*1 | X | V/100 |
| 49 | 2 | Phase voltage, Phase 2 <br> (Delta voltage, $2-\mathrm{N}$ ) |  |  | X*1 | X | V/100 |
| 51 | 2 | Phase voltage, Phase 3 (Delta voltage, $3-\mathrm{N}$ ) |  | X | $\mathrm{X}^{* 1}$ | X | V/100 |

*1. The phase voltages from the virtual N line, which is the center of lines 1,2 , and 3 , can be read out.
N line is not connected, it may differ from the actual phase voltage.
■ MOMENTARY VALUE OF EACH CIRCUIT (Single-phase/3-wire, three-phase/3-wire, and three-phase/4-wire)

| ADDRESS |  | WORD LENGTH | PARAMETER | WIRING |  |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Circuit A | Circuit C |  |  | Single-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 4-wire |  |
| 33 | 4033 | 2 | Current, Line 1 | X | X | X | mA |
| 35 | 4035 | 2 | Current, Line 2 |  | $\mathrm{X}^{* 1}$ | X | mA |
| 37 | 4037 | 2 | Current, Line 3 | X | X | X | mA |
| 39 | 4039 | 2 | Neutral current | $\mathrm{X}^{* 1}$ |  | X*3 | mA |
| 5 | 4005 | 2 | Active power | X | X | X | W/10 |
| 7 | 4007 | 2 | Reactive power | X | X | X | var/10 |
| 9 | 4009 | 2 | Apparent power | X | X | X | VA/10 |
| 11 | 4011 | 2 | Power factor | X | X | X | 1/10 000 |
| 53 | 4053 | 2 | Active power, Phase 1 | X | $\mathrm{X}^{* 2}$ | X | W/10 |
| 55 | 4055 | 2 | Active power, Phase 2 |  | X*2 | X | W/10 |
| 57 | 4057 | 2 | Active power, Phase 3 | X | X*2 | X | W/10 |
| 59 | 4059 | 2 | Reactive power, Phase 1 | X | X*2 | X | var/10 |
| 61 | 4061 | 2 | Reactive power, Phase 2 |  | X*2 | X | var/10 |
| 63 | 4063 | 2 | Reactive power, Phase 3 | X | X*2 | X | var/10 |
| 65 | 4065 | 2 | Apparent power, Phase 1 | X | X*2 | X | VA/10 |
| 67 | 4067 | 2 | Apparent power, Phase 2 |  | X*2 | X | VA/10 |
| 69 | 4069 | 2 | Apparent power, Phase 3 | X | X*2 | X | VA/10 |
| 71 | 4071 | 2 | Power factor, Phase 1 | X | X*2 | X | 1/10 000 |
| 73 | 4073 | 2 | Power factor, Phase 2 |  | X*2 | X | 1/10 000 |
| 75 | 4075 | 2 | Power factor, Phase 3 | X | $\mathrm{X}^{* 2}$ | X | 1/10 000 |

* 1 . The value calculated based on the input of 1 -wire current and 3 -wire current. It may differ from the actual current value.
*2. The calculation process of three phase energy can be read out. Each operation result has no meaning.
*3. The value calculated based on the input of 1 -wire current, 2 -wire current and 3 -wire current. It may differ from the actual current value.

■ MOMENTARY VALUE OF EACH CIRCUIT (Single-phase/2-wire)

| ADDRESS |  |  |  | PARD LENGTH |  | PAMETER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Circuit A | Circuit B | Circuit C | Circuit D |  | UNIT |  |
| 33 | 35 | 4033 | 4035 | 2 | Current | mA |
| 53 | 55 | 4053 | 4055 | 2 | Active power | $\mathrm{W} / 10$ |
| 59 | 61 | 4059 | 4061 | 2 | Reactive power | $\mathrm{var} / 10$ |
| 65 | 67 | 4065 | 4067 | 2 | Apparent power | $\mathrm{VA} / 10$ |
| 71 | 73 | 4071 | 4073 | 2 | Power factor | $1 / 10000$ |

