### INSTRUCTION MANUAL

# **RTD TRANSMITTER** (field- and PC-configurable)

### **BEFORE USE ....**

Thank you for choosing us. Before use, please check contents of the package you received as outlined below. If you have any problems or questions with the product, please contact our sales office or representatives.

### ■ PACKAGE INCLUDES:

Signal conditioner(1)
I/O range and tag name label sheet(1)

### MODEL NO.

Confirm Model No. marking on the product to be exactly what you ordered.

### ■ INSTRUCTION MANUAL

This manual describes necessary points of caution when you use this product, including installation, connection and basic maintenance procedures. For detailed information, refer to the operating manual (EM-2662-B).

The M3LR with Option A is programmable using the PC configurator software. For detailed information on the PC configuration, refer to the M3LRCFG instruction manual. The M3LRCFG PC Configurator Software and operating manual are downloadable at our web site.

### **POINTS OF CAUTION**

### CONFORMITY WITH UL

- This equipment is suitable for use in a Pollution Degree 2 environment.
- DO NOT connect the RTD to circuits greater than 30Vrms and 42.4Vpeak or 60V DC.
- This equipment is to be used with the maximum operating voltage 30Vrms and 42.4Vpeak or 60V DC.
- The equipment must be mounted inside a suitable fire enclosure.
- $\bullet$  Operating temperature: -25 to +55°C (-13 to +131°F)

#### ■ CONFORMITY WITH EU DIRECTIVES

- The equipment must be mounted inside a panel.
- Insert noise filters for the power source, input and output connected to the unit. COSEL Model NAC-04-472, TDK Model ZCAT 3035-1330 or equivalent is recommended.
- The actual installation environments such as panel configurations, connected devices, connected wires, may affect the protection level of this unit when it is integrated in a panel system. The user may have to review the CE requirements in regard to the whole system and employ additional protective measures\* to ensure the CE conformity.
  - \* For example, installation of noise filters and clamp filters for the power source, input and output connected to the unit, etc.
- Install lightning surge protectors for those wires connected to remote locations.

### MODEL

M<sub>3</sub>LR

### POWER INPUT RATING & OPERATIONAL RANGE

• Locate the power input rating marked on the product and confirm its operational range as indicated below: 10 – 32V DC rating: 9 – 36V, approx. 3W

#### ■ GENERAL PRECAUTION

• Before you remove the unit or mount it, turn off the power supply and input signal for safety.

### ■ ENVIRONMENT

- Indoor use.
- When heavy dust or metal particles are present in the air, install the unit inside proper housing with sufficient ventilation.
- Do not install the unit where it is subjected to continuous vibration. Do not subject the unit to physical impact.
- Environmental temperature must be within -25 to +65°C (-13 to +149°F) with relative humidity within 0 to 95% RH in order to ensure adequate life span and operation.
- Be sure that the ventilation slits are not covered with cables, etc.

### ■ WIRING

- Do not install cables close to noise sources (relay drive cable, high frequency line, etc.).
- Do not bind these cables together with those in which noises are present. Do not install them in the same duct.

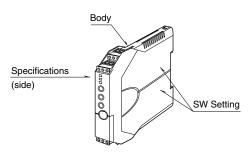
#### ■ AND ....

• The unit is designed to function as soon as power is supplied, however, a warm up for 10 minutes is required for satisfying complete performance described in the data sheet.

### LIGHTNING SURGE PROTECTION

We offer a series of lightning surge protector for protection against induced lightning surges. Please contact us to choose appropriate models.

### **COMPONENT IDENTIFICATION**

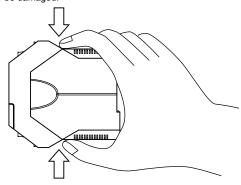


### ■ HOW TO OPEN THE COVER WHEN SETTING DIP SW

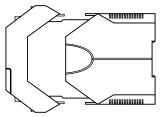
Hold at the top and bottom of the unit as shown below and slide the housing cover gently to open until it hits the latching inside the unit.

Caution:

Handle the cover carefully to protect internal components from damage. DO NOT pull beyond where the housing cover is latched. The plastic housing may be damaged.

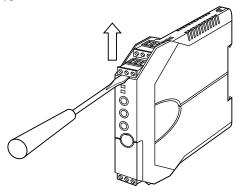


Housing Cover Fully Opened



#### ■ HOW TO SEPARATE THE EURO TYPE CONNECTOR TERMINAL BLOCKS

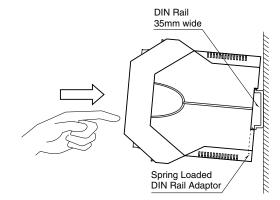
When you need to separate the euro type connector terminal blocks from the transmitter body for wiring, insert a minus driver between the euro type connector terminal block and the housing body, pull up the driver and pull out the euro type connector terminal block.



## INSTALLATION

### ■ DIN RAIL MOUNTING

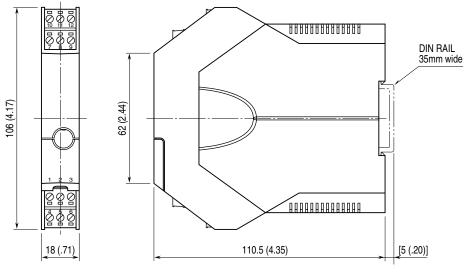
Set the unit so that its DIN rail adaptor is at the bottom. Position the upper hook at the rear side of the unit on the DIN rail and push in the lower. When removing the unit, push down the DIN rail adaptor utilizing a minus screwdriver and pull.



### **TERMINAL CONNECTIONS**

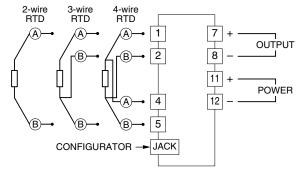
Connect the unit as in the diagram below or refer to the connection diagram on the side of the unit.

### EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS unit: mm (inch)



• When mounting, no extra space is needed between units.

### ■ CONNECTION DIAGRAM

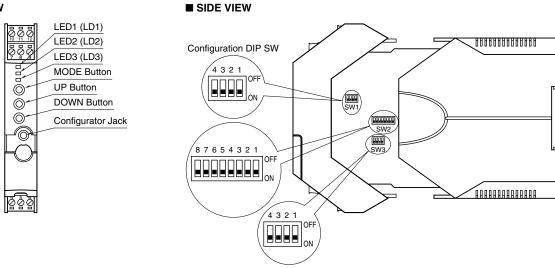


### ■ WIRING INSTRUCTIONS

• Applicable wi	re size				
Solid:	0.2 to 2.5 mm	<sup>2</sup> (0.55 to 1.75 dia.)			
Stranded:	0.2 to 2.5 mm	2			
	Tinning wire e	Tinning wire ends may cause contact failure			
	and therefore is	s not recommended.			
Ferruled:	$0.2$ to $1.5\ \mathrm{mm}$	<sup>2</sup> (0.55 to 1.35 dia.)			
	The following	Phoenix Contact termina	ls are		
	recommended:				
	AI 0,25-8YE	$0.2 \text{ to } 0.25 \text{ mm}^2$			
	AI 0,34-8TQ	$0.25 \text{ to } 0.34 \text{ mm}^2$			
	AI 0,5-8WH	$0.34 \text{ to } 0.5 \text{ mm}^2$			
	AI 0,75-8GY	$0.5 \text{ to } 0.75 \text{ mm}^2$			
	AI 1,0-8RD	$0.75 \text{ to } 1.0 \text{ mm}^2$			
	AI 1,5-8BK	1.0 to $1.5$ mm <sup>2</sup>			
• Expose wire	conductors by	8 mm (0.31").			
Wire exposure		Recommended			
	di	ierruled wire	j		
	4 mm dia max.	ferruled wire e	nax.		
			· ¥ =		
			+		
8 mm	Ť	8 mm	T		

### **EXTERNAL & INTERNAL VIEWS**

#### ■FRONT VIEW



The DIP switch setting is required to select output types before setting a precise output range using the PC configurator software.

### **CONFIGURATION MODE & DIP SW SETTINGS**

When you program the transmitter module, two configuration modes are available: Field Configuration using DIP SW / control buttons, and PC Software. (The Option B type is for the field configuration only.)

The internal DIP switches are used to configure input and output type. Once the module is configured, precise ranges are set up with the front control buttons using a simulator connected to the input terminals and a multimeter connected to the output terminals as a reference.