## ENERGY OF EACH CIRCUIT

Writing the following registers enables energy presetting.
Set Modbus Register Access in order to write in the energy and fractions.

| ADDRESS |  |  |  | WORD LENGTH |  | UNAMETER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Circuit A | Circuit B | Circuit C | Circuit D |  | $\mathrm{kWh} / 100$ |  |
| 129 | 161 | 4129 | 4161 | 2 | Active energy, incoming | $\mathrm{kvarh} / 100$ |
| 131 | 163 | 4131 | 4163 | 2 | Reactive energy, LAG | $\mathrm{kVAh} / 100$ |
| 133 | 165 | 4133 | 4165 | 2 | Apparent energy | $\mathrm{kWh} / 100$ |
| 135 | 167 | 4135 | 4167 | 2 | Active energy, outgoing | $\mathrm{kvarh} / 100$ |
| 137 | 169 | 4137 | 4169 | 2 | Reactive energy, LEAD | $\mathrm{kvarh} / 100$ |
| 139 | 171 | 4139 | 4171 | 2 | Reactive energy, incoming, LAG | $\mathrm{kvarh} / 100$ |
| 141 | 173 | 4141 | 4173 | 2 | Reactive energy, incoming, LEAD | $\mathrm{kvarh} / 100$ |
| 143 | 175 | 4143 | 4175 | 2 | Reactive energy, outgoing, LAG | $\mathrm{kvarh} / 100$ |
| 145 | 177 | 4145 | 4177 | 2 | Reactive energy, outgoing, LEAD | $\mathrm{h} / 100$ |
| 147 | 179 | 4147 | 4179 | 2 | Energy count time | $\mathrm{kvarh} / 100$ |
| 149 | 181 | 4149 | 4181 | 2 | Reactive energy, incoming | $\mathrm{kvarh} / 100$ |
| 151 | 183 | 4151 | 4183 | 2 | Reactive energy, outgoing | $\mathrm{Specified} \mathrm{unit/100}$ |
| 153 | 185 | 4153 | 4185 | 2 | Converted value | $\mathrm{kvarh} / 100$ |
| 155 | 187 | 4155 | 4187 | 2 | Reactive energy, (incoming + outgoing) |  |

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION COMMON FOR CIRCUITS

| ADDRESS | WORD LENGTH | PARAMETER | WIRING |  |  |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Single-phase/ 2-wire | Single-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 4-wire |  |
| 1289 | 2 | Delta voltage total harmonic distortion, 1 - 2 |  |  | X | X | \%/10 |
| 1291 | 2 | Delta voltage total harmonic distortion, 2 - 3 |  |  | X | X | \%/10 |
| 1293 | 2 | Delta voltage total harmonic distortion, 3-1 |  | X | X | X | \%/10 |
| 1295 | 2 | Phase voltage total harmonic distortion, Phase 1 | X | X |  | X | \%/10 |
| 1297 | 2 | Phase voltage total harmonic distortion, Phase 2 |  |  |  | X | \%/10 |
| 1299 | 2 | Phase voltage total harmonic distortion, Phase 3 |  | X |  | X | \%/10 |

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION OF EACH CIRCUIT (Single-phase/3-wire, three-phase/3-wire, and three-phase/4-wire)

| ADDRESS |  | WORD LENGTH | PARAMETER | WIRING |  |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Circuit A | Circuit C |  |  | Single-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 4-wire |  |
| 1281 | 8281 | 2 | Current total harmonic distortion, Line 1 | X | X | X | \%/10 |
| 1283 | 8283 | 2 | Current total harmonic distortion, Line 2 |  | X | X | \%/10 |
| 1285 | 8285 | 2 | Current total harmonic distortion, Line 3 | X | X | X | \%/10 |
| 1287 | 8287 | 2 | Neutral current total harmonic distortion | X |  | X | \%/10 |

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION OF EACH CIRCUIT (Single-phase/2-wire)

| ADDRESS |  |  |  | WORD LENGTH |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Circuit A | Circuit B | Circuit C | Circuit D |  | UNIT |
| 1281 | 1283 | 8281 | 8283 | 2 | Current total harmonic distortion |