The calibrated input and output ranges are stored in the internal memory. The module reads the DIP-switch-calibrated configuration only once after the power supply is turned on. Set the switches with the power supply removed. Selectable I/O type and ranges are listed in Table 8 and 9.

#### ■ DIP SW CONFIGURATION MODE

Turn the SW2-8 OFF to enable the DIP SW (Field Configuration) mode as shown in Table 1.

See Table 3 to configure the input and Table 6 for the output.

#### ■ PC CONFIGURATION MODE

Turn the SW2-8 ON to enable the PC Configuration mode as shown in Table 1. All programmable features can be set up on a PC regardless of other DIP SW setting except that the output type must be selected with the DIP SW1-1 through SW1-4 (See Table 7).

For detailed information on the PC configuration, refer to the M3LRCFG instruction manual.

l	CONFIGURATION MODE (SW2) Table 1				
	MODE	SW2-8	Conformation mode can be Conformed		
	DIP SW	OFF	Configuration mode can be Confirmed with the front LED.		
	$\mathbf{PC}$	ON			

■ FRONT CONTROL BUTTON LOCK (SW2)	Table 2
Table 2 setting is applicable to firmware version	$2.02  \mathrm{or}$
high on (monthing on the product)	

nigner (marking on the product).			
LOCK	SW2-1	PC Configuration is not disabled	
Unlock Lock	0	when the front control button func- tion is locked.	

■ RTD TYPE (	Table 3			
RTD	SW2-7	SW2-6	SW2-5	SW2-4
Pt 100	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Pt 200	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
Pt 300	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
Pt 400	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
Pt 500	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
Pt 1000	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
Pt 50 $\Omega$	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
JPt 100	OFF	ON	ON	ON
Ni 100	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
Ni 120	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
Ni 508.4 $\Omega$	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
Ni-Fe 604	ON	OFF	ON	ON
Cu 10 @ 25°C	ON	ON	OFF	OFF

■ RTD WIRES (SW3	3)	Table 4
WIRES	SW3-4	SW3-3
2-wire	OFF	ON
3-wire	OFF	OFF
4-wire	ON	ON

BURNOUT (SW3)		Table 5
BURNOUT	SW3-2	SW3-1
No burnout Upscale Downscale	OFF OFF ON	ON OFF OFF

Table 8

Table 9

■ OUTPUT TYPE (SW2 & 1)					Table 6	
OUTPUT	SW2-3	SW2-2	SW1-4	SW1-3	SW1-2	SW1-1
0 – 20 mA	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
-2.5 – +2.5 V	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
-10 – +10 V	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF

■ OUTPUT TY	Table 7			
OUTPUT	SW1-4	SW1-3	SW1-2	SW1-1
0 – 20 mA	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
-2.5 - +2.5  V	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
-10 - +10  V	ON	OFF	ON	OFF

### ■ INPUT TYPE, RANGE & ACCURACY

°C °F RTD ACCURACY\*1 MIN. SPAN ACCURACY\*1 MIN. SPAN MAXIMUM RANGE MAXIMUM RANGE Pt 100 (JIS '97, IEC) 20 -200 to +850  $\pm 0.15$ 36 -328 to +1562  $\pm 0.27$ Pt 200 20-328 to +1562  $\pm 0.27$ -200 to +850  $\pm 0.15$ 36 Pt 300 20 -200 to +850  $\pm 0.15$ 36 -328 to +1562  $\pm 0.27$ Pt 400 20 -200 to +850  $\pm 0.15$ 36 -328 to +1562 ±0.27 Pt 500 20-200 to +850  $\pm 0.15$ 36 -328 to +1562  $\pm 0.27$ Pt 1000 20 36 -200 to +850  $\pm 0.15$ -328 to +1562  $\pm 0.27$ Pt 50 Ω (JIS '81) 36 20 -200 to +649 -328 to +1200  $\pm 0.27$  $\pm 0.15$ JPt 100 (JIS '89) 20 -200 to +510  $\pm 0.15$ 36 -328 to +950  $\pm 0.27$ Ni 100 20-80 to +260  $\pm 0.15$ 36 -112 to +500  $\pm 0.27$ Ni 120 20-80 to +260  $\pm 0.15$ 36 -112 to +500  $\pm 0.27$ ±0.27 Ni 508.4 $\Omega$ 20-50 to +200 36 -58 to +392  $\pm 0.15$ Ni-Fe 604 20-200 to +200  $\pm 0.15$ 36-328 to +392  $\pm 0.27$ Cu 10@25°C 20-50 to +250  $\pm 0.50$ 36 -58 to +482  $\pm 0.90$ 

\*1. Or  $\pm 0.1\%$  of span, which ever is greater.