■ HARMONIC COMMON FOR CIRCUITS

| ADDRESS | WORD <br> LENGTH | PARAMETER | WIRING |  |  |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Single-phase/ 2-wire | Single-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 4-wire |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1793 \\ : \\ 1822 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ : \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | Delta voltage harmonic, $1-2$, 2nd <br> Delta voltage harmonic, $1-2,31$ st |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ : \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \% / 10 \\ : \\ \% / 10 \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1857 \\ : \\ 1886 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ : \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | Delta voltage harmonic, 2-3, 2nd <br> Delta voltage harmonic, $2-3$, 31st |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ : \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \% / 10 \\ \vdots \\ \% / 10 \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1821 \\ : \\ 1950 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ : \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | Delta voltage harmonic, 3-1, 2nd <br> Delta voltage harmonic, 3-1,31st |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \% / 10 \\ : \\ \% / 10 \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1985 \\ : \\ 2014 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ : \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | Phase voltage harmonic, Phase 1, 2nd <br> Phase voltage harmonic, Phase 1, 31st | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ : \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ : \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \% / 10 \\ \vdots \\ \% / 10 \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2049 \\ : \\ 2078 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ : \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | Phase voltage harmonic, Phase 2, 2nd <br> Phase voltage harmonic, Phase 2, 31st |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \% / 10 \\ : \\ \% / 10 \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 2113 \\ : \\ 2142 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ : \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | Phase voltage harmonic, Phase 3, 2nd <br> Phase voltage harmonic, Phase 3, 31st |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \dot{x} \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \% / 10 \\ \vdots \\ \% / 10 \end{gathered}$ |

■ HARMONIC OF EACH CIRCUIT (Single-phase/3-wire, three-phase/3-wire, and three-phase/4-wire)

| ADDRESS |  | WORD <br> LENGTH | PARAMETER | WIRING |  |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Circuit A | Circuit C |  |  | Single-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 4-wire |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 1537 \\ : \\ 1566 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8537 \\ : \\ 8566 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ : \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | Current harmonic, Line 1, 2nd <br> Current harmonic, Line 1, 31st | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \% / 10 \\ : \\ \% / 10 \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1601 \\ : \\ 1630 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8601 \\ : \\ 8630 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ : \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | Current harmonic, Line 2, 2nd <br> Current harmonic, Line 2, 31st |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ : \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \% / 10 \\ \vdots \\ \% / 10 \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1665 \\ : \\ 1694 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8665 \\ : \\ 8694 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 \\ : \\ 1 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Current harmonic, Line 3, 2nd <br> Current harmonic, Line 3, 31st | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \% / 10 \\ \vdots \\ \% / 10 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} 1729 \\ : \\ 1758 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8729 \\ : \\ 8758 \end{gathered}$ | $1$ | Neutral current harmonic, 2nd <br> Neutral current harmonic, 31st | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{X} \\ \vdots \\ \mathrm{X} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \% / 10 \\ : \\ \% / 10 \end{gathered}$ |

-TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION OF EACH CIRCUIT (Single-phase/2-wire)

| ADDRESS |  |  |  |  | PARAMETER |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Circuit A | Circuit B | Circuit C | Circuit D |  |  |  |
| 1537 | 1601 | 8537 | 8601 | 1 | Current harmonic, 2nd | $\% / 10$ |
| $:$ | $:$ | $:$ | $:$ | $:$ | $:$ | $\% / 10$ |
| 1566 | 1630 | 8566 | 8630 | 1 | Current harmonic, 31 st |  |