If the selected output span equals to or narrower than the one-tenth of the maximum span, add 0.2%.

#### ■ OUTPUT TYPE & RANGE

OUTPUT TYPE	MINIMUM SPAN	MAXIMUM RANGE	CONFORMANCE RANGE
DC Current	1 mA	0 to 20 mA	0 to 24 mA
DC Voltage, Narrow Spans	250 mV	-2.5 to +2.5 V	-3 to +3 V
DC Voltage, Wide Spans	1 V	-10 to +10 V	-11.5 to +11.5 V

### CHECKING

- 1) Terminal wiring: Check that all cables are correctly connected according to the connection diagram.
- 2) DIP SW setting: Check that the switches are set to appropriate positions.
- 3) Power input voltage: Check voltage across the terminal 11 12 with a multimeter.
- 4) Input: Check that the input signal is within 0-100% of full-scale.

If the RTD wires are broken, the output goes over 100% (below 0% with downscale protection) due to burnout function.

Confirm the status indicator LED pattern and check leadwires in such a case.

5) Output: Check that the load resistance meets the described specifications.

### I/O RANGING & FINE ADJUSTMENTS

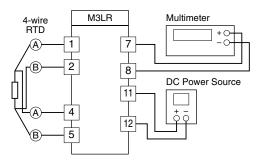
After the DIP SW setting is complete, set up the precise input and output range using the front control buttons. Be sure that the front control button function is enabled with the DIP switch setting.

After the DIP SW setting is complete, set up the precise input and output range using the front control buttons.

The front LEDs' colors and blinking patterns help you to easily identify the transmitter's status and confirm the setup actions in each step of Calibration Modes. Please read the following explanations referring to "Calibration Flow Chart".

#### ■ PREPARATION (e.g. M3LR-R4/A)

- 1) Mount the DIP-SW-configured M3LR on to a DIN rail.
- 2) Connect the M3LR to a reference resistor and a multimeter and to a DC power source as shown below.



3) Turn the power supply on and wait for 10 minutes.

### ■ INPUT & OUTPUT RANGING

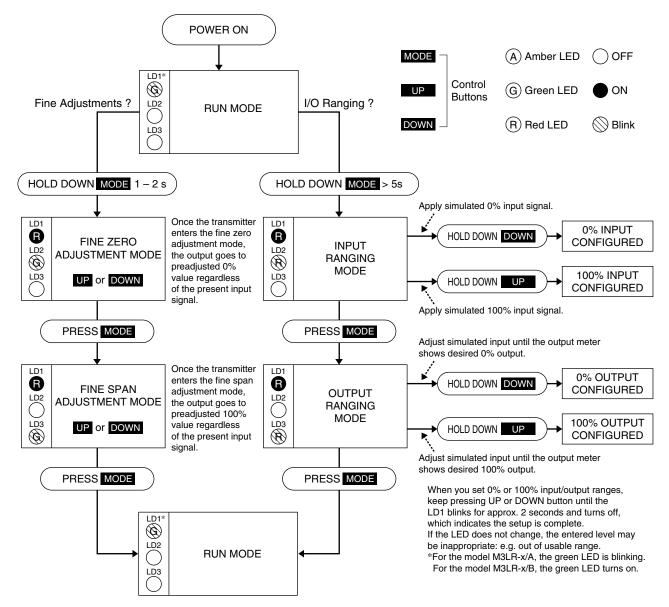
[Example] Setting the input to Pt 100, 0 – 100°C and the output to  $1-5\,V\,DC$ 

- 1) Run Mode: Confirm that the green LED is blinking (model M3LR-x/A) or the green LED turns on (model M3LRx/B).
- 2) Input Ranging Mode: Hold down MODE button for longer than 5 seconds until the LD1 red LED is ON and the LD2 red LED is blinking.
- 3) 0% Input Ranging: Apply the desired minimum input level (e.g. 100  $\Omega$ ) from the reference resistor and hold down DOWN button until the LD1 blinks for approx. 2 sec. and then turns OFF. When you release the button, the LD1 is returned to ON.

The blinking LD1 means that the value is stored in the memory. If the LED does not change, the entered level may be inappropriate: too small a span, or out of usable range (same for all steps).

- 4) 100% Input Ranging: Apply the desired maximum input level (e.g. 138.5  $\Omega$ ) from the reference resistor and hold down UP button until the LD1 blinks for approx. 2 sec. and then turns OFF. When you release the button, the LD1 is returned to ON.
- 5) Output Ranging Mode: Press MODE button and confirm that the LD3 red LED instead of LD2 is blinking.
- 6) 0% Output Ranging: Increase or decrease the simulated input until the meter shows the desired minimum output level (e.g. 1 V). Hold down DOWN button until the LD1 blinks for approx. 2 sec. and then turns OFF. When you release the button, the LD1 is returned to ON.
- 7) 100% Output Ranging: Increase or decrease the simulated input until the meter shows the desired maximum output level (e.g. 5 V). Hold down UP button until the LD1 blinks for approx. 2 sec. and then turns OFF. When you release the button, the LD1 is returned to ON.
- 8) Run Mode: When calibration is completed, press MODE button once and confirm that: the LD1 green LED is blinking in case of M3LR-x/A; and the LD1 green LED is ON in case of M3LR-x/B.

### ■ CALIBRATION FLOW CHART



#### ZERO & SPAN ADJUSTMENTS

After the transmitter is installed and operational, fine zero and span tuning can be performed as explained below. Both zero and span are adjustable within ±15%.

- 1) Run Mode: Confirm that the green LED is blinking (model M3LR-x/A) or the green LED turns on (model M3LR-x/B).
- 2) Fine Zero Adjustment Mode: Hold Down MODE button for 1 or 2 seconds until the LD1 red LED is ON and the LD2 green LED is blinking.

Use UP (increase) and DOWN (decrease) buttons to adjust the output to 0%.

3) Fine Span Adjustment Mode: Press MODE button and confirm that the LD3 green LED instead of LD2 is blinking.

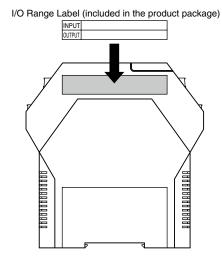
Use UP (increase) and DOWN (decrease) buttons to adjust the output to 100%.

- 4) Run Mode: When fine adjustment is completed, press MODE button once and confirm that: the LD1 green LED is blinking in case of M3LR-x/A; and the LD1 green LED is ON in case of M3LR-x/B.
- Note 1: Calibration steps can be skipped when not needed by repeating pushing MODE buttons.
- Note 2: There is no stated order of setting 0% and 100% levels or no limitation of entering values for multiple times within one step of Calibration Mode. Signal level is stored each time the respective UP or DOWN button is pressed.

### STATUS INDICATOR LED

### ■ I/O RANGE LABEL

Blank I/O range labels are included in the product package. Write in the configured ranges and put the label on the side as shown below.



Combinations of the three front LEDs (LD1, LD2, LD3) indicate the transmitter's operating status by different blinking patterns. Examples are shown below.	G Gr	nber LED OFF een LED ON ed LED Slink
NORMAL OPERATION (RUN) MODE		
LD1 PC Configuration RUN Mode (Option A)   LD2 The transmitter is configured via PC and   LD3 is in normal operating conditions.	DIP SW Configuration RUN M The transmitter is configured via is in normal operating condition	a DIP SW and
ERROR MODE		
LD1 LD2 LD2 LD2 LD3 LD3 LD3 LD3	DIP SW Error DIP SW configuration is inappro Check the DIP SW setting refer	•
Burnout in PC Configuration Mode (Option A)	Burnout in DIP SW Configura	tion Mode
LD1 Output Saturated in PC Configuration Mode   LD2 (Option A)   LD3 The output is below -15% or above 115%.	Output Saturated in DIP SW C The output is below -15% or ab	-
	y	