■ MAXIMUM / MINIMUM VALUE COMMON FOR CIRCUITS

| ADDRESS | WORD LENGTH | PARAMETER | WIRING |  |  |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Single-phase/ 2-wire | Single-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 4-wire |  |
| 781 | 2 | Frequency MAX | X | X | X | X | Hz/100 |
| 809 | 2 | Delta voltage MAX, 1 -2 |  |  | X | X | V/100 |
| 811 | 2 | Delta voltage MAX, 2-3 |  |  | X | X | V/100 |
| 813 | 2 | Delta voltage MAX, 3-1 |  | X | X | X | V/100 |
| 815 | 2 | Phase voltage MAX, Phase 1 | X | X | X | X | V/100 |
| 817 | 2 | Phase voltage MAX, Phase 2 |  |  | X | X | V/100 |
| 819 | 2 | Phase voltage MAX, Phase 3 |  | X | X | X | V/100 |
| 873 | 2 | Delta voltage total harmonic distortion MAX, 1-2 |  |  | X | X | \%/10 |
| 875 | 2 | Delta voltage total harmonic distortion MAX, $2-3$ |  |  | X | X | \%/10 |
| 877 | 2 | Delta voltage total harmonic distortion MAX, 3-1 |  | X | X | X | \%/10 |
| 879 | 2 | Phase voltage total harmonic distortion MAX, Phase 1 | X | X |  | X | \%/10 |
| 881 | 2 | Phase voltage total harmonic distortion MAX, Phase 2 |  |  |  | X | \%/10 |
| 883 | 2 | Phase voltage total harmonic distortion MAX, Phase 3 |  | X |  | X | \%/10 |
| 941 | 2 | Frequency MIN | X | X | X | X | Hz/100 |
| 969 | 2 | Delta voltage MIN, 1 - 2 |  |  | X | X | V/100 |
| 971 | 2 | Delta voltage MIN, 2-3 |  |  | X | X | V/100 |
| 973 | 2 | Delta voltage MIN, 3-1 |  | X | X | X | V/100 |
| 975 | 2 | Phase voltage MIN, Phase 1 | X | X | X | X | V/100 |
| 977 | 2 | Phase voltage MIN, Phase 2 |  |  | X | X | V/100 |
| 979 | 2 | Phase voltage MIN, Phase 3 |  | X | X | X | V/100 |

■ MAX / MIN VALUE OF EACH CIRCUIT (Single-phase/3-wire, three-phase/3-wire, and three-phase/4-wire)

| ADDRESS |  | WORD <br> LENGTH | PARAMETER | WIRING |  |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Circuit A | Circuit C |  |  | Single-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 3-wire | Three-phase/ 4-wire |  |
| 801 | 2801 | 2 | Current MAX, Line 1 | X | X | X | mA |
| 803 | 2803 | 2 | Current MAX, Line 2 |  | X | X | mA |
| 805 | 2805 | 2 | Current MAX, Line 3 | X | X | X | mA |
| 807 | 2807 | 2 | Neutral current MAX | X |  | X | mA |
| 773 | 2773 | 2 | Active power MAX | X | X | X | W/10 |
| 775 | 2775 | 2 | Reactive power MAX | X | X | X | var/10 |
| 777 | 2777 | 2 | Apparent power MAX | X | X | X | VA/10 |
| 779 | 2779 | 2 | Power factor MAX | X | X | X | 1/10 000 |
| 821 | 2821 | 2 | Active power MAX, Phase 1 | X | X | X | W/10 |
| 823 | 2823 | 2 | Active power MAX, Phase 2 |  | X | X | W/10 |
| 825 | 2825 | 2 | Active power MAX, Phase 3 | X | X | X | W/10 |
| 827 | 2827 | 2 | Reactive power MAX, Phase 1 | X | X | X | var/10 |
| 829 | 2829 | 2 | Reactive power MAX, Phase 2 |  | X | X | var/10 |
| 831 | 2831 | 2 | Reactive power MAX, Phase 3 | X | X | X | var/10 |
| 833 | 2833 | 2 | Apparent power MAX, Phase 1 | X | X | X | VA/10 |
| 835 | 2835 | 2 | Apparent power MAX, Phase 2 |  | X | X | VA/10 |
| 837 | 2837 | 2 | Apparent power MAX, Phase 3 | X | X | X | VA/10 |
| 839 | 2839 | 2 | Power factor MAX, Phase 1 | X | X | X | 1/10 000 |
| 841 | 2841 | 2 | Power factor MAX, Phase 2 |  | X | X | 1/10 000 |
| 843 | 2843 | 2 | Power factor MAX, Phase 3 | X | X | X | 1/10 000 |
| 865 | 2865 | 2 | Current total harmonic distortion MAX, Line 1 | X | X | X | \%/10 |
| 867 | 2867 | 2 | Current total harmonic distortion MAX, Line 2 |  | X | X | $\% / 10$ |
| 869 | 2869 | 2 | Current total harmonic distortion MAX, Line 3 | X | X | X | \%/10 |
| 871 | 2871 | 2 | Neutral current total harmonic distortion MAX | X |  | X | \%/10 |
| 961 | 2961 | 2 | Current MIN, Line 1 | X | X | X | mA |
| 963 | 2963 | 2 | Current MIN, Line 2 |  | X | X | mA |
| 965 | 2965 | 2 | Current MIN, Line 3 | X | X | X | mA |
| 967 | 2967 | 2 | Neutral current MIN | X |  | X | mA |
| 933 | 2933 | 2 | Active power MIN | X | X | X | W/10 |
| 935 | 2935 | 2 | Reactive power MIN | X | X | X | var/10 |
| 937 | 2937 | 2 | Apparent power MIN | X | X | X | VA/10 |
| 939 | 2939 | 2 | Power factor MIN | X | X | X | 1/10 000 |
| 981 | 2981 | 2 | Active power MIN, Phase 1 | X | X | X | W/10 |
| 983 | 2983 | 2 | Active power MIN, Phase 2 |  | X | X | W/10 |
| 985 | 2985 | 2 | Active power MIN, Phase 3 | X | X | X | W/10 |
| 987 | 2987 | 2 | Reactive power MIN, Phase 1 | X | X | X | var/10 |
| 989 | 2989 | 2 | Reactive power MIN, Phase 2 |  | X | X | var/10 |
| 991 | 2991 | 2 | Reactive power MIN, Phase 3 | X | X | X | var/10 |
| 993 | 2993 | 2 | Apparent power MIN, Phase 1 | X | X | X | VA/10 |
| 995 | 2995 | 2 | Apparent power MIN, Phase 2 |  | X | X | VA/10 |
| 997 | 2997 | 2 | Apparent power MIN, Phase 3 | X | X | X | VA/10 |
| 999 | 2999 | 2 | Power factor MIN, Phase 1 | X | X | X | 1/10 000 |
| 1001 | 3001 | 2 | Power factor MIN, Phase 2 |  | X | X | 1/10 000 |
| 1003 | 3003 | 2 | Power factor MIN, Phase 3 | X | X | X | 1/10 000 |

■ MAX / MIN VALUE OF EACH CIRCUIT (Single-phase/2-wire)

| ADDRESS |  |  |  | WORD LENGTH | PARAMETER | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Circuit A | Circuit B | Circuit C | Circuit D |  |  |  |
| 801 | 803 | 2801 | 2803 | 2 | Voltage MAX | mA |
| 821 | 823 | 2821 | 2823 | 2 | Active power MAX | W/10 |
| 827 | 829 | 2827 | 2829 | 2 | Reactive power MAX | var/10 |
| 833 | 835 | 2833 | 2835 | 2 | Apparent power MAX | VA/10 |
| 839 | 841 | 2839 | 2841 | 2 | Power factor MAX | 1/10 000 |
| 865 | 867 | 2865 | 2867 | 2 | Current total harmonic distortion MAX | \%/10 |
| 961 | 963 | 2961 | 2963 | 2 | Current MIN | mA |
| 981 | 983 | 2981 | 2983 | 2 | Active power MIN | W/10 |
| 987 | 989 | 2987 | 2989 | 2 | Reactive power MIN | var/10 |
| 993 | 995 | 2993 | 2995 | 2 | Apparent power MIN | VA/10 |
| 999 | 1001 | 2999 | 3001 | 2 | Power factor MIN | 1/10 000 |

